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Press & Tribune

CHICAGO.

FRIGHT OF THE DEMOCRATIC LEADERS.

A panic has seized the Democratic leaders in Washington. The nomination of Lincoln is an event for which they were not prepared. The evidences of his amazing popularity with the masses overwhelm them. Douglas, their strongest man in the Northwest, they perceive cannot carry a single State of that section as against Lincoln. Our Washington dispatches advise us of a movement to withdraw Douglas and concentrate upon some other man—probably Seymour of New York. We confess to having indulged a hope, since the nomination of Lincoln, that Douglas might be his competitor. We would like to see a fair trial of strength before the people, between the two men and the opposing principles which they represent, when an unfair apportionment could not give the victory to the defeated party, as was the case with Douglas in 1858. Nothing could please us better than to see Mr. Lincoln pitted against the Little Giant in a national fight. We still hope it may be done, but we fear that Mr. Douglas has no desire to come to time, and that his friends will not permit him to make the attempt, even if he has the temerity to undertake it. But beyond the matter of personal gratification, it makes but little difference as to who may be selected as the standard-bearer of the pro-slavery Democracy; for Honest Old Abe will distance him, whoever he may be, so badly that it will never be quite certain after the election that he was in the race at all.

OLD LINE WHIGS OF NEW YORK FOR LINCOLN.

The Old Line Whigs of the Empire State are everywhere coming to the support of "Old Abe" and the Chicago platform. They are firing salutes and huzzaing for him from one end of the State to the other. They will add 60,000 votes to the regular Republican strength. The Buffalo *Advertiser*, Fillmore's home organ, and the Albany *Statesman*, the State organ of the Old Liners, both hoist the Lincoln banner and give in their adhesion to Lincoln and Hamlin. In short, all the "American" papers in the State are out for the Lincoln ticket, except the N. Y. *Express*, which is pro-slavery—sympathizes with the slave-code Democracy. Persons who talk about New York being a "doubtful" State are not posted, that's all. New York will give a larger majority for Honest Old Abe than even Massachusetts. Mark the prediction.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

How the Nominations were Received at Washington—Everybody Jolly but the Democracy.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, May 18, 1860.

The news of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln at Chicago, when first received here about one o'clock to-day, was not credited. The Democrats had fully made up their minds that Seward was to be the man, and a dispatch from a prominent Republican member of Congress, dated an hour or two before the assembling of the Convention, had led the Republicans to believe that Seward was to be the man. To give you some idea of the *desire* to have Seward nominated, manifested by the Democracy, I will state that after the receipt of the N. Y. *Tribune* last night, containing Mr. Greeley's admission that he could not be defeated for the nomination, Democrats around the city freely discussed the policy to be pursued at Baltimore, and slates were made up based upon the calculation that Seward would be the Republican candidate. Mr. Bocock, of Virginia, the leader of the Democratic side of the House, after it was considered a sure thing for Seward, said that "Bates would have given the Democracy "trouble, but Lincoln would have been a great "deal worse for them."

I have before apprised you of the golden opin-

REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Speech of Hon. Hannibal Hamlin—Addresses from Senator Trumbull and Messrs. Campbell and Washburne.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, May 19.

At an early hour the Republican Association of this city was all alive, in consequence of their determination to serenade Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, nominated at Chicago as the candidate of the Republican party for Vice President of the United States. Mr. Hamlin occupies rooms at the Washington House, which was illuminated from garret to cellar.

At 9½ o'clock the procession arrived in front of the hotel, and was greeted with three lusty cheers. After the inspiring air, "Hail to the Chief," so familiar on similar occasions, had been performed by the band, loud calls were made for Mr. Hamlin.

SPEECH OF HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN.

Mr. Hamlin came forward, amidst great cheering, and spoke as follows:

FRIENDS AND FELLOW CITIZENS: Concurring with you fully in the great principles which have united us in political association, I am pleased to meet you on this occasion; and I unite my voice with yours most cordially in a tribute to a common cause. You have assembled to congratulate each other upon the doings of our recent Convention at Chicago, the result of which has come to us over the telegraphic wires. Of that position which has been assigned to me, you will allow me to say, that while I feel profoundly grateful for the honor it confers, and am duly sensible of the obligations it imposes, it was neither sought, expected, nor even desired. But as it has come unsolicited, it leaves me no alternative but to accept the responsibilities which attach to it, with an earnest hope and endeavor, that a cause more important than any man, will receive no detriment at my hands. But you have come to pay a tribute to our standard bearer, who has been taken from the Great West, where the star of empire is culminating, if it has not already culminated; a man of comprehensive and vigorous intellect, and fully equal to the position designated.

The architect of his own fortune, he comes to us most emphatically a representative man; not only a representative man as an able and earnest exponent of Republican principles, but as identified with the laboring and industrial classes. Having from early life, to the maturity of manhood, devoted himself to physical labor, he can, as he does, but feel a keener sense of the rights of labor. He stands before the country, too, with a high moral character, upon which even a suspicion was never breathed, and with a political integrity above reproach. The objects desired by the Republicans in the pending election, and the obligations imposed upon our candidate, are, to bring back the Government to the principles and practices of its fathers and founders, and to administer it in the light of their wisdom and example; to aid our commerce, to send it out upon distant seas, and to prepare for it havens in its distress and on its return; to infuse new life and energy into all the productive and industrial pursuits of the whole country—for we must not forget that the prosperity of every country must repose upon productive industry. Labor it is, and labor alone, that builds and navigates our ships, delves in our mines, makes music in the workshops, clears away the forest, and makes the hillside blossom as the rose. It maintains our Government and upholds the world in its prosperity and advancement. Surely then, it should challenge and demand its right of the Government it thus sustains. To preserve the integrity of the Union, with the full and just rights of all the States, the States themselves not interfering with the principles of liberty and humanity in the territories of the United States, outside their own jurisdiction, and to preserve our original territorial domain for the homesteads of the free—these are the great principles which we have united to sustain and advance. That done, our Government will remain a blessing to all, and our country a refuge in which the men of every creed and every clime may enjoy the securities and privileges of institutions of freedom, regulated only by law.

SPEECH OF MR. CAMPBELL, OF PENN.

After music from the band, Mr. Campbell, member of Congress from Pennsylvania, was introduced. He said: I claim the right to express the sentiment of my section upon the nomination recently made at Chicago. [Cheers.] I want to say, first, my State is Union-loving and conservative to the core. She believes that the mission of this great Republic, as originated by the fathers, is one of peace and liberty; but that this Democratic party now in power has been arrayed against liberty, the Revolutionary precepts, right, and the interests of the country. [Applause.] She has, therefore, looked around her for some other man, and has heard that a citizen of Kentucky, born on her soil, a pioneer of the Western wilderness—she has heard of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln with unfeigned gratification. [Applause.] She believes that Abraham Lincoln is the man for the time, and marches breast up with the advancing wave of civilization and liberty. He then went on to eulogize the platform upon which he stands, which he [Mr. Campbell] said protected the iron interests of Pennsylvania, and would build up her manufacturers, and pledged the Keystone State to the nominees of the Chicago Convention.

From the Washington House the band and the attending crowd proceeded up Pennsylvania avenue five hundred strong, and thence up Eighth street to the quarters of Senator Trumbull.

THE CITY.

Auction Sales this Day.

Auction sales this morning at 9½ o'clock, of furniture, by Gilbert & Sampson, Auctioneers, at No. 119 Randolph street.

WORCESTER'S DICTIONARY.—We would call the readers attention to the advertisement of the above admirable work, upon our fourth page, and also to the editorial remarks upon it on the second page.

☞ We are indebted to Virtue & Co., 55 Clark street, for the January, February, March and April numbers of the London Art Journal.

☞ A meeting of the Board of Managers of the Home of the Friendless will be held this afternoon at the Home at 3 o'clock. Business of special importance will be transacted.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.—The price of Gas having been reduced from $3.50 to $2 50 every one can afford to use Shaw's Gas Cooking Stoves, and Flat Heaters. They may be seen in operation from 10 to 1 o'clock this morning, at Walworth, Hubbard & Co's, 181 State street.

☞ We have seen a photograph, taken from life, of "Abe Lincoln, the Rail Splitter," by SHAW, 188 and 188½ South Clark street. They can be had at Shaw's for all prices, from 50 cents upwards. We advise everybody to get a likeness of our next President.

FIRE.—The fire night before last, for which an alarm was sounded at 11½ o'clock, was in an unoccupied two story frame house on Blue Island avenue, within one block of Halstead street. The house, worth about $500 was totally destroyed, owing to the difficulty in procuring water for the steam engines, which were promptly on hand. The ownership of the house seems to be disputed, so it would be hard to say to whom it belonged; the mechanics had a lien on it, and the person on whose land it stood refused to have it removed. An the insurance is as much a matter of mystery.

ADDITIONAL ACCOMMODATION FOR RAILWAY PASSENGERS ON STATE STREET.—On and after to-morrow (Thursday,) cars will leave Randolph street for Ringgold Place every five minutes. Every other car every ten minutes to city limits, and every even hour through to the Shades or Douglas Place. Cars will run on this time until 11 P. M., except Sundays; the last car on Sundays at 10 P. M. An additional car will leave on all the lines at 11.30 P. M. The Company are doubling the track on Randolph street, and next week will do the same on Madison street, and when completed will put additional cars on both lines and shorten the time.

THE PICKPOCKETS.—We learn officially that the fraternity who infested our city during the late Convention did a fair line of business. There have been nineteen cases *reported* to the Board of Complaint, ten of which were operated at the Wigwam. The amount of money and papers stolen by the pickpockets (in the cases reported) is $2,455, of which $400 only was cash. Of this amount $2,300 in papers and money have been recovered by the detectives. Seven pickpockets were arrested, three of whom have been sent to the Bridewell, and four have been bound over to appear at the Recorder's Court. How many robberies were effected of which no report has been made, we cannot even conjecture. But that they exceed the number reported no one can doubt.

SPARE THE LITTLE BIRDS.—Now that the genial Spring is budding bush and tree, and the leaves once more offer a shelter and home to the merry little birds, it is shameful to see, as we did yesterday, how they are persecuted by mischievous and wicked boys who stone and trap them, and use all manner of means to gratify their cruel pleasure. Parents should look to and correct this, and teach them the beauties of the following pretty stanza:—

"Don't kill the birds, the little birds,
That sing about your door
Soon as the joyous Spring has came,
And chilling storms are o'er.
The little birds, how sweet they sing!
O, let them joyous live,
And never seek to take the life
Which you can never give."

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—We have just received from the publishers the June number of the above magazine, which concludes the fifth volume. The first article, "The Future of American Railways," though handled by one well versed in his subject, we do not endorse his partiality to one road and depreciation of another. Another very good article, entitled "Chess," is quaint in style and interesting as well to the general reader as to the chess amateur. The poem "Pythagoras" is passable, as

Shooting Affray.

Yesterday a. m. two colored men engaged in a shooting affray worthy of the palmiest days of Arkansas. It appears that W. H. Saunders and W. H. Underdue, barbers employed at 127 South Clark street have had an unfriendly feeling for each other for the past few days, owing to the fact that Saunders asserted and offered to bet that a clock might go for a whole year without winding up. Underdue doubted and offered, after making due inquiries into the science of clock making, to take up the proffered bet. Saunders declined then, as Underdue by these inquiries had gained an unfair advantage over him. They snarled at each other, frequently since, and last night Saunders understanding that he was to be attacked, armed himself with a revolver. This morning when they met in the shop, Underdue wanted to get up a debate on the clock and incidental questions, when Saunders declined a controversy, upon which Underdue, who was standing near the shop door, drew a duelling pistol and fired at Saunders, lodging a couple of buck-shot in his shoulder. Saunders drew a revolver and fired back; he did not hit his antagonist, but came pretty near it, putting a couple of balls in the frame of the door. Underdue then drew a revolver which he had beside the pistol, and threw it at Saunders, striking him a severe blow on the head, upon which he rushed out of the store, took to his heels, but Lieutenant Bellinger and officer Macauley pursued and arrested him some six miles from the city, beyond Cottage Grove, and at a little after 11 o'clock they returned with their prisoner in a wagon, and he is locked up.

Saunders is not, it is thought, fatally injured; Dr. Gore was called in and found that two balls had entered at the shoulder and are now lodged in the fleshy part of the arm near the shoulder, from which they have not been and it is thought cannot be extracted; the blow on the head is a severe one; the effect of this wound cannot be ascertained for some little time.

The idea of determining petty quarrels by the use of deadly weapons is becoming too prevalent, and those having recourse to them should be put down by the law. The defendant was brought before Justice Aiken yesterday afternoon, and the case continued to the 29th inst.

DIVORCE.—We clip the following from the Lowell (Mass.) *Advertiser*, as the defendant is supposed to live here:

"In the Supreme Judicial Court, this forenoon, Eliza Ann Lapham of Lowell, was divorced from Charles E. Lapham of Chicago, upon the ground of his adultery."

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Go to John Jones, 119 Dearborn street and get your clothes cleaned and repaired. They will be well done and at prices to suit the times.

☞ Cook & McLain, 98 Dearborn street, those inimitable Dyers and Scourers, are still on hand with their chemical dyeing and scouring process, making gentlemen's old clothes equal in every respect to new. At 128 Clark street they clean and dye every description of ladies, wearing apparel.

VULCANITE JEWELRY.—Messrs A. H. Miller & Bros., corner of Clark and Lake Streets, have recently received a large and elegant assortment of the above jewelry, which is considered far superior and much cheaper than either the jet or enamel jewelry. Call and examine.
my19-6t

☞ Fine Jewelry, Watches and Silver Ware, of every denomination, can be purchased of A. H. Miller & Bros, 126 Lake Street, corner of Clark. They have the largest and most elegant stock in the city. my19 6t.

IT IS WELL.—The insurance agents and companies doing business in Chicago, now admit that the Policies of Insurance issued for the last three years, from the PARTICIPATING AGENCY of MASON & CO., are worth 12½ per cent. more than any they can furnish. Their (M & Co's) customers know them to cost 50 per cent. less and that they write at reduced rates. my18 6t

REMOVAL.—Leland & Mixer have removed their office and sample room to 132 South Water street. Pork-house, Flanders Block, oppo-

NOW OPEN.—Fasset & Cook's Photographic Palace—the largest and most complete establishment of the kind in America—is now open to the public. Citizens and strangers are invited to call. Rooms Nos. 122 & 124 Clark street. my18-6t

CHICAGO, May, 1860.

Mr. Thomas George:—Sir:—As warm weather is approaching, I am reminded of the great satisfaction we experienced in our family last season, after getting from you one of those most desirable, and I might almost say indispensable articles, Winship's Refrigerators. Although I

New Advertisements.

☞ *C. H. SCRIVEN, Advertising Agent, 63 Dearborn-st. is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West.* jal-L894-y

TO RENT—A large first class retired residence, with spacious yards, horse and carriage barn, &c., &c.; everything in complete order, and at a price to suit the times. Location Owen street, between Elizabeth and Rucker.
Also—House 306 West Madison street. Also—House No 9 Price Place.
my25x3t E. H. CUMMINGS, 102 Randolph-st.

WANTED—A Book-Keeper—A Manufacturing Establishment are in want of a book-keeper and general business man, who can loan his employers from $800 to $1,000, on good security. Applicants will please note former business. Address box 3191 post office, stating where an interview can be had.
my23

WANTED—To purchase a Stock of Goods.—The advertiser, desirous of going into business, wishes to buy a stock of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods or Hardware, amounting to about $18,000 or $20,000 suitable for country trade, for which he will pay $3 000 cash, $4,500 unincumbered inside Chicago City Property, and the balance in good farming lands. For further particulars inquire for one week at 31 Clark street. my23

BOARDING—Pleasant Rooms and good Board can be had at 83 Jackson street, bet. Clark and State. Also, Day Board. my23x3t

FOR SALE—Or will exchange for Household Furniture or other property, the Right of the State of Illinois, for a valuable invention of practical utility, in general demand, and paying large profits. Address box 3213, naming place and time for an interview.
my23:471-3t

WANTED—Virtue & Co., Publishers, 55 Clark street, offer employment to gentlemen of respectability and business abilities, to canvass first-class Illustrated Works. To proper applicants, either salaries or commission, can be secured. my23c416-4t

FOR SALE—A Frame Building on [illegible] near the Court House, now occupied as a first-class saloon, on long lease, very cheap. A stock of liquors and fixtures. The whole is for sale at a great bargain. Apply to PETER SHIMP, No. 167 State street. my23x3t

FOR SALE—Cheap Residence Lot. A handsome corner lot, Southeast front, near St. James' Church, cheap. Apply to S. H. KERFOOT & Co., 82 Dearborn street. my23c418-1w

☞ Meyers' Miraculous Vermin Distroyer, the oldest and best remedy for Exterminating RATS and MICE, COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS, MOSQUITOES, FLEAS, MOTHS, GRAIN-WORMS and GARDEN INSECTS.
☞ Principal Depot 612 Broadway, New York.
Sold by druggists everywhere. my23c410-3m

VOLK'S BUSTS
—OF—
HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

Life Size and Cabinet or Half Size, (patent pending,) are now completed, and can be seen at the Studio of L. W. Volk, in the Portland Block, Chicago, Ill., where all orders for copies will be received and filled on short notice, at the following prices
Single copy, in Composition, (Life Size) $10
" " (Cabinet, or Half Size) 4.
Securely boxed and shipped to any part of the country.
Agencies for the sale of the above busts will be established in all the principal cities of the Union.
my23 c415 d1w tv3tv

CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
PHILADELPHIA,
Corner of Chestnut and Ninth Streets,
OPENED IN FEBRUARY 1860.

This magnificent establishment, now in successful operation, is universally conceded to be the

Most Complete Hotel in the World,

and will be conducted upon a scale of liberality in all its departments, which cannot fail to make it the popular head quarters for pleasure tourists from the South and West during the early summer and the autumn. Accommodations are offered for nearly 1000 guests, fitted and furnished with every modern improvement, which experience could suggest, for comfort and experience, while a vertical railway is to be introduced to convey passengers by steam, in a commodious car, to the upper floors—thus securing the pure air and quiet of the higher rooms without the fatigue of ascending stairs.

Another novel improvement has been effected by which a powerful fan-wheel (operated by steam), forces a current of fresh air through the public rooms and corridors, cooling and ventilating the house in a superior manner.

The interior arrangements and furnishing have been completed under the personal supervision of Paran Stevens, the Lessee, under whose management the well-known success of the Revere House and Tremont House in Boston, the Battle House, and Point Clear Hotel in Mobile, Ala., and the Fifth Avenue Hotel in New York has been established, and no efforts or expense will be spared to render the Continental the most attractive Travelers' Home in the Union.

J. E. STEVENS & CO., Proprietors.
my23c411-6t

READY JUNE 1st, 1860.

THE BOBBIN BOY,
—AND—
SENATOR.

This is a TRUE STORY of the boyhood and early life of

Governor Banks,

and the boys he knew—how they played, how they studied encouraged by their leader, the hero of this story, who started at the very foot of the ladder, that he is *still ascending*. His schoolmates, those who followed his example, rise to honorable stations in life, while the idle and careless are the poor of to-day, or have died in misery long since.

Wanted.

TO RENT—A Two Story Frame dwelling house situated No. 586 Wabash avenue, near Twelfth street. Rent $300 per annum. Apply to M. LAFLIN, 49 South Water street. my22 c406-2w

WANTED—A few good Agents to travel with a Patented article which will meet with a ready sale, and pay a handsome profit. Apply to HALSEY & KING, 168 Clark street. ap28c301-4w

WANTED—A CARPENTER is wanted (an American) to go to Central Illinois on a farm for six months work. He must be a good workman and give good references. Address A. M. B., stating rate of wages, Press and Tribune office. my18x1

TO RENT—Brick Dwelling, No. 207 Erie street, to rent low. Also—SECOND STORY
Over Scott, Keen & Co.'s Clothing Store, to rent low. Inquire of L. D. OLMSTED & CO.,
my22c401-1m Cor. Lake and Lasalle streets.

WANTED—To exchange the stock of goods in store 201 Lake street, consisting of Stoves, Sheet Iron, Hollow and Tin Ware and house furnishing goods is offered for sale or trade for Lumber in small or large quantities or will be exchanged for good city property.
For further particulars inquire at the store No. 201, Lake street. my15x201

WANTED—A Farmer and Wife. A married man without children (an American) is wanted on a farm, about 10 miles from Chicago, to take charge of same as foreman, including care of horses and stock. He must be honest, temperate, capable and thoroughly acquainted with the management of a farm. The wife must understand cooking, care of a dairy and a good housekeeper. Good references required. None others need apply. Address "J. H. S.," Press and Tribune Office. my17x1w

WANTED—COOPERAGE—The subscriber will advance on Packing Barrels received by him in store and will hold till sold.
HOOP POLES, STAVES AND HEADINGS
bought and for sale. GEO. A. SEAVERNS,
fe27b689 8m 72 Dearborn street.

WANTED FOR THE
UNITED STATES ARMY.

Wanted for service on our Frontiers, young, able-bodied men, of good character, to whom will be given good pay, board, clothing and medical attendance. Also, Musicians for the third Infantry Band. Pay ranging from

$11 to $22 per Month,

ACCORDING TO MERIT.

Recruiting Rendezvous at 186 South Clark street, Chicago.
ap17 c96-3m J. W. ALLEY, Lieut. 3d Infantry.

PIKE'S PEAK.—Wanted, a Partner with a capital of $3,000, to be equal partner with the advertiser in purchasing Engine and Machinery for quartz mining, to go to Pike's Peak. Address "W. P. B.," box 1611. my22x1w

BINDER WANTED—A first-class General Workman to take charge of a Bindery in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Apply to W. TANNETT, Basement of 95 Clark street, or to the subscriber, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. J. G. DAVENPORT. my17 c374-1m

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—A ticket to Boston, Mass., via Suspension Bridge—good until the 26th inst. Price $11. Inquire at Press and Tribune office, to day. my18x1m

FOR SALE—Or to Lease on Long Time—a large quantity of improved and unimproved city property, at 227 Lake street, by ENOS AYERS.
my15c317-10t

FOR SALE—Low for Cash, a centrally located business house, six stories, with stone front, suitable for Banking business or Insurance Offices, by ENOS AYRES, 227 Lake street. my15c319-10t

A PRESS FOR SALE.—Any one who wishes to go into the publication of an old paper at a desirable point, can find an excellent opportunity by inquiring of W. S. POPE, at Mt. Morris, Ogle County, Ill. my19x1w

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Outside City Property—South Side preferred. The above property, situated No 117 South Jefferson, near Madison street, and two blocks from the new West Side Union Depot. It is now rented to a good tenant and possession can be had at one months notice. Apply to AKHURST & DOUGLAS, Boat Yard, South Branch, near Twelfth street. my15c350-1m

FOR SALE.—To Railroad Men.—The LOCOMOTIVE COLUMBIANA, built by Norris, 5 or 6 years old, in good running order. Will be sold very cheap for cash, or exchanged for other property. Inquire of B. P. HUTCHINSON, 229 So. Water street.
mh31*2m

FOR SALE—Cheap, the new Cottage House (8 rooms) and three years lease, No. 259 South Clinton street. A desirable residence and locality. Goood garden yard and water fixtures attached. Sold cheap for cash, or a part on short time, secured. Apply on the premises, or to the subscriber at the office of Carroll & Jameson, 65 South Clark street, corner of Randolph.
m9c501-1m JAMES N. JOHNSON.

FOR SALE—A beautiful country residence, situated at Oakton, on the Milwaukee Railroad, [illegible] miles north of the city. The house is of modern style, containing ten large rooms, with closets and pantries. Good out buildings, supplied with excellent water from two wells and cistern. The [illegible] Apply to J. G. HAMILTON, Room No. [illegible] Methodist Church Block. my16x2w

NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS for sale low. Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Orders for Tuning Pianos, Melodeons, Organs, and all kinds of Musical Instruments. [illegible] 115 Lake street. [illegible]

BRICK FOR SALE.—
00,000
For sale low! at Lake street Mills, Nos. 141 and 148 West Lake street. [oc10] STEVENS & NORRIS.

A BRILLIANT NOVEL!
THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
EL FUREIDIS.

Miscellaneous.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

FROM REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER, N. Y.—"*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" "It is five years since that I accidentally colored your store for some sort of a preparation for Hoarseness; the Troches which you gave me entirely answered the purpose which I had in view. Since then in all my lecturing tours I put "Troches" in my carpet bag as regularly as I do lectures or linen, and I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, except to think yet better of that which I began in thinking well of."

To Public Speakers and Singers.

"*Brown's Bronchial Troches,*" or Cough Lozenges. From Prof. M. Stacy Johnson, Teacher of Music, S. Female College, La Grange, Ga. "I have found them useful very efficacious in removing that irritation of the Throat so common with Speakers and Singers. I have enlisted several gentlemen in their favor, among whom are Prof. WINKS, Principal Brownwood University, and Rev. M. TEAGUE, of this place. The Troches have only to be tried to recommend themselves."

Cough Lozenges.

Brown's Bronchial Troches. At this season of the year, when so many are troubled with hoarseness, influenza and bronchial difficulties, these Troches afford a grateful relief. We have seen instances of their good effects in cases of inflammation of the bronchial tubes and of the hoarseness of children. They contain nothing which can injure the constitution, and have a soothing effect very efficacious in assisting expectoration and prevent the accumulation of phlegm. For public speakers, singers, and all persons troubled with hoarseness, they are invaluable.—*Portland Transcript.*

Hoarseness, &c.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.—These cough and voice lozenges, which we advertised a few weeks ago, are superior for relieving hoarseness to anything that we are acquainted with. We have tried them during the past winter, and make this statement gratuitously, for the benefit of our brethren in the ministry.—*Central Christian Herald, Cincinnati.*

Bronchial Affections.

A clergyman writing from Morristown, Ohio, speaking of the beneficial effects resulting from the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches," says; "Last spring I feared my lungs were becoming dangerously involved, and until I used your Troches could not preach a sermon of ordinary length, without hoarseness; but now (with the assistance of 'Troches') I have in the past five weeks preached some forty sermons."

Brown's Bronchial Troches.
COUGHS.

The great and sudden changes of our climate, are fruitful sources of *Pulmonary and Bronchial Affections.* Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stage of disease, recourse should at once be had to *Brown's Bronchial Troches* or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off.

Brown's	"That trouble in my Throat, (for which the "Troches" is a specific) having made me often a mere whisperer." N. P. WILLIS.	Troches.
Brown's	"I recommend their use to Public Speakers." Rev. E. H. CHAPIN.	Troches.
Brown's	"Have proved extremely serviceable for Hoarseness." REV. H. W. BEECHER.	Troches.
Brown's	"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma." Rev. A. C. EGGLESTON.	Troches.
Brown's	"Contain no Opium or anything injurious." Dr. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"A simple and pleasant compound for Coughs, &c." Dr. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"Beneficial in Bronchitis." Dr. J. F. W. LANE, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"I have proved them excellent for Whooping Cough." Rev. H. W. WARREN, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"Beneficial when compelled to speak, suffering from Cold." Rev. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louis.	Troches.
Brown's	"I heartily unite in the above commendation." Rev. M. SCHUYLER.	Troches.
Brown's	"Effectual in removing Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with Speakers and Singers." Prof. M. S. JOHNSON, La Grange, Ga., Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.	Troches.
Brown's	"I have been much afflicted with Bronchial Affection producing Hoarseness and Cough, and these are the only [illegible]" Rev. GEO. SLACK, Minister Church of England, Milton Parsonage, Canada.	Troches.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

☞ Cures Cough, Cold, Hoarseness and Influenza.
Cures any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat.
Relieves the Hacking Cough in Consumption.
Relieves Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrah.

Amusements.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.
Madison street, between State and Dearborn.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 23d,

First night of the new comedietta, now being acted in London, entitled

B. B. The Benicia Boy.

Mr. McVicker as........B. B. | Mr. Bradley as the Chicken.

The performance will commence with the elegant comedy of

GRIST TO THE MILL.

Francis..Mrs. Houghton.
Messrs. Bradley, Myers and Mrs. Chauvet.

To conclude with the farce

SERVANTS BY LEGACY.

Dan O'Neil.......................................Mr. Dillon.

In rehearsal, the new dramatic drama of HUSBAND TO ORDER. This drama was nightly successful at Wallack's Theatre.

CHANGE OF TIME.—Doors open at 7¼; Curtain rises at 8 o'clock precisely.
☞ Box office open from 10 o'clock A. M. till 5 o'clock P. M., when seats can be secured three days in advance.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c.; Second Circle, 25c; Lower Private Boxes, $6, Upper, $5.
Z. H. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
North Baptist Church,
—AT—
METROPOLITAN HALL,
Thursday Evening, May 24th.

Fresh Strawberries, direct from Covington, Kentucky, Delicious Ice Cream, and choice Cake and Coffee will be offered.
Also—Beautiful Boquets, and a select variety of Fancy Articles.
During the evening the following Tableux will be presented—parts being sustained by well known ladies and gentlemen of our city who have volunteered their assistance: 1—Scene from Trovatore; 2—Night and Morning; 3—Jephtha's Daughter; 4—Rebecca at the Well; 5—Coming to get Married; 6—Taking the Veil; 7—Romeo and Juliet; 8—Enchanted Castle.
Music by the Great Union Band, and also by amateurs on the piano.
All articles sold will be offered at current rates, and none need fear UNPLEASANT IMPORTUNITIES.
Full value will be given for all received, and those who come may be assured a pleasant evening.
Tickets of admission only 25 cents.
The Piano used on this occasion has been kindly furnished by Wm. W. W. Kimball, Lamoun Block.
my23c400-3t

KINGSBURY HALL.—Monday Evening, May 21st, and every evening during the week,
Hooley & Campbell's Minstrels,
From Niblo's Saloon, Broadway, N. Y. POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK. Change of programme each evening. For full particulars see small bills.
my21-c391 1w LOUIS A. ZWISLER, Agent.

G. MIRASOLE WILL GIVE A SELECT PARTY
Every Saturday thro' May and June,
AT HIS DANCING ACADEMY,
On South-West corner of Madison and Clark, to which he invites his pupils and their friends. my18c379 1w

To Rent.

TO RENT.—A Wharfing Lot on South Branch, 107 feet front by 180 feet deep from the river to Franklin street, between Van Buren and Harrison streets. This lot has a wharf on the best description, and is well adapted for a Coal, Stone or Lumber Yard. Apply to E. C. LARNED, 97 Washington street. my22b673 1y 10

FOR RENT.—On 15th June, or Sale Cheap, two First Class Brick Dwellings, three stories, finished in modern style, with good two story barns to each, situate within 100 feet of the Lake on Old street. A splendid view of the Lake and harbor and surrounding, a good neighborhood, and accessable to Horse Railroad. Inquire No. 63 Lake street. H. O. STONE.
my 14 c338-1m

TO RENT—New Family Hotel in
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Situated in a desirable locality of the city, on corner of Twelfth and Olive streets, near the Missouri Park, and on the line of the Olive street Horse Cars. The house contains about sixty rooms, and is supplied with Gas, Water, Bells, Bath Rooms, Pantries, etc.
To a responsible tenant, able to keep a first-class family hotel, a long and very favorable lease will be granted.
For information in regards terms, etc., address or apply to JOHN E. YORE, or S. H. LAFLIN, Esq., of the firm of Laflin Smith & Boles, St. Louis, Mo. my18c 81 1m

General Notices.

TO PRINTERS.—A rare chance! —A good Country Newspaper and Job Printing Office in a flourishing town in Northern Illinois is offered for sale at a BARGAIN. For particulars address Box 1919, Chicago, Ill. my17x1w

TO EXCHANGE—$50,000 worth Improved City Property in exchange for Unimproved City Property or Country Lands, and part Cash, or on time, by ENOS AYRES, 227 Lake street.
my15c318-10t

$100 PER MONTH CAN BE made by a good salesman, with a capital of $10, selling a Patent Portable Copying Press with Book attached. A first class article—sells readily at large profits. Address J. E. COOLEY & CO., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
my9-4wx

PORTLAND BLOCK.—The undersigned has accepted the agency for the above building at the corner of Dearborn and Washington streets, [illegible] Washington street.

CALUMET ICE.—The place to leave orders for [illegible] No. "Pal Dragons" or at Wadhams, Willard & Co's office, [illegible] (opposite Post Office.) They caused the reduction in price. They have enough of a pure article to supply you all, and are the only concern who do not sell ice cut in the filthy Chicago River. my22-c409-1m

OFFICE OF CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R. CO.
CHICAGO, May 20, 1860.

TO STOCKHOLDERS:—Notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the Stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company in Chicago, Illinois, on Friday, the 22d day of June next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other business that may be submitted to the meeting. By order of the Board of Directors.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE
ADVERTISING SCHEDULE

The following are the rates of advertising in the

DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

One Square, (8 lines agate,) one insertion	$ 51
" " each subsequent day, (St $1; $1)	25
" " two weeks, (6w $7.)	3.00
" " one month, (2m $9.)	5.00
" " three months, (4m $15.)	12.00
" " six months, (9m $25.)	20.00
" " one year	30.00

☞ A Schedule of Prices for more space than one Square can be seen at the Counting Room.
☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.
☞ All changes charged 50 cents per Square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE
$ 1.00 per Square, each week, for first month.
2.00 " " for each subsequent month.
30.00 " " for one year.

Auction Sales.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—
Auctioneers.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF
FURNITURE, &c.,
AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, May 23d, commencing at 9½ o'clock a. m., and 2½ p. m., we will sell to the highest bidder for cash, by order of E. AIKEN, Assignee,

AT THE STORE OF H. N. PARSONS,

179..............Randolph Street..............179

Three doors East of the Briggs House,

The entire stock, consisting of a large and elegant assortment of all styles and description of Rosewood, Mahogany, Oak and Walnut

Parlor, Bedroom and Diningroom
FURNITURE,

Manufactured expressly for city retail trade.
Also—A large variety of Office Desks and Office Furniture, together with every other kind of goods usually kept in first-class furniture stores. Every article must be sold without reserve to the highest and best bidder for cash.
GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.
E. AIKEN, Assignee. my21c396-3t

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON—
AUCTIONEERS.
BEST WHITE CROCKERY,
Cutlery, Glassware and Mirrors,
AT AUCTION.

We will sell, on FRIDAY, May 25th, at 9½ o'clock, A. M., at store number

82..............Lake Street..............82

Without reserve for cash, twenty two crates of H. R. Hoods best White Crockery, consisting of a general assortment.
GLASSWARE—20 cases new and fresh.
Also—An invoice of TABLE CUTLERY, warranted all perfect.
Also—An invoice of Mahogany Frame MIRRORS.
The above goods will be found superior to any offered at auction this season, and will be found worthy the attention of the trade. Parties buying for the country can have their goods packed by experienced packers.
my23-c410 3t GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
SUPERIOR PIANO FORTE,
CARPETS AND MIRRORS,
AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, May 24 commencing at 9½ o'clock A. M., we will sell at our salesroom, No. 82 Lake street, the best assortment of Household goods offered this season, consisting in part of Parlor Suits in brocatelle, plush and hair cloth; elegant rosewood, mahogany and walnut marble top centre tables, mahogany chairs of all kinds, tete-a-tetes, and sofas, book cases and secretaries, ladies' work stands, and desks, hall stands, card and side tables, easy and rocking chairs, side and corner what nots, mahogany, oak, maple, walnut and walnut marble-top and plain chamber suites, bureaus and wash stands of all kinds, wardrobes, oak and walnut sideboards and extension dining tables, cane chairs, hair and other mattresses, lounges, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, French and German plate mirrors, carpets of various kinds, and many other articles.
Also—One superior Rosewood Case 7 Octave Piano Forte—a perfect instrument and beautiful tone, full iron frame, and warranted for five years.
Also—A variety of Common Furniture.
my24c419 3t GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—

Large Catalogue Sale of
FINE ARTS,

Signor G. H. Fandolfini & Co., from Italy, would advise the ladies and gentlemen of Chicago and vicinity that they will dispose of

AT AUCTION,

Commencing on MONDAY, May 28 and continuing until June 5, hours of sale 2½ and 7½ P. M., each day,

AT OUR SALES ROOM, 82 LAKE STREET,

The most magnificent collection of altogether new designs of Italian marble, alabaster and agate statuary, &c. Also, the latest styles of Bohemian decorated and engraved glassware, French china ware, work boxes and writing desks, English toilet ware, fancy articles, &c., &c. In this superb collection will be found many articles of beautiful design and workmanship, many of which are original, and therefore perfectly unique. Such as the Greek Slave, Ruman, Grecian, Neapolitan, and other well known figures of vases, Statuettes of distinguished characters, and other groups, such as Venus, Cupid, Venus, dancing girl, Aurora and Psyche, Fidelity, and many other groups. The above goods have just arrived from Europe, and have been selected with great care by Signor Fandolfini, from the great studios of Italy, and the royal manufactories of Prague and Vienna.

Also, a superb assortment of the finest quality of silver plated goods, consisting of casters, waiters, 18, 18, 11 inch, and other sizes, castors, with rich cut bottles, coffee and tea urns, forks, spoons and ladles, together with a great variety of useful articles.

These goods have never been offered in any other market, and every article will be sold without the least reserve.

It is confidently believed that the lasts that the curious, and the economical have never had so the favorable an opportunity of obtaining articles of elegance, ornament and utility.

The goods will be open for free examination on Wednesday and Thursday, May 16th and 17th, and ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine the above beautiful and select assortment and attend the sale.

Catalogues will be ready on the morning of the day of sale.

Goods purchased for transit will be packed in the original Italian packages at a small expense.
my17c377 GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
Auctioneers, 46, 48 & 50 Dearborn street.
Furniture of the Revere House
AT AUCTION.
$60,000 Worth to be Sold!
The Largest Sale of Valuable Furniture ever held in Chicago.

ON MONDAY, MAY 28, 1860, AT 9 O'CLOCK.

We shall commence to sell at auction at the REVERE HOTEL, corner of Dearborn and Randolph street, the entire furniture of said Hotel, which is adapted to the use of hotels or private houses.

All who have examined the costly Rosewood, Mahogany and other articles of furniture in this hotel, have pronounced it the most elegantly furnished House west of New York city, which, together with its elegant mirrors, chandeliers, carpets of all kinds (velvet, tapestry, Brussels and ingrain), toilet and table crockery and glassware, table furniture, beds and bedding, stoves of all kinds and sizes, bar fixtures

The Press and Tribune.

VOLUME XIII. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1860. NUMBER 280.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS:

John L. Scripps, William Brom, Charles H. Ray, Joseph Medill, Alfred Cowles.

OFFICE NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

TERMS OF THE PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

Daily, delivered in city, by carrier, per year	$8.00
Daily, delivered in city, by carrier, per week	15
Daily, to Mail Subscribers, per year	7.00
Daily, to Mail Subscribers, per six months	4.00
Tri-Weekly, per year	4.00
Weekly, single subscribers	1.50
" 3 copies	4.00
" 4 copies	5.00
" 5 copies	6.00
" 10 copies	10.00
" 20 copies (and one to getter up of club)	20.00

Money in registered letters may be sent us at our risk.
Address "PRESS AND TRIBUNE," Chicago, Ill

Press & Tribune

CHICAGO.

FRIGHT OF THE DEMOCRATIC LEADERS.

A panic has seized the Democratic leaders in Washington. The nomination of Lincoln is an event for which they were not prepared. The evidences of his amazing popularity with the masses overwhelm them. Douglas, their strongest man in the Northwest, they perceive cannot carry a single State of that section as against Lincoln. Our Washington dispatches advise us of a movement to withdraw Douglas and concentrate upon some other man—probably Seymour of New York. We confess to having indulged a hope, since the nomination of Lincoln, that Douglas might be his competitor. We would like to see a fair trial of strength before the people, between the two men and the opposing principles which they represent, when an unfair apportionment could not give the victory to the defeated party, as was the case with Douglas in 1858. Nothing could please us better than to see Mr. Lincoln pitted against the Little Giant in a national fight. We still hope it may be done, but we fear that Mr. Douglas has no desire to come to time, and that his friends will not permit him to make the attempt, even if he has the temerity to undertake it. But beyond the matter of personal gratification, it makes but little difference as to who may be selected as the standard-bearer of the pro-slavery Democracy; for Honest Old Abe will distance him, whoever he may be, so badly that it will never be quite certain after the election that he was in the race at all.

OLD LINE WHIGS OF NEW YORK FOR LINCOLN.

The Old Line Whigs of the Empire State are everywhere coming to the support of "Old Abe" and the Chicago platform. They are firing salutes and huzzaing for him from one end of the State to the other. They will add 60,000 votes to the regular Republican strength. The Buffalo *Advertiser*, Fillmore's home organ, and the Albany *Statesman*, the State organ of the Old Liners, both hoist the Lincoln banner and give in their adhesion to Lincoln and Hamlin. In short, all the "American" papers in the State are out for the Lincoln ticket, except the N. Y. *Express*, which is pro-slavery—sympathizes with the slave code Democracy. Persons who talk about New York being a "doubtful" State are not posted, that's all. New York will give a larger majority for Honest Old Abe than even Massachusetts. Mark the prediction.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

How the Nominations were Received at Washington—Everybody Jolly but the Democracy.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, May 18, 1860.

The news of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln at Chicago, when first received here about one o'clock to-day, was not credited. The Democrats had fully made up their minds that Seward was to be the man, and a dispatch from a prominent Republican member of Congress, dated an hour or two before the assembling of the Convention, had led the Republicans to believe that Seward was to be the man. To give you some idea of the *desire* to have Seward nominated, manifested by the Democracy, I will state that after the receipt of the N. Y. *Tribune* last night, containing Mr. Greeley's admission that he could not be defeated for the nomination, Democrats around the city freely discussed the policy to be pursued at Baltimore, and slates were made up based upon the calculation that Seward would be the Republican candidate. Mr. Bocock, of Virginia, the leader of the Democratic side of the House, after it was considered a sure thing for Seward, said that "Bates would have given the Democracy "trouble, but Lincoln would have been a great "deal worse for them."

REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Speech of Hon. Hannibal Hamlin—Addresses from Senator Trumbull and Messrs. Campbell and Washburne.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, May 19.

At an early hour the Republican Association of this city was all alive, in consequence of their determination to serenade Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, nominated at Chicago as the candidate of the Republican party for Vice President of the United States. Mr. Hamlin occupies rooms at the Washington House, which was illuminated from garret to cellar.

At 9½ o'clock the procession arrived in front of the hotel, and was greeted with three lusty cheers. After the inspiring air, "Hail to the Chief," so familiar on similar occasions, had been performed by the band, loud calls were made for Mr. Hamlin.

SPEECH OF HON. HANNIBAL HAMLIN.

Mr. Hamlin came forward, amidst great cheering, and spoke as follows:

FRIENDS AND FELLOW CITIZENS: Concurring with you fully in the great principles which have united us in political association, I am pleased to meet you on this occasion; and I unite my voice with yours most cordially in a tribute to a common cause. You have assembled to congratulate each other upon the doings of our recent Convention at Chicago, the result of which has come to us over the telegraphic wires. Of that position which has been assigned to me, you will allow me to say, that while I feel profoundly grateful for the honor it confers, and am duly sensible of the obligations it imposes, it was neither sought, expected, nor even desired. But as it has come unsolicited, it leaves me no alternative but to accept the responsibilities which attach to it, with an earnest hope and endeavor, that a cause more important than any man, will receive no detriment at my hands. But you have come to pay a tribute to our standard bearer, who has been taken from the Great West, where the star of empire is culminating, if it has not already culminated; a man of comprehensive and vigorous intellect, and fully equal to the position designated.

The architect of his own fortune, he comes to us most emphatically a representative man; not only a representative man as an able and earnest exponent of Republican principles, but as identified with the laboring and industrial classes. Having from early life, to the maturity of manhood, devoted himself to physical labor, he can, as he does, but feel a keener sense of the rights of labor. He stands before the country, too, with a high moral character, upon which even a suspicion was never breathed, and with a political integrity above reproach. The objects desired by the Republicans in the pending election, and the obligations imposed upon our candidate, are, to bring back the Government to the principles and practices of its fathers and founders, and to administer it in the light of their wisdom and example; to aid our commerce, to send it out upon distant seas, and to prepare for it havens in its distress and on its return; to infuse new life and energy into all the productive and industrial pursuits of the whole country—for we must not forget that the prosperity of every country must repose upon productive industry. Labor it is, and labor alone, that builds and navigates our ships, delves in our mines, makes music in the workshops, clears away the forest, and makes the hillside blossom as the rose. It maintains our Government and upholds the world in its prosperity and advancement. Surely then, it should challenge and demand its right of the Government it thus sustains. To preserve the integrity of the Union, with the full and just rights of all the States, the States themselves not interfering with the principles of liberty and humanity in the territories of the United States, outside their own jurisdiction, and to preserve our original territorial domain for the homesteads of the free—these are the great principles which we have united to sustain and advance. That done, our Government will remain a blessing to all, and our country a refuge in which the men of every creed and every clime may enjoy the securities and privileges of institutions of freedom, regulated only by law.

SPEECH OF MR. CAMPBELL, OF PENN.

After music from the band, Mr. Campbell, member of Congress from Pennsylvania, was introduced. He said: I claim the right to express the sentiment of my section upon the nomination recently made at Chicago. [Cheers.] I want to say, first, my State is Union-loving and conservative to the core. She believes that the mission of this great Republic, as originated by the fathers, is one of peace and liberty; but that this Democratic party now in power has been arrayed against liberty, the Revolutionary precepts, right, and the interests of the country. [Applause.] She has, therefore, looked around her for some other man, and has heard that a citizen of Kentucky, born on her soil, a pioneer of the Western wilderness—she has heard of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln with unfeigned gratification. [Applause.] She believes that Abraham Lincoln is the man for the time, and marches breast up with the advancing wave of civilization and liberty. He then went on to eulogize the platform upon which he stands, which he [Mr. Campbell] said protected the iron interests of Pennsylvania, and would build up her manufacturers, and pledged the Keystone State to the nominees of the Chicago Convention.

From the Washington House the band and the attending crowd proceeded up Pennsylvania avenue five hundred strong, and thence up Eighth street to the quarters of Senator Trumbull.

THE CITY.

Auction Sales this Day.

Auction sales this morning at 9½ o'clock, of furniture, by Gilbert & Sampson, Auctioneers, at No. 119 Randolph street.

WORCESTER'S DICTIONARY.—We would call the readers attention to the advertisement of the above admirable work, upon our fourth page, and also to the editorial remarks upon it on the second page.

☞ We are indebted to Virtue & Co., 55 Clark street, for the January, February, March and April numbers of the London Art Journal.

☞ A meeting of the Board of Managers of the Home of the Friendless will be held this afternoon at the Home at 3 o'clock. Business of special importance will be transacted.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.—The price of Gas having been reduced from $3,50 to $2,50 every one can afford to use Shaw's Gas Cooking Stoves, and Flat Heaters. They may be seen in operation from 10 to 1 o'clock this morning, at Walworth, Hubbard & Co's, 181 State street.

☞ We have seen a photograph, taken from life, of "Abe Lincoln, the Rail Splitter," by SHAW, 188 and 188½ South Clark street. They can be had at Shaw's for all prices, from 50 cents upwards. We advise everybody to get a likeness of our next President.

FIRE.—The fire night before last, for which an alarm was sounded at 11½ o'clock, was in an unoccupied two story frame house on Blue Island avenue, within one block of Halstead street. The house, worth about $500 was totally destroyed, owing to the difficulty in procuring water for the steam engines, which were promptly on hand. The ownership of the house seems to be disputed, so it would be hard to say to whom it belonged; the mechanics had a lien on it, and the person on whose land it stood refused to have it removed. An the insurance is as much a matter of mystery.

ADDITIONAL ACCOMMODATION FOR RAILWAY PASSENGERS ON STATE STREET.—On and after to-morrow (Thursday,) cars will leave Randolph street for Ringgold Place every five minutes. Every other car every ten minutes to city limits, and every even hour through to the Shades or Douglas Place. Cars will run on this time until 11 P. M., except Sundays; the last car on Sundays at 10 P. M. An additional car will leave on all the lines at 11.30 P. M. The Company are doubling the track on Randolph street, and next week will do the same on Madison street, and when completed will put additional cars on both lines and shorten the time.

THE PICKPOCKETS.—We learn officially that the fraternity who infested our city during the late Convention did a fair line of business. There have been nineteen cases *reported* to the Board of Complaint, ten of which were operated at the Wigwam. The amount of money and papers stolen by the pickpockets (in the cases reported) is $2,455, of which $400 only was cash. Of this amount $2,300 in papers and money have been recovered by the detectives. Seven pickpockets were arrested, three of whom have been sent to the Bridewell, and four have been bound over to appear at the Recorder's Court. How many robberies were effected of which no report has been made, we cannot even conjecture. But that they exceed the number reported no one can doubt.

SPARE THE LITTLE BIRDS.—Now that the genial Spring is budding bush and tree, and the leaves once more offer a shelter and home to the merry little birds, it is shameful to see, as we did yesterday, how they are persecuted by mischievous and wicked boys who stone and trap them, and use all manner of means to gratify their cruel pleasure. Parents should look to and correct this, and teach them the beauties of the following pretty stanza:—

"Don't kill the birds, the little birds,
That sing about your door
Soon as the joyous Spring has come,
And chilling storms are o'er.
The little birds, how sweet they sing!
O, let them joyous live,
And never seek to take the life
Which you can never give."

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—We have just received from the publishers the June number of the above magazine, which concludes the fifth volume. The first article, "The Future of American Railways," though handled by one well versed in his subject, we do not endorse his partiality to one road and depreciation of another. Another very good article, entitled "Chess," is quaint in style and interesting as well to the general reader as to the chess ama-

Shooting Affray.

Yesterday a. m. two colored men engaged in a shooting affray worthy of the palmiest days of Arkansas. It appears that W. H. Saunders and W. H. Underdue, barbers employed at 127 South Clark street have had an unfriendly feeling for each other for the past few days, owing to the fact that Saunders asserted and offered to bet that a clock might go for a whole year without winding up. Underdue doubted and offered, after making due inquiries into the science of clock making, to take up the proffered bet. Saunders declined then, as Underdue by these inquiries had gained an unfair advantage over him. They snarled at each other, frequently since, and last night Saunders understanding that he was to be attacked, armed himself with a revolver. This morning when they met in the shop, Underdue wanted to get up a debate on the clock and incidental questions, when Saunders declined a controversy, upon which Underdue, who was standing near the shop door, drew a duelling pistol and fired at Saunders, lodging a couple of buck-shot in his shoulder. Saunders drew a revolver and fired back; he did not hit his antagonist, but came pretty near it, putting a couple of balls in the frame of the door. Underdue then drew a revolver which he had beside the pistol, and threw it at Saunders, striking him a severe blow on the head, upon which he rushed out of the store, took to his heels, but Lieutenant Bellinger and officer Macauley pursued and arrested him some six miles from the city, beyond Cottage Grove, and at a little after 11 o'clock they returned with their prisoner in a wagon, and he is locked up.

Saunders is not, it is thought, fatally injured; Dr. Gore was called in and found that two balls had entered at the shoulder and are now lodged in the fleshy part of the arm near the shoulder, from which they have not been and it is thought cannot be extracted; the blow on the head is a severe one; the effect of this wound cannot be ascertained for some little time.

The idea of determining petty quarrels by the use of deadly weapons is becoming too prevalent, and those having recourse to them should be put down by the law. The defendant was brought before Justice Aiken yesterday afternoon, and the case continued to the 29th inst.

DIVORCE.—We clip the following from the Lowell (Mass.) *Advertiser*, as the defendant is supposed to live here:

"In the Supreme Judicial Court, this forenoon, Eliza Ann Lapham of Lowell, was divorced from Charles E. Lapham of Chicago, upon the ground of his adultery.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Go to John Jones, 119 Dearborn street and get your clothes cleaned and repaired. They will be well done and at prices to suit the times.

☞ Cook & McLain, 98 Dearborn street, those inimitable Dyers and Scourers, are still on hand with their chemical dyeing and scouring process, making gentlemen's old clothes equal in every respect to new. At 128 Clark street they clean and dye every description of ladies, wearing apparel.

VULCANITE JEWELRY.—Messrs A. H. Miller & Bros., corner of Clark and Lake Streets, have recently received a large and elegant assortment of the above jewelry, which is considered far superior and much cheaper than either the jet or enamel jewelry. Call and examine. my19-6t

☞ Fine Jewelry, Watches and Silver Ware, of every denomination, can be purchased of A. H. Miller & Bros., 126 Lake Street, corner of Clark. They have the largest and most elegant stock in the city. my19 6t.

IT IS WELL.—The insurance agents and companies doing business in Chicago, now admit that the Policies of Insurance issued for the last three years, from the PARTICIPATING AGENCY of MASON & CO., are worth 12½ per cent. more than any they can furnish. Their (M & Co's) customers know them to cost 50 per cent. less and that they write at reduced rates. my18 6t

REMOVAL.—Leland & Mixer have removed their office and sample room to 132 South Water street. Pork-house, Flanders Block, opposite ...

NOW OPEN.—Fasset & Cook's Photographic Palace—the largest and most complete establishment of the kind in America—is now open to the public. Citizens and strangers are invited to call. Rooms Nos. 122 & 124 Clark street. my18-6t

CHICAGO, May, 1860.

Mr. Thomas George:—Sir:—As warm weather is approaching, I am reminded of the great satisfaction we experienced in our family last season, after getting from you one of those most

New Advertisements.

☞ C. E. SCRIVEN, *Advertising Agent, 63 Dearborn-st. is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West.* ja1-b894-y

TO RENT—A large first class retired residence, with spacious yard, horse and carriage barn, &c. &c.; everything in complete order, and at a price to suit the times. Location Owen street, between Elizabeth and Rucker.
Also—House 306 West Madison street. Also—House No 9 Price Place.
my28x3t E. H. CUMMINGS, 102 Randolph-st.

WANTED—A Book-Keeper—A Manufacturing Establishment are in want of a book-keeper and general business man, who can loan his employers from $800 to $1,000, on good security. Applicants will please note former business. Address box 3191 post office, stating where an interview can be had. my23

WANTED—To purchase a Stock of Goods.—The advertiser, desirous of going into business, wishes to buy a stock of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods or Hardware, amounting to about $18,000 or $20,000 suitable for country trade, for which he will pay $3,000 cash, $4,800 unincumbered inside Chicago City Property, and the balance in good farming lands. For further particulars inquire for one week at 31 Clark street. my23

BOARDING—Pleasant Rooms and good Board can be had at 83 Jackson street, bet. Clark and State. Also, Day Board. my23x3t

FOR SALE—Or will exchange for Household Furniture or other property, the Right of the State of Illinois for a valuable invention of practical utility, in general demand, and paying large profits. Address box 3213, naming place and time for an interview. my23x2t-3t

WANTED—Virtue & Co., Publishers, 55 Clark street, offer employment to gentlemen of respectability and business abilities, to canvass first-class Illustrated Works. To proper applicants, either salaries or commission can be secured. my23c416-1t

FOR SALE—A Frame Building on ... street, near the Court House, now occupied as a first-class Saloon, on long lease, very cheap. A stock of liquors and fixtures. The whole is for sale at a great bargain. Apply to PETER SHIMP, No. 167 State street. my23x3t

FOR SALE—Cheap Residence Lot. A handsome corner lot, Southeast front, near St. James' Church, cheap. Apply to S. H. KERFOOT & Co., 82 Dearborn street. my23c418-1w

☞ Meyers' Miraculous Vermin Distroyer, the oldest and best remedy for Exterminating RATS and MICE, COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS, MOSQUITOES, FLEAS, MOTHS, GRAIN-WORMS and GARDEN INSECTS.
☞ Principal Depot 612 Broadway, New York.
Sold by druggists everywhere. my23c410-3m

VOLK'S BUSTS
—OF—
HON. ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

Life Size and Cabinet or Half Size, (patent pending,) are now completed, and can be seen at the Studio of L. W. Volk, in the Portland Block, Chicago, Ill., where all orders for copies will be received and filled on short notice, at the following prices:
Single copy, in Composition, (Life Size)..............$10
" " " (Cabinet, or Half Size). 4
Securely boxed and shipped to any part of the country.
Agencies for the sale of the above busts will be established in all the principal cities of the Union.
my23 c415 d1w w3w

CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
PHILADELPHIA,
Corner of Chestnut and Ninth Streets,
OPENED IN FEBRUARY 1860

This magnificent establishment, now in successful operation, is universally conceded to be the

Most Complete Hotel in the World,

and will be conducted upon a scale of liberality in all its departments, which cannot fail to make it the popular head quarters for pleasure seekers from the South and West during the early summer and the autumn. Accommodations are offered for nearly 1000 guests, fitted and furnished with every modern improvement, which experience could suggest, for comfort and experience, while a vertical railway is to be introduced to convey passengers by steam, in a commodious car, to the upper floors—thus securing the purer air and quiet of the higher rooms without the fatigue of ascending stairs.

Another novel improvement has been effected by which a powerful fan-wheel (operated by steam), forces a current of fresh air through the public rooms and corridors, cooling and ventilating the house in a superior manner.

The interior arrangements and furnishing have been completed under the personal supervision of Paran Stevens, the Lessee, under whose management the well-known success of the Revere House and Tremont House in Boston, the Battle House, and Point Clear Hotel in Mobile, Ala., and the Fifth Avenue Hotel in New York has been established, and no efforts or expense will be spared to render the Continental the most attractive travelers' Home in the Union.

J. E. STEVENS & CO., Proprietors.
my23c411-6t

READY JUNE 1st, 1860.

THE BOBBIN BOY,
—AND—
VERNON.

This is a TRUE STORY of the boyhood and early life of

Governor Banks,

and the boys he knew—how they played, how they studied, encouraged by their leader, the hero of this story, who started at the very foot of the ladder, that he is *still ascending*. His schoolmates, those who followed his example, rise to honorable stations in life, while the idle and careless

Wanted.

TO RENT—A Two Story Frame dwelling house situated No. 586 Wabash avenue, near Twelfth street. Rent $300 per annum. Apply to M. LAFLIN, 49 South Water street. my22 c406-2w

WANTED—A few good Agents to travel with a Patented article which will meet with a ready sale, and pay a handsome profit. Apply to HALSEY & KING, 168 Clark street. my28c404-4w

WANTED—A CARPENTER is wanted (an American) to go to Central Illinois on a farm for six months work. He must be a good workman and give good references. Address A. M. B., stating rate of wages. Press and Tribune office. my18x1

TO RENT—Brick Dwelling, No. 207 Erie street, to rent low. Also—
SECOND STORY
Over Scott, Keen & Co.'s Clothing Store, to rent low. Inquire of L. D. OLMSTED & CO.,
my21c401-1m Cor. Lake and Lasalle streets.

WANTED—To exchange the stock of goods in store 201 Lake street, consisting of Stoves, Sheet Iron, Hollow and Tin Ware and house furnishing goods is offered for sale or trade for Lumber in small or large quantities or will be exchanged for good city property.
For further particulars inquire at the store No. 201, Lake street. my16x201

WANTED—A Farmer and Wife. A married man without children (an American) is wanted on a farm, about 101 miles from Chicago, to take charge of same as foreman, including care of horses and stock. He must be honest, temperate, capable and thoroughly acquainted with the management of a farm. The wife must understand cooking, care of a dairy and a good housekeeper. Good references required. None others need apply. Address "J. H. S.," Press and Tribune Office. my17x1w

WANTED—COOPERAGE—The subscriber will advance on Packing Barrels received by him in store and will hold till sold.
HOOP POLES, STAVES AND HEADINGS bought and for sale. GEO. A. SEAVERNS,
fe27b669 3m 72 Dearborn street.

WANTED FOR THE
UNITED STATES ARMY.

Wanted for service on our Frontiers, young, able-bodied men, of good character, to whom will be given good pay, board, clothing and medical attendance. Also, Musicians for the third Infantry Band. Pay ranging from

$11 to $22 per Month,

ACCORDING TO ABILITY.

Recruiting Rendezvous at 186 South Clark street, Chicago.
ap17-c98-3m J. W. ALLEY, Lieut. 3d Infantry.

PIKE'S PEAK.—Wanted, a Partner with a capital of $3,000, to be equal partner with the advertiser in purchasing Engine and Machinery for quartz mining, to go to Pike's Peak. Address "W. P. B.," box 1611. my22x1w

BINDER WANTED—A first-class General Workman to take charge of a Bindery in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Apply to W. TANNER, Basement of 95 Clark street, or to the subscriber, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. J. G. DAVENPORT. my17 c374-1m

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—A ticket to Boston, Mass., via Suspension Bridge—good until the 25th inst. Price $21. Inquire at Press and Tribune office, to-day. my1x m

FOR SALE—Or to Lease on Long Time—a large quantity of Improved and unimproved city property, at 227 Lake street, by ENOS AYRES. my16c347-10t

FOR SALE—Low for Cash, a centrally located business house, six stories, with stone front, suitable for Banking business or Insurance Offices, by ENOS AYRES, 227 Lake street. my16c349-10t

A PRESS FOR SALE.—Any one who wishes to go into the publication of an old paper at a desirable point, can find an excellent opportunity by inquiring of W. S. POPE, at Mt. Morris, Ogle County, Ill. my19x1w

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Outside City Property—South Side preferred. The above property, situated No 147 South Jefferson, near Madison street, and two blocks from the new West Side Union Depot. It is now rented to a good tenant and possession can be had at one months notice. Apply to ASHURST & DOUGLAS, Boat Yard, South Branch, near Twelfth street. my16c350-1m

FOR SALE.—To Railroad Men.—The LOCOMOTIVE COLUMBIANA, built by Norris, 5 or 6 years old, in good running order. Will be sold very cheap for cash, or exchanged for other property. Inquire of B. P. HUTCHINSON, 229 So. Water street. mh31*2m

FOR SALE—Cheap, the new Cottage House (8 rooms) and three years lease, No. 259 South Clinton street. A desirable residence and locality. Good garden yard and water fixtures attached. Sold cheap for cash, or a part on short time, secured. Apply on the premises, or to the subscriber at the office of Carroll & Jameson, 65 South Clark street, corner of Randolph.
m9c301-1m JAMES N. JOHNSON.

FOR SALE—A beautiful country residence, situated at Oakton, on the Milwaukee Railroad, nine miles north of the city. The house is of modern style, containing ten large rooms, with closets and pantries, Good out buildings, supplied with excellent water from two wells and cistern. The ... Apply to J. G. HAMILTON, Room No. 4, Methodist Church Block. my16x2w

NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS for sale low. Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Orders for Tuning Pianos, Melodeons, Organs, and all kinds of Musical Instruments ... 115 Lake street ...

BRICK FOR SALE.—
60,000
For sale low at Lake street Mills, Nos. 141 and 143 West Lake street. [oc10] STEVENS & NORRIS.

A BRILLIANT NOVEL!

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

Miscellaneous.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

FROM REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER, N. Y.—"*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" "It is five years since I accidentally entered your store for some sort of a preparation for Hoarseness; the Troches which you gave me entirely answered the purpose which I had in view. Since then in all my lecturing tours I put "Troches" in my carpet bag as regularly as I do lectures or linen, and I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, except to think yet better of that which I began in thinking well of."

To Public Speakers and Singers.

"*Brown's Bronchial Troches,*" or Cough Lozenges. From Prof. M. Stacy Johnson, Teacher of Music, S. Female College, La Grange, Ga. "I have found their use very efficacious in removing that irritation of the Throat so common with Speakers and Singers. I have enlisted several gentlemen in their favor, among whom are Prof. Wines, Principal Brownwood University, and Rev. M. Teague, of this place. The Troches have only to be tried to recommend themselves."

Cough Lozenges.

Brown's Bronchial Troches. At this season of the year, when so many are troubled with hoarseness, influenza and bronchial difficulties, these Troches afford a grateful relief. We have seen instances of their good effects in cases of inflammation of the bronchial tubes and of the hoarseness of children. They contain nothing which can injure the constitution, and have a soothing effect very efficacious in assisting expectoration and prevent the accumulation of phlegm. For public speakers, singers, and all persons troubled with hoarseness, they are invaluable.—*Portland Transcript.*

Hoarseness, &c.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.—These cough and voice lozenges, which we advertised a few weeks ago, are superior for relieving hoarseness to anything that we are acquainted with. We have tried them during the past winter, and make this statement gratuitously, for the benefit of our brethren in the ministry.—*Central Christian Herald, Cincinnati.*

Bronchial Affections.

A clergyman writing from Morristown, Ohio, speaking of the beneficial effects resulting from the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches," says; "Last spring I feared my lungs were becoming dangerously involved, and until I used your Troches could not preach a sermon of ordinary length, without hoarseness; but now (with the assistance of 'Troches') I have in the past five weeks preached some forty sermons."

Brown's Bronchial Troches.
COUGHS.

The great and sudden changes of our climate, are fruitful sources of *Pulmonary and Bronchial Affections.* Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stage of disease, recourse should at once be had to *Brown's Bronchial Troches* or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off.

Brown's	"That trouble in my Throat, (for which the "Troches" is a specific) having made me often a mere whisperer." N. P. WILLIS.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's	"I recommend their use to Public Speakers." Rev. E. H. CHAPIN.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's	"Have proved extremely serviceable for Hoarseness." REV. H. W. BEECHER.	Troches.
Brown's	"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma." Rev. A. C. EGGLESTON.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's	"Contain no Opium or anything injurious." Dr. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's	"A simple and pleasant compound for Coughs, &c." Dr. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"Beneficial in Bronchitis." Dr. J. F. W. LANE, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's	"I have proved them excellent for Whooping Cough." Rev. H. W. WARREN, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's	"Beneficial when compelled to speak, suffering from Cold." Rev. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louis.	Troches.
Brown's	"I heartily unite in the above commendation." Rev. M. SCHUYLER.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's	"Effectual in removing Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with Speakers and Singers." Prof. M. S. JOHNSON. La Grange, Ga.	Troches.
Brown's	Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.	Troches.
Brown's	"I have been much afflicted with Bronchial Affection producing Hoarseness and Cough ... are the only ..." Rev. GEO. SLACK,	Troches.
Brown's	Minister Church of England, Milton Parsonage, Canada.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

☞ Cures Cough, Cold, Hoarseness and Influenza.
Cures any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat.

Amusements.

McVICKER'S THEATRE. Madison street, between State and Dearborn.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 23d,

First night of the new comedietta, now being acted in London, entitled

B. B. The Benicia Boy.

Mr. McVicker as.......B. B. | Mr. Bradley as the Chicken.

The performance will commence with the elegant comedy of

CHRIST TO THE MILL.

Francis.. ....Mrs. Leighton.
Messrs. Bradley, Myers and Miss Hulver.

To conclude with the farce

SERVANTS BY LEGACY.

Dan O'Neill.......................................Mr. Dillon.

In rehearsal, the new dramatic drama of HUSBAND TO ORDER. This drama was highly successful at Wallack's Theatre.

CHANGE OF TIME.—Doors open at 7¼; Curtain rises at 8 o'clock precisely.
☞ Box office open from 10 o'clock A. M. till 5 o'clock P. M., when seats can be secured three days in advance.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c.; Second Circle, 25c.; Lower Private Boxes, $4; Upper, $3.
Z. G. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
North Baptist Church,
—AT—
METROPOLITAN HALL,
Thursday Evening, May 24th.

Fresh Strawberries, direct from Covington, Kentucky, Delicious Ice Cream, and choice Cake and Coffee will be offered.
Also—Beautiful Bouquets, and a select variety of Fancy Articles.
During the evening the following Tableaux will be presented—parts being sustained by well known ladies and gentlemen of our city who have volunteered their assistance: 1—Scene from Trovatore; 2—Night and Morning; 3—Jephtha's Daughter; 4—Rebecca at the Well; 5—Coming to get Married; 6—Taking the Veil; 7—Romeo and Juliet; 8—Enchanted Castle.
Music by the Great Union Band, and also by amateurs on the piano.
All articles sold will be offered at current rates, and hope need fear UNPLEASANT IMPORTUNITIES.
Full value will be given for all received, and those who come may be assured a pleasant evening.
Tickets of admission only 25 cents.
The Piano used on this occasion has been kindly furnished by Wm. W. W. Kimball, Larmon Block.
my22c400-3t

KINGSBURY HALL.—Monday Evening, May 21st, and every evening during the week,

Hooley & Campbell's Minstrels,

From Niblo's Saloon, Broadway, N. Y. POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK. Change of programme each evening. For full particulars see small bills.
my21-c394 1w LOUIS A. ZWISLER, Agent.

G. MIRASOLE WILL GIVE A SELECT PARTY
Every Saturday thro' May and June,
AT HIS DANCING ACADEMY,
On South-West corner of Madison and Clark, to which he invites his pupils and their friends. my16c370 1w

To Rent.

TO RENT.—A Wharfing Lot on South Branch, 107 feet front by 184 feet deep from the river to Franklin street, between Van Buren and Harrison streets. This lot has wharf of the best description, and is well adapted for a Coal, Stone or Lumber Yard. Apply to E. C. LARNED, 97 Washington street. my22b874 tjy10

FOR RENT.—On 15th June, or Sale Cheap, two First Class Brick Dwellings, three stories, finished in modern style, with good twenty barns in each, situate within 100 feet of the Lake on Old street. A splendid view of the lake and harbor and surrounding, a good neighborhood, and accessible to Horse Railroad. Inquire No. 63 Lake street, H. G. STONE.
my 14 c358-1m

TO RENT—New Family Hotel in
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Situated in a desirable locality of the city, on corner of Twelfth and Olive streets, near the Missouri Park, and on the line of the Olive street Horse Cars. The house contains about sixty rooms, and is supplied with Gas, Water, Bells, Store Rooms, Pantries, etc.
To a responsible tenant, able to keep a first-class family hotel, a long and very favorable lease will be granted.
For information as regards terms, etc., address or apply to JOHN E. Y. ... or S. H. LAFLIN, Esq., of the firm of Laflin Smith & Boles, St. Louis, Mo. my18d 81 1m

General Notices.

TO PRINTERS.—A rare chance! —A good Country Newspaper and Job Printing Office in a flourishing town in Northern Illinois is offered for sale at a BARGAIN. For particulars address Box 1949, Chicago, Ill. my17x1w

TO EXCHANGE—$50,000 worth Improved City Property in exchange for Unimproved City Property or Country Lands, and part Cash, or on time, by ENOS AYRES, 227 Lake street. my12c348-10t

$100 PER MONTH CAN BE made by a good salesman, with a capital of $10, selling a Patent Portable Copying Press with Book attached. A first class article—sells readily at large profits. Address J. E. COOLEY & CO., Poughkeepsie, N. Y. my9-2wx

PORTLAND BLOCK.—The undersigned has accepted the agency for the above building at the corner of Dearborn and Washington streets, from Mr. Reed ... M. PARKER, 98 Washington street. my26c171-1m

CALUMET ICE.—The place to leave orders for C. I. Co.'s office, No. "Pad Basement" or at Wadhams, Willard & Co's. office. No reduction in price. (opposite Post Office.) They can supply you all, and They have enough of a pure article to supply you all, and are the only concern who do not sell ice cut in the filthy Chicago River. my22 c409-1m

OFFICE OF CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R. CO.
CHICAGO, May 20, 1860.

TO STOCKHOLDERS:—Notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the Stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company in Chicago, Illinois, on Friday, the 22d day of

PRESS AND TRIBUNE
ADVERTISING SCHEDULE

The following are the rates of advertising in the

DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

One Square, (8 lines agate,) one insertion	$ .50
" " each subsequent day, (or $1; $2)	25
" " two weeks, (or $..)	3.00
" " one month, (or $..)	5.00
" " three months, (or $15.)	12.00
" " six months, (or $25.)	20.00
" " one year	30.00

☞ A Schedule of Prices for more space than one Square can be seen at the Counting Room.
☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.
☞ All changes charged 20 cents per Square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE

$ 1.00 per Square, each week, for first month,
2.00 " " for each subsequent month,
28.00 " " for one year.

Auction Sales.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—Auctioneers.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF

FURNITURE, &c.,

AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, May 23d, commencing at 9½ o'clock a. m. and 2½ p. m., we will sell to the highest bidder for cash, by order of E. AIKEN, Assignee,

AT THE STORE OF H. N. PARSONS,

179......................Randolph Street......................179

Three doors East of the Briggs House.

The entire stock, consisting of a large and elegant assortment of all styles and descriptions of Rosewood, Mahogany, Oak and Walnut

Parlor, Bedroom and Diningroom
FURNITURE,

Manufactured expressly for city retail trade.
Also—A large variety of Office Desks and Office Furniture, together with every other kind of goods usually kept in first-class furniture stores. Every article must be sold without reserve to the highest and best bidder, for cash.
GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.
E. AIKEN, Assignee. my21c396-3t

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON—AUCTIONEERS,

BEST WHITE CROCKERY,
Cutlery, Glassware and Mirrors,

AT AUCTION.

We will sell, on FRIDAY, May 25th, at 9½ o'clock, A. M., at store number

82..................Lake Street..................82

Will sell reserve for cash, twenty-two ... of H. H. Hood's best White Crockery, consisting of a general assortment, GLASSWARE—25 ... Also—An invoice of TABLE CUTLERY, warranted all perfect.
Also—An invoice of Mahogany Frame MIRRORS.
The above goods will be found worthy to any offered at auction this season, and will be found worthy the attention of the trade. Parties buying for the country can have their goods packed by experienced packers.
my24-c1..lt GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
SUPERIOR PIANO FORTE,
CARPETS AND MIRRORS,

AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, May 24 commencing at 9½ o'clock A. M., we will sell at our salesroom, No. 82 Lake street, the largest assortment of the above goods offered this season, consisting in part of Parlor Suits in Brocatelle, plush and hair cloth; elegant rosewood, mahogany and walnut marble top centre tables, mahogany chairs of all kinds, tete-a-tetes, and sofas, book cases and secretaries, hollow work stands, and desks, hall stands, card and side tables, easy and rocking chairs, and corner what nots, mahogany, oak, rosewood and walnut marble top and plain chamber sets, bureaus and washstands of all kinds, wardrobes, oak and walnut sideboards and extension dining tables, cane chairs, hair and other mattresses, lounges, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, French and German ... carpets of various kinds cut in any quantities.
Also—One superior Rosewood Case 7 Octave Piano Forte—a perfect instrument and beautiful tone, full iron frame, and warranted for five years.
Also—A variety of Common Furniture.
my21c419 2t GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.—

Large Catalogue Sale of

FINE ARTS,

Signori G. B. Pandolfini & Co., from Italy, would advise the ladies and gentlemen of Chicago and vicinity that they will dispose of

AT AUCTION,

Commencing on MONDAY, May 28 and continuing until June 5, hours of sale 2½ and 7½ P. M., each day,

AT OUR SALES ROOM, 82 LAKE STREET,

The most magnificent collection of altogether new designs of Italian marble, alabaster and agate statuary, &c. Also, the lot at ... Bohemian decorated and engraved glassware, French china ware, work boxes and writing desks, English table ware, fancy articles, &c., &c. In this superb collection will be found many with best of beautiful design and workmanship, many of which are original, and therefore perfectly unique. Such as ... Roman, Grecian, Neapolitan, and other ... in forms of vases, statuettes of sculptured alabaster, under glass shades, such as comedy, tragedy, Venus, dancing girl, Apollo and Psyche, Fidelity, and many other groups. The above goods have just arrived from Europe, and have been selected with great care by Signor Pandolfini, from the great studios of Italy, and the royal manufactories of Prague and Vienna.

Also, a superb assortment of the finest quality of silver plated goods, consisting of ... castors, with rich cut bottles, table and tea urns, forks, spoons and salts, together with a great variety of useful articles.

These goods have never been offered in any other market, and every article will be sold without the least reserve.

It is confidently believed, that the tasteful, the curious, and the economical have never had so favorable an opportunity of obtaining articles of elegance, ornament and utility.

The goods will be open for free examination on Wednesday and Thursday, May 16th and 17th, and ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine the above beautiful and select assortment and attend the sale.

Catalogues will be ready on the morning of the day of sale.

Goods purchased for transit will be packed in the original Italian packages at a small expense.
my17dc377 GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers, 46, 48 & 50 Dearborn street.

Furniture of the Revere House AT AUCTION.

$60,000 Worth to be Sold!

The Largest Sale of Valuable Furniture ever held in Chicago.

ON MONDAY, MAY 28, 1860, AT 9 O'CLOCK,

We shall commence to sell at auction at the REVERE HOTEL, corner of Dearborn and Randolph street, the entire furniture of said Hotel, which is adapted to the use of hotels or private houses.

All who have examined the costly Rosewood, Mahogany and other articles of furniture in this hotel have pronounced it the most elegantly furnished House west of New York ...

WASHINGTON, May 18, 1860.

The news of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln at Chicago, when first received here about one o'clock to-day, was not credited. The Democrats had fully made up their minds that Seward was to be the man, and a dispatch from a prominent Republican member of Congress, dated an hour or two before the assembling of the Convention, had led the Republicans to believe that Seward was to be the man. To give you some idea of the *desire* to have Seward nominated, manifested by the Democracy, I will state that after the receipt of the N. Y. *Tribune* last night, containing Mr. Greeley's admission that he could not be defeated for the nomination, Democrats around the city freely discussed the policy to be pursued at Baltimore, and slates were made up based upon the calculation that Seward would be the Republican candidate. Mr. Bocock, of Virginia, the leader of the Democratic side of the House, after it was considered a sure thing for Seward, said that "Bates would have given the Democracy "trouble, but Lincoln would have been a great "deal worse for them."

I have before apprised you of the golden opinions which Mr. Lincoln won among the Republicans here in his recent Eastern tour, and you will not, therefore, be surprised to learn that the intelligence that has been constantly coming during the last few days that Mr. L's prospects were brightening at Chicago, was received here with very general and unconcealed satisfaction. As you have maintained in your paper, he was just the proper compromise between Bates and Seward. The deep though quiet gratification evinced at the result by all the recognized and trusted leaders of the party here, is particularly noticeable. I was at the Committee rooms when Ben. Wade came in to enquire concerning the truth of the report that Lincoln was nominated, "We are all safe," said he, "if Old Abe is on the track." The liveliest enthusiasm lights up the eyes of all the Ohio and Indiana members, who have been steadily looking for Lincoln's nomination; while the Pennsylvanians are eminently satisfied. Major Schwartz received a dispatch from Forney confirming the report, and the Major gave his unlimited approval of the choice. There is not a man of the Penn. delegation in the House but says he can carry that banner to victory. There are no Senators and Representatives who are better pleased with the nomination than those from Michigan, notwithstanding that State was so strong for Seward, while the other Northwestern members are this evening recalling, many of them, reminiscences of Old Abe, whom nearly all of them know, and love, and honor. The Eastern members are catching the enthusiasm from their Western brethren, and the general good feeling makes your correspondent feels like saying, "It is good to be here." As to those of us in and out of Congress, from the Prairie State, which has been thus honored, we can't express our emotions. We can only think of the manner in which we know the prairies are burning from Chicago to Cairo, and send our greetings.

The effect of this nomination upon the Democracy is crushing. I sat to-night watching their countenances as they came down the Avenue from the Senate and House. Their strifes about Slave Code and Squatter Sovereignty, about Intervention and Non-Intervention seemed for the hour to have "remained in abeyance," in view of the solemn fact which the lightning had flashed upon them from the West. Mason had been thundering away in the Senate against Douglas, and anathematizing Northern Democracy in general, while nine-tenths of the Democratic side listened with approving smiles; but as the proud Virginian passed along on his way from the forensic triumph, I thought he looked as though he had another funeral than that of Squatter Sovereignty to attend to.

Perhaps no other cause has contributed more to the nomination of Mr. Lincoln than the distribution of his great speech in New York last winter. Thousands upon thousands of this document have been distributed over the country by the Republican Congressional Document Committee here, orders for it multiplying wherever it is sent. It may be mentioned right here, by the way, that Illinoisans have furnished their share of material for this canvass already. The masterly speech of Senator Trumbull, early during the present session, has had, and is continuing to have, a very extensive circulation in every part of the country. I think no Republican in America has done more towards enlightening Pennsylvania as to true political doctrines than Lyman Trumbull.

Mr. Washburne's bill, providing for the safety of steamboat passengers, passed the House today, after a long and sharp discussion. No bill passed during the session has been subjected, in all its features, to a more rigid and thorough examination.

Experience Eastabrook, of Nebraska, was given his walking papers to-day, there being no opposition. I thought the Detroit frauds were pretty bad, but they were "nothing to speak of" compared to those practised by Experience.

WALDO.

P. S.—We have just heard that Hannibal Hamlin is nominated for Vice-President, and the crowd are congratulating him in his room on an upper floor as I write. A better choice could not have been made the wide world over. Senator H. is a universal favorite here.

W.

After music from the band, Mr. Campbell, member of Congress from Pennsylvania, was introduced. He said: I claim the right to express the sentiment of my section upon the nomination recently made at Chicago. [Cheers.] I want to say, first, my State is Union-loving and conservative to the core. She believes that the mission of this great Republic, as originated by the fathers, is one of peace and liberty; but that this Democratic party now in power has been arrayed against liberty, the Revolutionary precepts, right, and the interests of the country. [Applause.] She has, therefore, looked around her for some other man, and has heard that a citizen of Kentucky, born on her soil, a pioneer of the Western wilderness—she has heard of the nomination of Abraham Lincoln with unfeigned gratification. [Applause.] She believes that Abraham Lincoln is the man for the time, and more he'll breast up with the advancing wave of civilization and liberty. He then went on to eulogize the platform upon which he stands, which he [Mr. Campbell] said protected the iron interests of Pennsylvania, and would build up her manufacturers, and pledged the Keystone State to the nominees of the Chicago Convention.

From the Washington House the band and the attending crowd proceeded up Pennsylvania avenue five hundred strong, and thence up Eighth street to the quarters of Senator Trumbull.

SPEECH OF SENATOR TRUMBULL.

Senator Trumbull being introduced to the meeting addressed it in an earnest and somewhat lengthy speech in support of the great work done for the Republican party at Chicago. He had known Abraham Lincoln for twenty years. A native of Kentucky, he was brought over when a lad into Indiana. Thence, with his axe on his shoulder, he went into Illinois, where he hewed his way into distinction. He studied and for a time practiced the business of a land surveyor, then he entered into the study of the law, and rapidly rose to the high distinction of the ablest lawyer in the Northwest. They call him "Old Abe," said Mr. Trumbull, and yet he is in the prime of life—about 51 years old. He is a giant in stature, six feet three inches high, and every inch a man. [A voice—"Not high enough to be President."] Yes, high enough to be President, and he will be President. [Hurrah.] A giant in intellect as well as in stature. I tell you, my friends, that the prairies of Illinois are all ablaze to-night with the fires of enthusiasm. Mr. Trumbull then explained, that in the Illinois contest of 1858, while Douglas carried the Legislature, Lincoln had the popular vote by four thousand majority; and he will more than double it in November. I tell you he will make a clean sweep of every State west of the Alleghanies.

Trumbull continued for sometime longer, amidst frequent interruptions from outsiders. Finally, Mr. Trumbull called for "Three cheers for Lincoln and Hamlin," which were heartily given, followed by "Three for Trumbull."

SPEECH OF MR. WASHBURNE OF ILLINOIS—ATTACK ON THE MEETING.

Hon. Elihu Washburne, of Illinois, was next introduced to the meeting, and in a bold, clear, strong voice, was entering upon a eulogistic sketch of the life and character, public and private of Mr. Lincoln, when a few stray brick-bats and stones fell in among his audience, from the direction of the Patent Office, when instantly there was a stampede in the opposite direction, the musicians of the band being among the first to take to their heels. The steadfast Republicans immediately about the doorstep stood their ground, and presently some of Mayor Berrett's police came up and told the speaker to go on, for that the meeting would be protected.

Mr. Washburne meantime maintained his stand upon the stoop, and in a few minutes, comparative order being restored, he resumed his speech, saying that when the time had come that a public meeting on public affairs could not be held in the Federal capital without a riotous disturbance, it was time for a sweeping reform which would drive these lawless parasites from the footstool of power. Mr. Washburne concluded with a high eulogium of Mr. Hamlin, when the meeting, after a round or two of cheers, quietly dispersed.

The Fires Kindled.

[From the Cincinnati Gazette, 21st.]

Returning delegates, on their route homeward to this city, were saluted, at leading points, by large crowds of people, full of wild enthusiasm for the Chicago nominations. Even the train which left on Friday evening continued to be greeted at the several stations, until long after midnight. On Saturday these ardent demonstrations, begun at Valparaiso, Ind., were kept up at various points, and culminated at Fort Wayne, in a large impromptu mass meeting. Gov. Denniston, being on the train, was called out, and effectively addressed the large assemblage, eliciting repeated and hearty applause by his allusions to "Honest Old Abe" and the glorious triumph to be won under his leadership. Here, as along the road so far as Lima, where a large number of Ohioans took another route, the band of music accompanying the Pennsylvania delegates enlivened these remarkable popular gatherings with strains suited to the occasion. At one place in Indiana, a large flag, with the names of the candidates, and attached to a rail, was flying, and the loudest of cheers went up for the nominees. From Lima to this city, like demonstrations had already greeted the previous train. All the Miami Valley is on fire with the enthusiasm for the Republican ticket. Judging from the indications thus given, we anticipate a popular furore for Lincoln and Hamlin, during this canvass, unparalleled even during the memorable contest of 1840.

☞ At a meeting of the Connecticut delegates, held at their headquarters on the 19th of May, 1860—

Resolved, That the generous consideration which led the sons of Connecticut in Chicago to provide quarters for the delegation from their native State, merits our deepest gratitude, and in our own behalf and in behalf of the Republicans of our State, we tender them our heartfelt thanks.

Resolved, That in the kind and considerate manner in which our necessities have been anticipated and supplied, and our pleasure and happiness promoted by our friends, we have been made to feel that though abroad, we were still at home, and that the "Sons of Connecticut," though they may change their residence, change not therewith the heart.

Resolved, That we shall ever retain in grateful remembrance the munificence and generosity of our friends, and we only regret that this feeble expression of our feelings is all we can offer as an evidence of our gratitude.

Resolved, That to the Republicans of Chicago and her citizens in general, we make our acknowledgments for a uniform attention and kindness, honorable to themselves and worthy of their noble city.

GIDEON WELLES, Chairman.
H. H. STARKWEATHER, Secretary. 1t*

THE BIRDS.—Now that the genial Spring is budding bush and tree, and the leaves once more offer a shelter and home to the merry little birds, it is shameful to see, as we did yesterday, how they are persecuted by mischievous and wicked boys who stone and trap them, and use all manner of means to gratify their cruel pleasure. Parents should look to and correct this, and teach them the beauties of the following pretty stanza:—

"Don't kill the birds, the little birds,
That sing about your door
Soon as the joyous Spring has come,
And chilling storms are o'er,
The little birds, how sweet they sing!
O, let them joyous live,
And never seek to take the life
Which you can never give."

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—We have just received from the publishers the June number of the above magazine, which concludes the fifth volume. The first article, "The Future of American Railways," though handled by one well versed in his subject, we do not endorse his partiality to one road and depreciation of another. Another very good article, entitled "Chess," is quaint in style and interesting as well to the general reader as to the chess amateur. The poem "Pythagoras" is passable, as is also "Japan," though as Japan and the Japanese are all the rage at present, it is probably the most attractive article in the number. It also contains several other very readable papers, including the continuation of "The Professor's Story." It is sold here by McNally & Co., No. 81 and by Norris & Hyde, No. 100 Dearborn street.

ARREST OF A CHICAGO BIGAMIST.—A man named Charles G. Johnson was arrested in Memphis, last week, at the instance of a young woman who claimed to be his wife. He was taken before Esq. Richards for examination, when it was proved that he had married the complainant in Chicago, in 1855, and lived with her until about six months since, when he left for the South. His wife, who is the mother of three children, not hearing of her husband, went to that city in search of him. Johnson, it seems, had represented himself as a single man, and married a young Irish woman, with whom he became acquainted at a boarding house in the Northern part of the city—the ceremony having been performed in the Catholic Church about two weeks since. The feelings of the deserted wife, on discovering the infidelity of her husband, may be better imagined than described. Esq. Richards committed the fellow to jail for trial, and detained the first wife as a witness.

A SAD CASE—*A good lesson for boys.*—In the police court, yesterday, a boy named Charles Hinze, was arraigned upon a charge of vagrancy. The police had found him, moneyless, friendless, houseless, and wandering about through the night. He was a sad looking young fellow of not more than fifteen Summers, and appearances betokened that the world had dealt hard and bitterly with him. He said he came from Milwaukee in the hope of finding employment. He had wearied himself in the vain pursuit, and his heart sank within him as he contrasted the gloomy present and fearful future with the sunshine of days long gone by, when a father's counsels and a mother's prayers blessed his young life. The poor boy's story touched the heart of the kind magistrate, who discharged him with some excellent advice. And what was the cause of his degradation? It was a *street*, and not a *home* education. According to his own account, he acted as thousands of other boys do. He used to slip out of the house and go off with a crowd of boys to lounge and frolick with them instead of remaining at home under the influence of a mother's devoted care. In the street he learned to swear; in the street he learned to smoke; in the street he learned to gamble; in the street he learned to pilfer; and yet he is so young! It is indeed, a sad sight to see a young boy thus take to the street of his own free will—still more sad to see him driven to it perforce. Its discipline is so hard—its teachings are so cruel—its examples are so fatal! Who can count the bright lights it has quenched! Prolific breeder of sin and shame—terrible tutor in the lore of infamy—what tales of crime and suffering might not its every stone relate!

Especially is the street the corruptor of youth. Nowhere else is the lore of crime so zealously taught—or so speedily learned. Nowhere else is innocence so surely supplanted by guilt; is the freshness of life so soon blighted; are the baser passions so effectually developed; is manhood so soon debauched.

Jefferson High School.

Pursuant to a call of the Trustees of the Town of Jefferson, the directors of the several districts met in the Town House on Saturday, May 5th, for the purpose of establishing a Union High School, under the provisions of the School Law. M. N. Kimbell was chosen Chairman and E. Simons Secretary. The object of the meeting was briefly stated by the Chair, after which the meeting was addressed by J. F. Eberhart, School Commissioner, D. S. Wentworth, of the Scammon School, Chicago, Judge Nathan Allen, and others, all advocating warmly the claims and benefits of such a school.—The general sentiment was in favor of the school. The meeting adjourned to meet again on Saturday, June 2nd, at 3 o'clock P. M.

M. N. KIMBALL, Ch'n.
E. SIMONS, Sec'y.

☞ Fine Jewelry, Watches and Silver Ware, of every denomination, can be purchased of A. H. Miller & Bros, 126 Lake Street, corner of Clark. They have the largest and most elegant stock in the city. my19 6t.

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REMOVAL.—Leland & Mixer have removed their office and sample room to 132 South Water street, Pork house, Flanders Block, opposite ...

NOW OPEN.—Fasset & Cook's Photographic Palace—the largest and most complete establishment of the kind in America—is now open to the public. Citizens and strangers are invited to call. Rooms Nos. 122 & 124 Clark street. my18-6t

CHICAGO, May, 1860.

Mr. Thomas George:—Sir:—As warm weather is approaching, I am reminded of the great satisfaction we experienced in our family last season, after getting from you one of those most desirable, and I might almost say indispensible articles, Winship's Refrigerators. Although I am not a believer in every new thing because it is patented, yet I must say that the said refrigerator is certainly one of the best things I have ever known patented. Yours truly,
my17-6t GEO. W. LAY, JR., Mich. Avenue.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are pleased to inform the public that ☞
On and after Wednesday, 9th inst.,
We shall be prepared to do business with them.
Until our former premises are repaired, we shall be found at
32 LAKE STREET,
Nearly Opposite the Old Stand.
We have many Goods saved from the [Fire of the 1st inst.,
MORE OR LESS DAMAGED,
Which we shall offer in
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We shall be glad to see our old customers, and country merchants who want Clothing cheap.
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Have obliged us to remove to larger quarters.
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my21-c393-3t LYMAN J. GAGE.

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While It is a Book for Boys,
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It is by Rev. WM. M. THAYER, author of the popular book, "POOR BOY AND MERCHANT PRINCE," etc., an extremely interesting writer for youth.
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FOR LAKE MICHIGAN.
No appropriations having been made by Congress for the maintenance of the U. S. Steam Dredge Boat, now lying in Chicago, in the North Branch of the River, and there being no means available for that object, the said valuable machine and her four dumping scows thus become unavoidable. They will, accordingly, be sold at their moorings at Chicago, at public auction to the highest bidders, on THURSDAY, the 21st day of June, proximo, at 10 o'clock in the morning.
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THE FUTURE OF AMERICAN RAILWAYS. See ATLANTIC MONTHLY for JUNE, just published. my23c104-3teod

MODEL LODGING HOUSES IN BOSTON. See ATLANTIC MONTHLY, for June, just published. my23c414-3teod

JAPAN. See Atlantic Monthly for JUNE, for an interesting article upon the subject just published. my23c414-3teod

CHESS. See Atlantic Monthly for JUNE, for an attractive paper upon Chess, just published, my23c414-3teod

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m9c801-1m JAMES N. JOHNSON.

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No Girls sent from the office without a printed card.

Brown's	Dr. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"Beneficial in Bronchitis." Dr. J. F. W. LANE, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"I have proved them excellent for Whooping Cough." Rev. H. W. WARREN, Boston.	Troches.
Brown's	"Beneficial when compelled to speak, suffering from Cold." Rev. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louis.	Troches.
Brown's	"I heartily unite in the above commendation." Rev. M. SCHUYLER.	Troches.
Brown's	"Effectual in removing Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with Speakers and Singers." Prof. M. S. JOHNSON, La Grange, Ga. Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.	Troches.
Brown's	"I have been much afflicted with Bronchial Affection producing Hoarseness and Cough ... the only ..." Rev. GEO. SLATORY, Minister Church of England, Milton Parsonage, Canada.	Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's		Troches.
Brown's		Troches.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

☞ Cures Cough, Cold, Hoarseness and Influenza.
Cures any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat.
Relieves the Hacking Cough in Consumption.
Relieves Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh.
Clears and gives strength to the voice of Singers.
Indispensible to Public Speakers.
Soothing and simple, Children can use them.
As they assist Expectoration and relieve Hoarseness.

Coughs.

The great and sudden changes of our climate are fruitful sources of *Pulmonary and Bronchial Affections.* Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stage of the disease, recourse should at once be had to *"Brown's Bronchial Troches,"* or Lozenges, let the Cough or Irritation of the throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off.

Throat Diseases.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges. *From Rev. E. H. Pratt, East Woodstock, Conn.* I feel grateful to you, for placing within the reach of the suffering so valuable a remedy. I have used the Troches three years, with great benefit, not less to my general health than to my throat. I recommend them with great pleasure on every hand."

Affections of the Throat.

From the Rev. S. J. P. Anderson, Pastor of the Central Church, St. Louis. "I have been in the habit of using 'Brown's Bronchial Troches,' or Lozenges, when compelled to speak though suffering from cold. They are very beneficial in clearing the throat, having no injurious tendencies of any kind. I can confidently recommend them to public speakers generally."

"I heartily unite in the above commendation."—*Rev. M. Schuyler, Rector of Christ Church, St. Louis.*

Bronchial Complaints, &c.

Rev. D. P. Livermore, Editor of the Chicago *New Covenant*, says of Brown's Bronchial Troches; "We have frequently had occasion to test the efficacy of 'Brown's Bronchial Troches,' and have invariably found them to answer the purpose for which they are recommended. From our own personal experience and observation, we know them to be a superior remedy for colds, coughs, and bronchial complaints."

NOTE.—*We publish the above statement as reading matter, because we have confidence in the Troches, having tried them frequently, and always with success.—Cincinnati Christian Herald.*

Asthma.

From Rev. D. Letts, Frankfort, Ill.—"An old lady of our acquaintance has been greatly afflicted with Asthma for many years, and has tried a multiplicity of prescriptions, with little or no effect. My wife sent her a part of a box of the 'Bronchial Troches,'—after a few days we heard that she found great relief from their use, and to-day she sent a messenger some five miles to procure more; we had only one box left, but could not refuse it." Brown's Bronchial Troches, or Cough Lozenges, are sold throughout the United States.

Bronchitis.

From Mr. C. H. Gardner, Principal of the Rutger's Female Institute, N. Y.—"I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your Troches." *"Brown's Bronchial Troches,"* or Cough Lozenges, are for sale throughout the United States.

To Public Speakers.

In a letter from Rev. J. H. Dorr, Allentown, Pa., speaking of *"Brown's Bronchial Troches,"* or Cough Lozenges, he says: "Whether a humbug or not, they seem to have done me good. I am inclined to hoarseness from public speaking or an over-exertion of the vocal organs, and I have found them very serviceable as a palliative, calculated to allay irritation, thus avoiding inflammation. My brethren in the ministry to whom I have recommended them seem to have derived more or less benefit."

Hoarseness and Sore Throat.

This unpleasant and painful result of *"Catching Cold,"* or unusual exertion of the vocal organs, may at any time be removed by allowing one or two of *"Brown's Bronchial Troches,"* or Cough Lozenges, to dissolve slowly in the mouth. Hence, Singers and Public Speakers will find them of peculiar advantage.

"We have found of great service in allaying Bronchial Irritation, and in subduing hoarseness produced by Colds."—REV. DANIEL WISE, late Editor of *Zion's Herald.*

Public Speakers and Vocalists.

A NOTED CLERGYMAN and public lecturer says of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES; "In all my lecturing tours, I put Troches in my carpet bag as regularly as I do lectures or linen." Public Speakers, vocalists, clergymen, and others who exercise the voice, should never fail of using these Troches. They surpass all other preparations in clearing and strengthening the voice, removing hoarseness, allaying irritation of the throat, and as a cough remedy are pre-eminently the best.—*Troy Whig.*

Sold Wholesale and Retail by
PENTON & CO.,
94............Lake Street............94
OPPOSITE TREMONT HOUSE.
my16-c361-10.

TO PRINTERS.—A rare chance! A good Country Newspaper and Job Printing Office in a flourishing town in Northern Illinois is offered for sale at a BARGAIN. For particulars address Box 1949, Chicago, Ill. my17x1w

TO EXCHANGE—$50,000 worth Improved City Property in exchange for Unimproved City Property or Country Lands, and part Cash, or on time, by ENOS AYRES, 227 Lake street.
my15c34-10t

$100 PER MONTH CAN BE made by a good salesman, with a capital of $10, selling a Patent Portable Copying Press with Book attached. A first class article—sells readily at large profits. Address J. E. COOLEY & CO., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
my9-2wx

PORTLAND BLOCK.—The undersigned has accepted the agency for the above building, at the corner of Dearborn and Washington streets ... M. PARKER, 95 Washington street. ap24c171-1m

CALUMET ICE.—The place to leave orders for Ice is ... No. ... at Wadhams, Willard & Co's, office, ... (opposite Post Office.) They caused the reduction in price. They have enough of a pure article to supply you all, and are the only concern who do not sell Ice cut in the dirty Chicago River. my22-c409-1m

OFFICE OF CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R. CO.
Chicago, May 20, 1860.
TO STOCKHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the Stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company in Chicago, Illinois, on Friday, the 22d day of June next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other business that may be submitted to the Meeting. By order of the Board of Directors.
my23c402 td AMOS T. HALL, Sec'y.

CAUTION.—CAUTION.
All persons are hereby notified that the undersigned heretofore executed to
O. S. CAMP
FOUR CERTAIN PROMISSORY NOTES,
Dated at Fairfield, Iowa, May 1st, 1860, each for the sum of five hundred dollars, payable respectively at six, nine, twelve and eighteen months from date, at the Banking House of McConnell & Co., in Fairfield, Iowa. The undersigned has a just defense against said notes, and will resist the collection thereof, and hereby cautions all persons against dealing for the same.
my18x3t JAMES M. REA.

CHANCE FOR A DRUGGIST.—One of the best Drug Stores in the city furnished for Wholesale and Retail Trade, can be obtained at a long rent. If desired, a portion or whole of the stock will be sold at a great reduction on cost. Address post office box No. 350. my11x2w

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
Chicago, May 1st, 1860.
The Annual Meeting of the Bondholders and Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company in the city of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the seventh day of June, 1860, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before them.
my3c24?-td JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD COMPANY,
Chicago, May 3, 1860,
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and transaction of other business, will be held at the Office of the Company in Chicago, Illinois, on Wednesday, the 6th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
my7 c279-1m W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

OFFICE CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD CO.
New York, May 2d, 1860.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company in the city of Chicago, State of Illinois, on Friday, the eighth day of June next, 1860.
The poll will be opened at 11 o'clock A. M., and closed at 12 M. HENRY FARNAM, Pres't.
F. H. TOWS, Secretary. my5c28 td

MARSHALL COUNTY BANK,
LACON, ILLINOIS.
O. D. CHASE, Cashier,........W. F. PALMER, Pres't.
Collections made in Marshall and adjoining counties, and proceeds remitted promptly on day of payment.
my18x6m

ILLINOIS SAVINGS INSTITUTION, in the City of Chicago. Incorporated February, 1857. Office 101 and 103 Methodist Church Block. This Institution receives Deposits of Five Cents and upwards, and allows interest at the rate of six per cent per annum. Dividends payable First Monday of January and July. Office open daily during the usual hours of business, and on Tuesday and Saturday evenings.
JOHN C. HAINES, President.
N. B. KIDDER, Cashier. my7-c318-1m.

Boarding.

BOARDING.—Furnished Rooms and Board. Also, day board, can be obtained at 57 Washington street. my9x3w

BOARDING—Good board and pleasant rooms at 136 North Clark street. Terms moderate. my17x1w

BOARDING — 3 pleasant rooms with first-class board may be obtained by calling at 28 Washington street, near Wabash avenue. Also, a few day boarders can be accommodated. my22x'l

BOARDING can be obtained at the WAVERLY HOUSE, 223 and 225 Kinzie street, for $3 per week, with a good single room. Day board $2.00 per week. A. N. COLBY, Propt. my23x't

BOARDING—Two pleasant rooms in a central location with board for a gentleman and wife. Also, a number of gentlemen can be accommodated with day board. MRS. F. M. WILLIAMS, 60 Michigan avenue, corner of Lake. my19x2w

BOARDING—A large front Room to let, furnished or unfurnished, with Board, where there are no children and the comforts of a home can be realized. Apply at No. 207 Ohio street, east of Clark street. m21-4x

BOARD.—A gentleman and lady, or three single gentlemen will find home comforts, room furnished or not, at a moderate price, at the pleasant locality, No. 41 Wabash Avenue, between Randolph and Washington streets. Reference required. my22c1052w

BOARDING.—First-Class Board with pleasant suits of rooms for gentlemen with small families or single gentlemen, can be had at No. 74 State street, near Randolph, (up-stairs.) Transient boarders during Convention can also be accommodated.
my17x1w

BOARD WITH PLEASANT ROOMS at
Nos. 19 and 21 Michigan Avenue.
Reference required.
A few Boarders can be accommodated at
163 Wabash Av. corner Monroe St.
Reference required. ap4c3-6m

EXAMINE THE HOLLY SEWING MACHINE,
AT 166 LAKE STREET
AGENTS WANTED.
ADDRESS BOX 189,
HOLBROOK & WADSWORTH,
mh13b788-3m-1stp General Agents.

Vienna.
Also, a superb assortment of the finest quality of silver plated goods, consisting of tea setts, waiters, 28, 18, 14 inch, and other sizes, castors, with rich cut bottles, coffee and tea urns, forks, spoons and salts, together with a great variety of useful articles.
These goods have never been offered in any other market, and every article will be sold without the least reserve.
It is confidently believed, that the tasteful, the curious, and the economical have never had so desirable an opportunity of obtaining articles of elegance, ornament and utility.
The goods will be open for free examination on Wednesday and Thursday, May 16th and 17th, and ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine the above beautiful and selected assortment and attend the sale.
Catalogues will be ready on the morning of the day of sale.
Goods purchased for transit will be packed in the original Italian packages at a small expense.
my11tds27 GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers, 46, 48 & 50 Dearborn street.
Furniture of the Revere Hotel
AT AUCTION.
$30,000 Worth to be Sold!
The Largest Sale of Valuable Furniture ever held in Chicago.
ON MONDAY, MAY 28, 1860, AT 9 O'CLOCK,
We shall commence to sell at auction at the REVERE HOTEL, corner of Dearborn and Randolph street, the entire furniture of said Hotel, which is adapted to the use of hotels or private houses.
All who have examined the costly Rosewood, Mahogany and other articles of furniture in this hotel ... pronounce it the most elegantly furnished House west of New York city, which, together with its elegant mirrors, chandeliers, carpets of all kinds (velvet, tapestry, Brussels and ingrain), toilet and table crockery and glassware, table furniture, beds and bedding, stoves of all kinds and sizes, bar fixtures and furniture, and in short everything necessary for housekeeping or hotel purposes, offering inducements to those wanting furniture of any kind never before offered to the people of Chicago.
Much of the above furniture, in addition to being costly in material, is elegant and unique in style, differing from anything in the Western country, having been manufactured without regard to cost expressly for this hotel.
The sale will be continued from day to day until the whole is sold.
☞ No postponement on any account.
TERMS:—All sums under $100 cash; all sums over $100, one-third cash, balance in three and four months, approved negotiable paper.
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
my10c591d Auctioneers.

STAFFORD & SMEDLEY, Auctioneers.
Auction Sale of
GROCERIES.
SALES ROOM:
No. 149 South Water street, (second door west of Clark.)
On WEDNESDAY MORNING, May 23d, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, without reserve, a large consignment of Groceries, Paints, Oils, Wooden Ware, &c., comprised in part as follows:

50 hhds N. O. Sugar.
50 bbls Coffee Sugar.
40 bbls Sugar House Syrup.
40 sacks Rio Coffee.
200 hlf chests Young Hyson Tea.
10 hlf chests Black Tea.
25 boxes Tobacco.
50 " Star and Adamantine Candles.
45 " Chemical Soap.
10 " Toilet Soap.
200 dozen Corn Brooms.
50 " Pails.
50 " Tubs.
500 Corn and Clothes Baskets.
5 Baskets Champaign Wine.
3½ Casks A Seignette Brandy.
25 Cases Assorted Pickles.
20 Casks Sal Soda.
20 Boxes Starch.
20 ... Mills.
200 Mats ...
50 bags Almonds.
25 bbls No. 1 Lard Oil.
100 " Extra Winter Bleached Whale Oil.
5 " Pure Lin. Oil.
1 " Pure Lin. (boiled) Oil.
4 " Boiled Paint Oil.
50 " Neats Foot Oil.
25 " Apls't ...
25 " Camphene.
10 " Kerosene and Coal Oil (Burning.)
10 " Rose Pink (english.)
4 kegs English Iron Verdite.
1 cask White Vitriol.
5 kegs London Putty.
7 " American Red Lead.
12 Iron Paint Mills.
9 Small " "
100 cans P. Bryer, (various sizes.)
60 bbls Venetian Red.
400 lbs " " in Oil (assorted 1 lb to 7 lbs.)
20 Clocks.
200 bxs large sized American double thick Glass.
3 bxs Pickled Oysters.
Together with a large number of other articles too numerous to mention. These goods are all of prime qualities and offer inducements to the trade, rarely met with in this market. Sale positive, terms cash, bankable funds.
my19-c380-4t STAFFORD & SMEDLEY.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
46, 48 & 50 DEARBORN STREET,
Directly opposite the Tremont House.
WM. A. BUTTERS. [ap7'60-1y] W. ...

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES
Have won the Highest Premiums at the Fairs of the
United States Agricultural Society,
And at the State Fairs of

MAINE,	ILLINOIS,
VERMONT,	MISSOURI,
CONNECTICUT,	OHIO,
NEW YORK,	INDIANA,
NEW JERSEY,	KENTUCKY,
PENNSYLVANIA,	MICHIGAN,
VIRGINIA,	WISCONSIN,
MISSISSIPPI,	CALIFORNIA,

And at the Fairs of
Metropolitan Mechanic's Institute, Washington,
American Institute, New York,
Mechanic's Association, Boston,
Franklin Institute, Philadelphia,
Mechanic's Institute, Baltimore,
Mechanic's Association, Cincinnati,
Mechanic's Institute, Chicago,
Kentucky Institute, Louisville,
Mechanical Association, St. Louis,
Mechanic's Institute, San Francisco,
—AND AT—
Hundreds of County Fairs.

At the late U. S. Fair at Chicago this Society awarded this Machine the FIRST PREMIUM, a Grand Silver Medal, and the Special Premium of a $100 Silver Pitcher.
The Lock-Stitch made by this machine is the only stitch that cannot be ravelled, and that presents the same appearance each side of the seam. It is made with two threads one upon each side of the fabric, and interlocked in the centre of it. No family should be without this economical time and labor-saving machine. It does the sewing of a family or manufacturer with strength and beauty, stitching the lightest or heaviest fabric in the same time that ten seamstresses require to do the same by hand.
21,305 of these machines were sold in 1859. A printed bill of Directions, illustrating the different parts is sent with each machine, this is sufficiently explicit to show its use. All orders executed with care and promptitude. Machines when shipped are boxed with everything necessary to use them, and can be delivered by express (without injury) to any section of the country. Send for a Circular.
GEO. B. CRITTENDEN, General Agent,
Nos. 167 & 169 Lake st., Chicago, Ill.
Box 4207 P. O. mh3-b710-3m1stp

Press & Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1860.

LINCOLN AS HE IS.

Ten thousand inquiries will be made as to the looks, the habits, tastes and other characteristics of HONEST OLD ABE. We anticipate a few of them.

Mr. LINCOLN stands six feet and four inches high in his stockings. His frame is not muscular, but gaunt and wiry; his arms are long, but not unreasonably so for a person of his height; his lower limbs are not disproportioned to his body. In walking, his gait though firm is never brisk. He steps slowly and deliberately, almost always with his head inclined forward and his hands clasped behind his back. In matters of dress he is by no means precise. Always clean, he is never fashionable; he is careless but not slovenly. In manner he is remarkably cordial, and, at the same time, simple. His politeness is always sincere but never elaborate and oppressive. A warm shake of the hand and a warmer smile of recognition are his methods of greeting his friends. At rest, his features though those of a man of mark, are not such as belong to a handsome man; but when his fine dark gray eyes are lighted up by any emotion, and his features begin their play, he would be chosen from among a crowd as one who had in him not only the kindly sentiments which women love, but the heavier metal of which full grown men and Presidents are made. His hair is black, and though thin is wiry. His head sits well on his shoulders, but beyond that it defies description. It nearer resembles that of Clay than that of Webster; but it is unlike either. It is very large and, phrenologically, well proportioned, betokening power in all its developments. A slightly Roman nose, a wide-cut mouth and a dark complexion, with the appearance of having been weather-beaten, complete the description.

In his personal habits, Mr. LINCOLN is as simple as a child. He loves a good dinner and eats with the appetite which goes with a great brain; but his food is plain and nutritious. He never drinks intoxicating liquors of any sort, not even a glass of wine. He is not addicted to tobacco in any of its shapes. He never was accused of a licentious act in all his life. He never uses profane language. A friend says that once, when in a towering rage in consequence of the efforts of certain parties to perpetrate a fraud on the State, he was heard to say "They shan't do it, d—n 'em!" but beyond an expression of that kind, his bitterest feelings never carry him. He never gambles; we doubt if he ever indulges in any games of chance. He is particularly cautious about incurring pecuniary obligations for any purpose whatever, and in debt, he is never content until the score is discharged. We presume he owes no man a dollar. He never speculates. The rage for the sudden acquisition of wealth never took hold of him. His gains from his profession have been moderate, but sufficient for his purposes. While others have dreamed of gold, he has been in pursuit of knowledge. In all his dealings he has the reputation of being generous but exact, and, above all, religiously honest. He would be a bold man who would say that ABRAHAM LINCOLN ever wronged any one out of a cent, or ever spent a dollar that he had not honestly earned. His struggles in early life have made him careful of money; but his generosity with his own is proverbial. He is a regular attendant upon religious worship, and though not a communicant, is a pew-holder and liberal supporter of the Presbyterian Church, in Springfield, to which Mrs. Lincoln belongs. He is a scrupulous teller of the truth—too exact in his notions to suit the atmosphere of Washington as it now is. His enemies may say that he tells Black Republican lies; but no man ever charged that, in a professional capacity, or as a citizen dealing with his neighbors, he would depart from the Scriptural command. At home he lives like a gentleman of modest means and simple tastes. A good sized house of wood, simply but tastefully furnished, surrounded by trees and flowers, is his own, and there he lives, at ... his honesty, ability and patriotism, the admiration of his countrymen.

If Mr. LINCOLN is elected President, he will carry but little that is ... to the White House. The country must accept his sincerity, his ability and his honesty, in the mould in which they are cast. He will not be able to make as polite a bow as Frank Pierce, but he will not commence anew the agitation of the Slavery question by recommending to Congress any Kansas-Nebraska bills. He may not preside at the Presidential dinners

...the nine districts here specified, may be relied upon as tolerably certain:

SIXTH REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT.

	Republican.	Democratic.
Randolph	985	1,063
Democratic majority		78

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—*Two Members.*

Madison	2,084	2,300
Democratic majority		216

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Clark	1,099	1,335
Democratic majority		236

TWENTY SIXTH DISTRICT—*Two Members.*

Sangamon	3,726	3,078
Democratic Majority		352

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT—*Two Members.*

Adams	2,987	3,397
Democratic majority		410

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Hancock	2,032	2,389
Democratic majority		357

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

McDonough	1,765	1,957
Democratic majority		192

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT—*Two Members.*

Fulton	2,979	3,241
Democratic majority		262

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Mason	878	1,028
Logan	1,302	1,180
Total	2,180	2,263
Democratic majority		83

THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Tazewell	1,783	1,955
Democratic majority		172

There are at least half a dozen other districts where we shall crowd the Democracy very close, if we do not utterly overthrow them. We may safely calculate then that Senator TRUMBULL is already re-elected and the State re-apportioned in Congressional and Legislative districts on the basis of actual population and not on that which existed ten years ago, strengthened by a pro-slavery gerrymander. Let our friends in the Centre and South paste these figures in their hats, go to work, and make our predictions good in November!

WORCESTER'S DICTIONARY.

The most important addition made to English literature during the present century is, without doubt a quarto Dictionary of the English language, by Dr. J. E. WORCESTER. This is a mammoth book of nearly 2,000 pages, containing over 100,000 words, or about 10,000 more than can be found in any other lexicon of our language, together with numerous illustrations and tables of synonymes. There is no other library work in which so great and general an interest is felt as in a dictionary of one's own tongue. It is for all and of daily use to all. Whoever has any love for the language in which he thinks and speaks will welcome every contribution to the wealth of that language, every help to his speaking and to his thought, and to be able to mention such a valuable contribution as the present work should be a pleasure to every public journalist.

Dr. Worcester's lexicographical labors commenced as far back as 1827, or over thirty years ago, at which time he edited "Johnson's English Dictionary as improved by Todd, with Walker's Pronouncing Dictionary combined;" in 1830, or just thirty years ago, he published his "Comprehensive Pronouncing and Explanatory Dictionary." These works, meeting the approbation of the public and of literary men, were followed by others more voluminous, till the result and the end of his long labors have been the quarto of which we speak. Dr. Worcester's smaller dictionaries have been the standard authorities of nearly all our eminent authors and scholars—such men as Bryant, Longfellow, Bancroft, Prescott, Everett, Hawthorne, and it is not strange that such a universal voice of approval and commendation should be given by the learned of our country and of England to the present work so much in advance of those that have preceded it. And it is gratifying that the government of the United States recognizes it as the standard in all the public printing. We cannot too carefully guard the purity of our language, and we believe it is universally conceded that Dr. Worcester, in orthography, represents the best usage of the writers of our own land and of England, and upon a literary question like this—what is the proper orthography?—the opinion and decision of literary men should and will prevail.

In other countries, learned societies have thought it a worthy cause to spend many years in making a dictionary of their tongue, as the "Dictionaire de l'Academie" of France, and the "Dizionario della Crusca" of Italy, &c. What was considered, in these countries, a great undertaking for a whole society of savans, in England was done in seven years by one man, Dr. Johnson. Many years after the publication of Johnson's Dictionary, that of Dr. Webster appeared, in every respect much superior; and now, after the lapse of many more years, we welcome Dr. Worcester's Dictionary, made with the results of all other lexicographers to guide or to warn him, and with the inestimable advantage of a possession of many learned works ... published in particular departments of a Dictionary, some of which departments have been taking giant strides during the present decade. Chemistry, in all its ..., Zoology, Architecture, Medicine, Philology, have none of them been stationary, and that Dr. Worcester has availed himself of the highest authorities in Science and the Arts can be seen by even a slight examination of his work.

There are two excellencies in this Dictionary of which we wish to speak particularly, 1st, the great additions to the vocabulary, and 2d, of the quality of its definitions. Many of these additions are literary words proper, which have

in Webster; for example we have in the former, the word *silly* with seven distinct definitions commencing with the first and now obsolete (directly from its Saxon root, *sælig*) meaning of "Blessed, happy" and traced down through all its changes till the word has obtained the signification which it holds in our day of "Witless, simple." Webster gives but three.

We wished to speak of the many valuable notes scattered profusely through the whole work, telling the exact status or repute that every word has, about which there is any question, something interesting concerning its origin or formation, its etymology or its pronunciation, but these excellences must be merely hinted at, and many others remain entirely unnoticed by us. At this time we can do no more than call attention to the array of literary men of world-wide fame, whose opinions of Dr. Worcester's great work are expressed in another part of this paper.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The People Everywhere Moving.

Endorsement of the Press.

New York.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

NEW YORK, May 19, 1860.

The announcement that Abraham Lincoln had been nominated for President by the Republican National Convention was made in this city, at an early hour yesterday afternoon, and produced not a little excitement. At first the news was discredited, and crowds rushed to the offices of the *Tribune*, *Times*, *Evening Post*, *&c.*, where they soon became satisfied of its authenticity, and then separated into squads to discuss the action of the Convention. In view of the fact that nine-tenths of the Republicans of this city had never looked beyond Mr. Seward for a candidate, and that the dispatches to the morning papers were of a tenor that left but little or no doubt that he would be nominated during the day, the announcement of the nomination of Mr. Lincoln was received with a degree of favor far beyond what might reasonably have been expected. That there were disappointments, and heart-grievings, and murmurings, that found expression, is true; but it is a significant fact that in every instance that fell under my notice—and my observation was extensive—those expressions were accompanied with a hearty endorsement of Mr. Lincoln, and a determination to support him. Indeed, it was plainly manifest that, next to that of Mr. Seward, no other nomination would have proved near so acceptable. Already the friends of Mr. Seward, among whom I am happy and proud to include myself, begin to see and acknowledge that for the Convention to have nominated him in the face of the declarations so earnestly and honestly made by the delegations from Pennsylvania and Indiana, to say nothing of Connecticut, New Jersey and Illinois, would have been a mistake—an act of rashness for which repentance would come too late.

Special meetings of the Republican Central Campaign Club," "Young Men's Republican Union" and several of the Ward Associations, were called for last evening, at which addresses were made by many of our most active and influential Republicans, and resolutions adopted, pledging their support to Lincoln and Hamlin. Some of the Clubs that had the name of Seward incorporated in their titles, met and voted to substitute the name of Lincoln. The meetings were quite as well attended as could have been expected, upon so short notice, and so far as I witnessed, or have learned, there was but one voice, and that was, "sustain the nominations of the Chicago Convention," and this the State of New York will do. Both candidates are known here—Mr. Lincoln from his glorious fight with Douglas, in 1858, when the *people* declared him victor, and also from his late visit to us, upon the occasion of delivering his masterly speech at the Cooper Institute,—and Mr. Hamlin, from his long and brilliant career in the Councils of the nation. Both have a hold upon the esteem and affections of the Republicans, not only of this city, but throughout the State, that will cause them at once to buckle on the political harness which they will not throw off for a day until victory perches upon their banners!

The Democracy are taken all aback. The Douglasites especially are disappointed, and chagrined beyond measure. It was supposed by them that with Mr. Seward, as the Republican candidate, the "Little Giant" would certainly be nominated at Baltimore, and that his election would be ensured beyond contingency. Now, they are free to admit that the Republicans have made the very best nomination for themselves and the worst for *them*, that could possibly have been made, had the Convention remained in session a month.

RALEIGH.

Ohio.

[Correspondence of the Press ... May 21, 1860.

... Lincoln and Hamlin are ... in great favor in this city. When the news of the nomination reached here on Friday afternoon, it spread through the city like wildfire, everybody pronouncing it a strong nomination.

In the evening the German Republicans fired 100 guns from Jackson Hill. Saturday night a meeting was called to organize a Wide Awake

public square amid the hurrahs of the great multitude and the booming of the cannon; from there down to Market Square, where huge bonfires loomed up their luminous flames high in the sky. A meeting was then organized in Sherman Hall, and here we listened to speeches by Drs. Dodson and Jaeger, Judge Morgan, Merrill King and others. Music, cheers and speeches kept us together till after 10 o'clock, when the whole audience rose to their feet and shouted three times three cheers for the nominee.

C. A. J.

P. S. This morning (Monday) the Republicans of Elgin marched to the depot with music and banners, to welcome the Delegations on their way to Freeport. They were received with the booming of cannon and the hurrahs of hundreds, while the music played "Hail Columbia." Mr. Russel, of Barton, was called out, but the train stopping only a few moments, he proposed three cheers for "Honest Old Abe," which were given with a will and a heartiness that made the welkin ring, and the next minute the train with its enthusiastic crowd was off.

C. A. J.

AT BLOOMINGTON.—The *Pantagraph* says:

When the dispatch arrived here yesterday, about one o'clock, a thrill of joyous triumph echoed the name of Lincoln! Lincoln! through the city, and a crowd—whence they came so quickly no one could tell—responded to the ringing of the bell, and soon the Court House resounded with loud shouts as Gen. Gridley led off with one of his happiest efforts, which reminded us of his efforts in days of old, and showed that the old Whig spirit, though long dormant, could be aroused, and that the old Whigs, who had so long labored with Lincoln against Locofocoism, were yet living and ready to do battle in the Republican cause.

The General was followed by Messrs. Brier, Wickizer, Hogg, Scott and others, in short but eloquent and appropriate addresses. We never witnessed a more complete state of entire satisfaction in a public crowd. Soon the cannon's mouth announced, in loud pealing tones, the joyous news to the surrounding country, and loud shouts accompanied the echoes.

LINCOLN IN CARLINVILLE.—The nomination of Abraham Lincoln was received to-day with great enthusiasm. Will have to-night a grand torch-light procession. Republicans perfectly jubilant. Illinois is certain for Lincoln beyond all doubt. It is the ardent wish of all the Republicans in all this locality that the Baltimore Convention will nominate Douglas on the 18th of June. Lincoln beat Douglas in the popular vote in the '58 contest in this State over 3,000. We are anxious to clean Douglas out with his doughface Democracy and Polygamy Squatter Sovereignty. The rail-splitter and ox driver, the favorite son of Illinois, is our champion and standard bearer. With him we can beat Douglas, who is the strongest doughface in Illinois, by 20,000 out of 190,000 votes. Three cheers for Lincoln!

SEVENTY-SIX.

[From the N. Y. Evening Post.]

Many persons will not find their first choice realized in the choice of Mr. Lincoln, of Illinois, as the Republican candidate for the Presidency of the United States. Both in this and in other States, Mr. Seward had powerful supporters, attached to him by sentiments of gratitude for his public services, respect for his personal character, and admiration for his talents, and these sentiments were strengthened by the constant attacks made upon him by his political enemies, as the representative of the Republican party. These, of course, cannot resign the hope of seeing him put forward as the choice of the Republican party for the Presidency without a feeling of painful disappointment. A large number of persons, also—less active as politicians, and less likely to be represented in political bodies, but numerous in the more quiet walks of life—had fixed their thoughts upon Mr. Chase, as a noble example of public virtue—one who takes large views of public policy, and governs his conduct in political life by the sternest maxims of equity, sincerity and integrity. It is not without mortification that they have seen the limited support which was given to his name in the Convention.

The very idea of a nominating convention, however, implies that there is somebody to be disappointed. There are always rivals for its favor, backed by zealous friends, and the very purpose of the convention is to disappoint them all but one. In the present case we have reason to rejoice that a candidate is fixed upon who has so many recommendations as Abraham Lincoln, whose character embraces so many excellent qualities, and whose personal history gives him so strong a hold on the good will of the people. Mr. Lincoln was not unexpectedly brought forward and thrust upon the Convention, as more than one of the candidates of the Democratic party of late have been. He came before that body backed by a strong and enthusiastic party at the West; he was known in his own State by the usefulness and beneficence of his daily life, and out of his State as one who had done able service in the cause of the Republican party. The zeal with which he was supported induced the Convention to examine his claims, and the majority came to the conclusion that he possessed the qualities to command the popular good will, and carry the country against the Democratic candidate. That they are not far wrong in this conclusion we think the event will prove. There are many points in his character fitted to call forth the enthusiasm of his party and to unite upon him the support of that numerous class who float loosely between the two parties, and are found sometimes on one side and sometimes on the other, as the popular qualities of one candidate or another attract their suffrages. The zeal which the nomination has already awakened, has, we confess, somewhat surprised us. The Convention could have made no choice, we think, which, along with so many demonstrations of ardent approval would have been ...

So far as we can judge, the so-called Democratic party regard Mr. Lincoln as a candidate whom it will be hard to beat. His chance of carrying Illinois against Douglas, we believe, they regard as more than even, and in this they make no mistake. They begin, in this quarter, at least, to talk of abandoning Douglas as a candidate, and letting Lincoln sweep Illinois without opposition, take up Gov. Seymour, and make a stand for New York. We are content, for our own part, with that arrangement, or with any other they choose to make. If they think that Mr. Lincoln will not be supported in this State with enthusiasm, if they think

in this campaign to come up squarely to the flag and pledge to ABRAHAM LINCOLN all the aid and comfort which a true man's help can give him. Mr. LINCOLN has not that long experience in public service which we could have wished, but he has something better in the strong, sagacious mind, cool and unshaking nerve, and intelligent familiarity with public measures which lie at the bottom of all true statesmanship. His colleague on the ticket, Hon. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, of Maine, is a statesman of cultivation and experience. No one can doubt his ability and adaptation to the place, or would fear to see the reins of the executive office placed in his hands in event of the death of the President.

With such views of the Chicago platform and nominations, with the knowledge that the little strength belonging to JOHN BELL in this State is already diminished by a considerable secession to SAM HOUSTON, and with the Old Whig hatred of Democracy, nursed in with our mother's milk and strong to day as in 1844, in our hearts, we conceive it to be our duty to place the names of LINCOLN and HAMLIN at the head of our columns, as a pledge that we will extend to them such honorable and faithful support as may belong to our position and influence.

[From the Pittsburgh Journal.]

Never was a ticket hailed with such unbounded enthusiasm as is this of Lincoln and Hamlin. Our exchanges come to us from all parts of the country full of the news of processions and rejoicings. We will not deny that the great New York statesman, the glorious Seward, was the man of our choice, the man whom we could have fought for with our whole heart, aye, and been beaten with if necessary, and felt that it was good even to fail with such a man. But the close and careful consideration of the whole ground by the delegates of our glorious party from the four quarters of the Union, has given us a good, sound, reliable man. Such being the case, our private preferences yield to the general verdict, and from this day till November, till the triumphant election of our ticket, we concentrate our hearty efforts in behalf of the man who has already once beaten Douglas in Illinois, and who is now bound to beat him again on that broader and fairer ground, where no gerrymander can deprive him of his laurels.

[From the LaPorte (Ia.) Herald.]

To-day we throw to the breeze the strongest and best ticket that was ever presented to the American people for their suffrages, which will wave from our mast head till the ides of November shall crown it with a brilliant victory,—for it will just as sure as that time comes round. Honest Old Abe, is just the man for the times, and we rejoice that the intelligent and liberty-loving people delegated in convention of this confederacy, were so considerate and prudent as to present his name for the American suffrages. His name is a tower of strength and enthusiasm, and the prairies of the West, ... hills and valleys of the East, will rally around his standard with an ardor and an enthusiasm that will carry all before them. Nothing can prevent his election by a crushing majority. Old Abe has all the elements of personal popularity—an outgushing frankness and honesty, that will make him invincible as a candidate. He was born in Kentucky, and mostly raised in Indiana. His parentage was humble and his prospects in early life were poor indeed, but by the most intense labor and application he has risen to his present high position. Indiana and Illinois cast their united vote for him at every ballot, and they did right.

Hannibal Hamlin is of Democratic antecedents. He early came into the Republican party. He was a member of the U. S. Senate in 1854; while the repeal of the Missouri Compromise was being agitated, he took strong grounds against it. Subsequently he was elected Governor of Maine, and at the expiration of his term of office as Governor he was again elected to the Senate of which he is now a member. He is possessed of great personal popularity at home, and will make a most splendid candidate.

[From the Davenport (Iowa) Gazette.]

Abe Lincoln is the man for the people, he is one of themselves, reared amid adverse circumstances, he was the architect of his own fortune by the force of his native talent, he has carved out a name and a fame that patriots love to honor. Accustomed, as is evident from his very sobriquet "Old Abe," to regard Mr. Lincoln familiarly, the people of the West will feel in voting for him as though they were elevating from their own ranks one who thoroughly understands their interests and will faithfully represent them. The name of Abe Lincoln is already a watchword in the West, it is synonymous with victory, and, like the forces of Washington, men feel that with him as their leader there can be no defeat. There is a tower of strength, a potency of influence in the name alone that fill men with renewed vigor, and when coupled with the principle of freedom for which they contend, will fire them with an impulse irresistible as the avalanche.

Accustomed to look upon Abraham Lincoln as a pioneer of the West, as one early identified with it, who amid danger and privation helped to level the forest, and fit the country for our securer habitation, like the "children of Abraham" we are prepared now to do honor to the patriarch who has led us into a "better land." And yet Mr. Lincoln is not an old man, in years he is in the prime and vigor of life, with a constitution rugged as the scenes incident to the settlement of a new country, are calculated to make a man. We would not imply from this that Abe Lincoln has always followed the plow. In early manhood that was his vocation, until like Cincinnatus of old, his fellow citizens saw proper to take him from the furrow and make a civil general of him; to place him in a position where his talents could be used for the good of his country. That they were not mistaken in their appreciation of the man his subsequent history is the proof; step by step he has advanced, till in the noontide of this enlightened century he has been designated by the talented representatives of a great party as the most suitable man in the country to take charge of the affairs of the nation.

The people have already ratified that nomination up from the West ... the East, giving vent to their joy that a standard-bearer had been chosen in every way worthy the high trust sought to be conferred upon him. A platform has been made, and a man has been selected who for years had advocated the principles embodied in that "bill of rights." With the man and the platform, the Republican party is contented, and though many of them were disappointed in not having the man selected whom they personally preferred, yet, as Abe Lincoln was the second choice of all, they soon shouted loud as the loudest in his praise.

[From the St. Paul Minnesotian.]

We announce with unfeigned satisfaction the

of any living man." To see the full grandeur of his intellect—to feel the moral beauty of his whole life—to admire and love the man, he has only to be set on an eminence, in full view of the whole people, and the more they see of him, the more they will admire him—the closer he is approached, the more he will be loved.

Were it not invidious to make comparisons, we would predict a more glorious triumph for the nominees of the Republican party next November, than has ever before occurred in the political history of this country. The omens are all favorable, the augury auspicious, and victory awaits us.

[From the Illinois State Journal.]

In cordial response to the action of the National Republican Convention, we place at the head of our columns, this morning, the names of LINCOLN and HAMLIN, as the candidates of the Republican party for the offices of President and Vice President. A better ticket, a stronger ticket, a ticket which will more certainly be successful in the coming contest, could not have been formed, and we are sure it will receive, as it deserves to, the hearty and unqualified indorsement of the party from Maine to Texas, and from Maryland to the shores of the Pacific.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois, the guileless, incorruptible patriot and honest, fearless champion of liberty, is most eminently fit to be the standard bearer of the great Republican party. He has proved himself to be possessed of all the elements which go to make up a truly great man, in any age. With broad comprehensive and statesmanlike views of political ethics and a bold, manly, straightforward manner of giving utterance to them: with an integrity of character which scorns everything like meanness, and incapable of injustice to an opponent; possessed of those stern Roman virtues which were the characteristics of our earlier statesmen and federal officers, with distinguished executive abilities and a capacity for the severest details of business—a worthier, a more available candidate for the high position of President of the United States could not have been selected. Not only here in Illinois, which claims him as her favorite son, but we believe, throughout the States, is his name a tower of strength, around which all the friends of the Union and the Constitution, as our fathers made and understood them, can rally with irresistible might. He is not only a man of the people, but a man whom the people love and respect; and his election by them, no matter whom the piebald Dred Scott Democracy may bring out against him, is next to a foregone conclusion. The same enthusiasm which attended his nomination at Chicago will be all over the Union, and to the glorious Republican column of 1856 will be added the States of Illinois, Indiana, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, thus rendering certain his elevation to the Presidency by a most sweeping majority.

Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, is a most judicious selection for Vice-President. He left the rotten Democratic party, whose U. S. Senator he was, when the arch traitor, Douglas, foisted his Nebraska bill upon the country, and since then he has been one of its staunchest and uncompromising opponents. The Republicans of Maine have liberally heaped honors upon the head of Gov. Hamlin, and the Republicans of the Nation will now still further exhibit their appreciation of his sterling virtues, and their confidence in his statesmanship by elevating him to the Presidency of the Senate.

Lincoln and Hamlin! We inscribe their names upon our banner and fling it to the breeze. There is success, there is victory in them, and the Republican hosts will, in November next, make a record of it with their votes.

[From the National Intelligencer.]

A native of Kentucky, Mr. Lincoln has been for many years a citizen of the State of Illinois, in whose Legislature he served with distinction during four successive terms. Elected to the House of Representatives in the year 1847, and acting at that time with the Whig party, he was distinguished alike for the ability and amenity which he brought to the discharge of his public duties. Though of late years retired from the walks of political life, he was selected by the Republican party of Illinois as their standard-bearer in the exciting contest waged in the summer of 1858 before the people of that State for the succession of the Senatorial chair made vacant by the expiration of the term of service for which the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas had been elected. That selection was a tribute no less to the political position held by Mr. Lincoln among his confederates than to the popular talents he is admitted by all to possess, and, in consequence of the deep and wide-public interest that was felt in the issue of the contest between him and Mr. Douglas, his name acquired a new celebrity beyond the bounds of his State, while the manner in which he bore himself throughout that arduous struggle has doubtless largely contributed to procure for him the distinction he has just received at the hands of his party, assembled in general Convention.

Though fully identified with the principles of that party, and justly entitled by his private worth and proved ability to wear with dignity any honor it may be able to confer, Mr. Lincoln, so far as we are aware, has not until recently occupied a prominent place in the list of distinguished citizens from which it was supposed the Republicans would make a selection in nominating a candidate for the Presidency. It is no derogation from the claims of any among that number to say that the honor in question was awarded by common expectation to the distinguished Senator from the State of New York, who, more than any other, was held to be the representative man of his party, and who, by his commanding talents and eminent public services, has so largely contributed to the development of its principles as well as to their defence before the American people. By what considerations the Chicago Convention was influenced in postponing the claims of Mr. SEWARD, we are of course unable to say. But his friends and admirers will find consolation for their disappointment in the fact that he can well afford to dispense with the insignia of political promotion, and that in our country, the highest eminent competitor.

Of the worthy gentleman placed in nomination for the Vice Presidency it must be unnecessary for us to speak, as his long career in the Senate of the United States has familiarized his name to all our readers, who, with us, will bear willing testimony to the fidelity and industry with which he has fulfilled the high public trusts confided to him by the people of the State which he has so long, in part, been called to represent. We need hardly add that Mr. HAMLIN was a Democrat prior to the organization of the Republican party, and that he found in the same cause which contributed so powerfully to the formation of that party ...

ing. With most astonishing candor, it displayed the tremendous balance of $155,000 against him. In three days afterward he sent Mr. Butterworth to Washington, as a kind of mediator with his superiors, who should state the fact that he was totally unable to pay this sum at present, and supplicate for him a few weeks of grace. The result is well known.

If the balance had not been so large, it might very likely have run along another three months, and Mr. Fowler's conduct have been again called a "delay"—not a "defalcation."

This is what I gathered from Mr. King himself. Now, my theory of the manner in which this large debt appeared so suddenly in Mr. Fowler's accounts is, that he made up his mind, just after the 1st of January, 1860, that it would be impossible for him to "kite" much longer; that he resolved at last to save his friends and disgrace himself; that he at once commenced withholding large sums from the post office funds, and paying off this private indebtedness; that, in this way, perhaps $80,000 was spent; that he then thought he "might as well die for a whole sheep as a lamb," and took $75,000 more to pay over to his bondsmen, who will have to pay that amount between them. Of course the latter surmise can never be definitely confirmed, but it is strengthened by the fact that the gentlemen named don't feel very bad about their payments of $35,000 each, and intimate that they shall not contest them at law. Again, the fact that Fowler's deficits in Wall street have been very much smaller than usual during the last quarter, strongly confirms the above theory.

I asked Mr. King how the New York post office could be worth fifteen thousand dollars per annum to its keeper, as it was always computed to be by politicians, since the actual salary allowed by the Department is only $2,000, and the perquisites from the boxes are but $2,000 more—$4,000 in all. He answered that if it was worth $15,000, the Government had no *official* knowledge of the matter; it could not be *honestly* worth over $4,000. I told him that he knew just as well as myself, that it *was* worth a large income to the Postmaster, and was eagerly striven for. He suggested that the popular estimate of its value might be largely exaggerated, and said that the Boston Postmaster expected to make $10,000 per annum, and was largely disappointed when he found himself creditor $4,000. When I continued to press my suit, he at last said that "the only way a Postmaster, in any large city, could realize anything above the legitimate amount named, was by downright stealing from the cash receipts for transient printed matter," and from those for boxes sold—there being no way in force, by which his management of these two resources can be reached.

From the above statement, you can draw your own inferences, as to the incomes of Postmasters in other cities.

LAUNCELOT.

LETTER FROM CHAMPAIGN COUNTY.

Change of Name—Negligence or Criminality of Post Office Agents—The Cost of Carrying Pennsylvania—"Jaby," Weather, Crops, etc.

(Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.)

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., May 21, 1860.

Some months ago Champaign adopted township organization, and at the first meeting of the Board of Supervisors the name of this township (T. 18, N. R. 8, E. of 3d P. M.) was changed from West Urbana to Champaign. Subsequently, the Post Office Department, on petition, also changed the name of West Urbana Post Office to that of Champaign. Not long since the citizens voted to adopt the City form of government, and gave the new creation the name of Champaign City. It remains now for the Railroad Company to change the name of West Urbana Station to that of Champaign, and West Urbana Township to City. Post Office and Station will have been duly christened Champaign Township, City, Post Office, and Station. Will the public take notice, and govern itself accordingly.

It is pertinent in this place to say that the Daily and Tri-Weekly PRESS AND TRIBUNE fails to reach us the day it is due, as often as twice a week, and the failure and attending circumstances are such as to lead some of your subscribers to attribute it to gross carelessness, if not to downright knavery, on the part of some of the agents of the Department. The truth is, this gigantic Post Office Department is fast gaining the reputation of a public nuisance, and it's time the people took hold of it in earnest, and submitted it to the flailing of a thorough investigation.

That "old public functionary," "Jaby," must have begun to feel the gunpowder that is to blow his administration to pieces, running out of the heels of his boots, when the recent frauds of Fowler were made public. By the way, I notice the money stolen by Fowler is allowed to have gone to carry Pennsylvania, like most of that filched out of the treasury by old "Jaby's" administration. Can anybody tell me how much it costs to carry Pa? How long Pa. stands carried? and whether the carrying of Pa. is not rather a matter of "spondulicks" than a question of men?

The season has been very favorable for farmers, and the dry and continued fine weather has allowed them to plough and put in a swashing breadth of corn. Indeed, so much has been

in front were some fifteen hundred children from the common schools of the city. A very beautiful speech was made to them by Mr. Jackson of New Jersey.

Taken all in all our reception at Rockford was arranged in the best of taste, and made a very fine impression upon the eastern visitors and delegates. These exercises cost several gentlemen their dinner, and your correspondent his shawl, which, by the way, was a very good one. If a thief has stolen it, may his conscience torment him till he returns it, and if taken by mistake, may it do good to somebody. The dinner was well served and well enjoyed by those who were so fortunate as to get it. Ample preparations were made, however, for all.

As we passed Pecatonica, another large crowd cheered us onward, and at Freeport, the whole city seemed to have turned out to meet us. Hon. A. Swett made a neat reception speech and was replied to by Hon. Judge Hagaboom, of New York. A rude chair, made of rails brought from Springfield last Saturday, and said to have been split by Lincoln thirty years ago, was presented to D. Hopkins, Esq., of the Philadelphia *Evening Journal*, who will take it with him and present it to the Republican Club of the city of brotherly love.

The military, with thousands of citizens, met us on the wharf at Dubuque, and gave us an enthusiastic and a truly magnificent reception. His Honor, Mayor Stout, and Col. Willse, of Dubuque, made most happy reception speeches, and responses were made by several gentlemen representing a number of Eastern States.

The country is clothed in the luxuriant robes of Spring. The crops look finely, and throughout the entire journey, the delegates and guests have expressed their astonishment at the richness and the beauty of the Prairie State. All confessed that the half had not been told them. They are men of the highest standing in the communities from which they came, and their reports at home will be of vast service to the West. Their generous reception at Chicago, the Wigwam, the courtesy of the railways in inviting them to visit the Mississippi were there of frequent remark. But above all, they will carry home with them not a little of the enthusiasm of the West, for "honest old Abe." "The prairies are on fire" was their frequent exclamation. They will go home convinced that Lincoln and Hamlin will be elected in a whirlwind of enthusiasm. Let him doubt it who can.

B.

Hon. N. B. Judd.

There is probably no man in the State to whom the Republicans of Illinois are under greater obligations for the present commanding position of their party, than the Hon. Norman B. Judd, of Cook county. From its formal organization in 1856, down to the present time, he has labored for it with a faithfulness and devotion which have been unfaltering and untiring. His whole heart has been in the cause, and wherever there was work to do, in aid of the extension of Republican principles he has done it, promptly, ungrudgingly and ably. As Chairman of the State Executive Committee, to which post he was appointed at the Bloomington Convention in 1856, and re-appointed at the Springfield Convention of 1858, the entire programmes of two most desperately contested and vigorously fought campaigns devolved, almost entirely, upon his shoulders. Not only to the general arrangement of the canvass was his attention directed, but like an able and experienced commander as he is, he personally superintended, and gave his care to the minutest details. He was ever vigilant, quick, far-seeing and equal to every emergency. It was in great part owing to his own personal exertions, seconded by the comrades of the committee, that the memorable campaign of 1856, which resulted in the complete revolution of the State from the power of the slave Democracy, was carried. And it was equally due to his skillful diplomacy and engineering that the Republican ticket was again successful in 1858, when Mr. Lincoln would likewise have been elected to the United States Senate, as he received a majority of the popular vote, had it not been for the unjust apportionment under which the Legislature was chosen.

Mr. Judd, in the responsible position he has so long and faithfully held, has proved himself to be not only a man of eminent ability and talent, but a Republican who fights strong because he feels that he is fighting for principle. The fact that Mr. Judd, in the tri angular contest at Decatur for the nomination for Governor, failed by the combination, perfectly legitimate, which was formed against him, to receive a majority vote, argues nothing against his popularity in the State, nor detracts one particle from the high and cordial respect which the Illinois Republicans entertain for him. There is nothing in his nature petty or mean or vindictive, and the noble speech he made to the Decatur Convention, after the nomination of his principal competitor, Mr. Yates, was announced, raised Mr. Judd still higher in the estimation of his party. Without detracting in the least from the handsome victory so handsomely achieved by Mr. Yates, we are not sure but that had Mr. Judd's speech been listened to before, instead of after the ballotings, he would have received the nomination at the hands of the Convention. But we write this article—not for the purpose of questioning what might have happened,—but simply to give expression to the admiration which we feel for Mr. Judd; not merely as a gentleman, but as a devoted Republican; and in doing so, we are confident we but speak the sentiments of the party all over the State.—*Illinois State Journal.*

THE CONTINENTAL.

Philadelphia's New Hotel.

[From the New York Home Journal, May 5th.]

Let New Yorkers say what they will, Philadelphians are a progressive people; how can they help it, with their more than half-million of inhabitants? Possessing many advantages over New York (say in plenty of land-room, while we have only sea room,) they are determined not to be behindhand in luxuries, while

local committee can *do* to make the fair successful, it will be accomplished. The greatest fear we have, is the want of ability of only one railroad to carry all the stock, articles and passengers, and do it in time; however, the superintendent gives assurance that they will be fully prepared for any emergency. The Tonica and Petersburgh Railroad will be opened to Petersburgh, 28 miles. The Jacksonville and Carrollton Railroad will probably be opened south to Whitehall, 25 miles. They will no doubt do their best.

The Only Ticket that can Carry all the Southern States.

The Richmond *Enquirer* does not despair of making Henry A. Wise President. It publishes a communication in which these shrewd opinions are expressed:

"The only ticket that the Democrats can succeed with is Henry A. Wise for President and Joseph Lane for Vice President. This ticket can carry all the Southern States, also Pennsylvania, New York and Indiana, with California and Oregon; enough to make Wise the next President of the United States and Gen. Lane the Vice President. Go to work at once for this ticket. It is one that the people will have to take, if they expect to have a Democratic President on the 4th of March, 1861."

HEENAN IN ENGLAND.—A London correspondent of the New York *Post* writes:

Heenan is soon to commence his harvest by giving exhibitions. He goes to Liverpool this week, and appears in London next week, and may be assured of coining money by his mill for months to come. He is longing for another fight, but it is considered certain that Sayers would be whipped, and it will not be permitted, even if the authorities have to prosecute the parties for the fight which has taken place, and so put Heenan out of the reach of victory and Sayers out of danger of defeat, knowing which he will consent to the above compromise.

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ALL THE CHOICEST NOVELTIES OF EUROPEAN MANUFACTURE REC'D DIRECT BY EVERY STEAMER.

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FOR EXTENT,
FOR ELEGANCE,
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FOR RICHNESS,
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Is so incomparably beyond any other in this city, that

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BERTHAS, LACES, GLOVES,
PARASOLS, KNIT SHAWLS,
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ALEXANDER KIDS, SHAWL BORDERS,

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Good Goods! Fair Prices!! Complete Assortment!!!

(SEE "WHOLESALE NOTICE.")

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Chicago, Ill.

...er and liberal supporter of the Presbyterian Church, in Springfield, to which Mrs. Lincoln belongs. He is a scrupulous teller of the truth—too exact in his notions to suit the atmosphere of Washington as it now is. His enemies may say that he tells Black Republican lies; but no man ever charged that, in a professional capacity, or as a citizen dealing with his neighbors, he would depart from the Scriptural command. At home he lives like a gentleman of modest means and simple tastes. A good sized house of wood, simply but tastefully furnished, surrounded by trees and flowers is his own, and there he lives, at ... his honesty, ability and patriotism, the admiration of his countrymen.

If Mr. LINCOLN is elected President, he will carry but little ... to the White House. The country must accept his sincerity, his ability and his honesty, in the mould in which they are cast. He will not be able to make as polite a bow as Frank Pierce, but he will not commence anew the agitation of the Slavery question by recommending to Congress any Kansas-Nebraska bills. He may not preside at the Presidential dinners with the ease and grace which distinguish the "venerable public functionary," Mr. Buchanan; but he will not create the necessity for a Covode Committee and the disgraceful revelations of Cornelius Wendell. He will take to the Presidential chair just the qualities which the country now demands to save it from impending destruction—ability that no man can question, firmness that nothing can overbear, honesty that never has been impeached, and patriotism that never despairs.

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

LYMAN TRUMBULL and the New Apportionment—both are secured beyond peradventure by the glorious day's work in Chicago last Friday. Old Abe has the track, and Douglas is led away spavined and wind-broken. Now look out for a sweepstakes.

At the same time it will be well for our friends throughout the State to know exactly what is expected of them—exactly what is required to be done to complete the great work of purging the Legislature. In the SENATE, which is composed of twenty-five members, we have six members holding over, to-wit: Mr. Blodgett of the Waukegan District, Mr. Applington of the Rockford District, Mr. Addams of the Galena District, Mr. Adams of the Dixon District, Mr. Bestor of the Peoria District, and Mr. Marshall of the Charleston District. The other holding-over Senators, seven in number, are Democrats. Seven of the Senatorial Districts, in which members are to be elected this year, will give us a majority, if we were disposed to be content with a bare majority—as we are not. Four of the seven are overwhelmingly Republican in any event, to wit: the Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, and Galesburgh Districts and we take it there will now be no difficulty in securing each of the following Districts by decided majorities—the vote here given being that cast for members of the Legislature in 1858:

TENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

	Republican.	Democratic.
Fulton	2,979	3,211
McDonough	1,765	1,987
Total	4,744	5,198
Democratic majority		454

FIFTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Sangamon	2,747	3,059
Morgan	1,766	2,056
Total	4,513	5,115
Democratic majority		602

SIXTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

McLean	2,737	2,131
Champaign	1,284	911
DeWitt	1,103	764
Piatt	624	486
Macon	945	1,124
Moultrie	614	582
Christian	604	907
Shelby	650	1,397
Total	8,256	8,302
Democratic majority		46

SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Cass	760	1,051
Menard	786	812
Mason	828	1,028
Logan	1,301	1,350
Tazewell	1,763	1,955
Total	5,449	6,196
Democratic majority		677

TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

St. Clair	2,437	2,126
Monroe	463	1,283
Total	2,900	3,409
Democratic majority		509

We shall be surprised if we do not also carry the nineteenth district, composed of Clark, Fayette, Effingham, Jasper, Lawrence and Crawford, and the twentieth, composed of Jefferson, Wayne, Edwards, Wabash, Marion, Clay and Richland. We shall also give the Democracy an awful scare in the twenty-fourth, composed of Randolph, Washington, Clinton, Perry and Jackson.

In the HOUSE, consisting of seventy-five members, we had thirty-five at the last session. All of these will of course be secured again by the law of gravitation. There remain only three districts to be won from the pro-slavery side to give us a majority. But we believe that the following *twelve* seats, from

thought it a worthy cause to spend many years in making a dictionary of their tongue, as the "Dictionnaire de l'Academie" of France, and the "Dizionario della Crusca" of Italy, &c. What was considered, in these countries, a great undertaking for a whole society of savans, in England was done in seven years by one man, Dr. Johnson. Many years after the publication of Johnson's Dictionary, that of Dr. Webster appeared, in every respect much superior; and now, after the lapse of many more years, we welcome Dr. Worcester's Dictionary, made with the results of all other lexicographers to guide or to warn him, and with the inestimable advantage of a possession of many learned works ... in particular departments of a Dictionary, some of which departments have been taking giant strides during the present ... in all its ... Zoology, Architecture, Medicine, Philology, have none of them been stationary, and that Dr. Worcester has availed himself of the highest authorities in Science and the Arts can be seen by even a slight examination of his work.

There are two excellencies in this Dictionary of which we wish to speak particularly, 1st, the great additions to the vocabulary, and 2d, of the quality of its definitions. Many of these additions are literary words proper, which have come into general use, but have never been gathered in a general dictionary of the English language, such as *raid*, *tryst*, *trysting-place*, *bark*, as the *bark* of a dog, &c., &c.; many are scientific words, which have come into pretty general use, and would be looked for and thankfully received in a word-book, and many are such as are called obsolete words. We say *called* obsolete, for, many terms which have passed out of general use may be revived, and many, in truth, are now often employed by our poets. We have the Dictionary now open to the word *rath* or *rathe*, properly enough by Dr. Worcester marked obsolete, and its meaning—early, coming before the time,—illustrated by the line from Milton,

"Bring the *rath* primrose that forsaken dies."

No longer than yesterday we remember to have met with the word in Tennyson—

"The men of *rathe* and riper years."

And yet had Tennyson never used the word what man who has any love for literature or any pride in the noble heritage of the English tongue would think it unnecessary to insert in a dictionary this obsolete word once used by Milton? Let us be thankful to Dr. Worcester for so copious and judicious a selection of those words that helped express the feelings of our fathers and of the men of thought in years long passed. Let us thank him that he has given us a help to the better understanding of Spencer and of Chaucer, and that now we can read the works of the myriad-minded Shakespeare with increased satisfaction. We have just written the word *myriad-minded*. Who will say that Dr. Worcester deserves no credit for incorporating this beautiful and expressive compound first used by Coleridge, in his Dictionary, and thus giving it to the whole world? In the definitions of old English words, as well as those in current use, Dr. Worcester seems to be singularly fortunate. We have just turned to the word *suicism* in Webster and in Worcester; in Webster we read, "*Suicism* for suicide is not in use," a true remark, for it was never used for suicide. Turning to Worcester we read as the definition of *suicism*, "The act of a suist, selfishness," and under the word *selfishness* we find the following from Dean Trench, which tells the whole history of the word:

The undue love of self, with the postponing of the interests of all others to our own, had for a long time no word to express it in English. Men turned to Latin; one writer trying to supply the want by calling the man a suist, as one seeking his own things (sua) and the sin itself, suicism.

Take another example of a different kind. We find, by examination, the word *day-star*, in all the dictionaries, from the time of Bailey, more than one hundred and thirty years ago, till 1860, defined only as "Venus, the morning-star," and in most of them the well-known lines from Milton's Lycidas is given as authority.

So sinks the *day-star* in the ocean bed,
And yet anon repairs his drooping head
And tricks his beams, and with new-spangled ore
Flames in the forehead of the morning sky.

In Worcester we find this meaning given, but supported by different authority, and *day-star* in the citation above, defined as "The orb of day, the Sun!!" We confess this meaning does seem much the better here, but our reverence for what has long been considered truth leads us to wish for corroborative evidence, but for no more than is given, for we find a reference to these lines in Paradise Lost.

Some better warmth to cherish
Our limbs benumbed, ere this *diurnal star*
Leave cold the night.

Whoever would use *diurnal star* for the Sun would not hesitate to use *day-star*, nor do we demand in further corroboration the lines quoted from Tom Moore, about which there can be no difference of opinion.

Before the *day-star* learned to move
In pomp of fire along his grand career.

We wished to speak of the terseness and the judicious crowding in of so many essential facts, which are shown in almost every definition of this book, and an equally judicious leaving out of all that is unessential, and worse than useless; so that often by a single sentence Dr. Worcester expresses all, and more than Dr. Webster has diluted in half a dozen separate paragraphs.

Yet let us state, parenthetically, after all the suppression of useless matter, owing to the new meanings introduced in this book, we often find the number of definitions of a word greater than

that will cause them at once to buckle on the political harness which they will not throw off for a day until victory perches upon their banners!

The Democracy are taken all aback. The Douglasites especially are disappointed, and chagrined beyond measure. It was supposed by them that with Mr. Seward, as the Republican candidate, the "Little Giant" would certainly be nominated at Baltimore, and that his election would be ensured beyond contingency. Now, they are free to admit that the Republicans have made the very best nomination for themselves and the worst for *them*, that could possibly have been made, had the Convention remained in session a month.

RALEIGH.

Ohio.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.] ... May 21, 1860.

...Lincoln and Hamlin are the ... in great favor in this city. When the news of the nomination reached here on Friday afternoon, it spread through the city like wildfire, everybody pronouncing it a strong nomination.

In the evening the German Republicans fired 100 guns from Jackson Hill. Saturday night a meeting was called to organize a Wide Awake Club. It was largely attended by the young men of the party. Judge Dickson was called to the chair and made an effective speech. Committees were appointed to draw up a plan for the organization of the Club. A committee of one from each Ward and Township was appointed to make preparations for a grand ratification meeting. James Elliott, Esq., and James M. Mitchell, Esq., who has just returned from Chicago, were called upon for speeches and related some of the incidents of the Convention. Another meeting will be held to-night to complete the Wide Awake organization, and Tuesday night the Young Men's National Republican Association will meet to make preparations for campaign service. The *Gazette* and *Commercial* will both give the ticket an earnest support. Our German Republican presses have hoisted the ticket, and indorse it with strong editorials.

A number of our leading attorneys who have frequently met Mr. Lincoln in legal contests, in the courts of the West, express great satisfaction at his nomination, and acknowledge that he possesses ability of the highest order.

Letters have been received here from Governor Chase, since the nomination, in which he expresses his purpose to give the ticket an earnest support. The *Evening Times*, the organ of the Americans, gives the nominations a very favorable notice.

E.

Wisconsin.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

MADISON, Wis., May 21, 1860.

Editors Press and Tribune:

As the telegraph seldom tells you of doings here, I write to let you know how the nomination of "Honest Old Abe" was received at the capital of Wisconsin.

A salute of 100 guns was fired in the park when the news came, almost simultaneously with the roar of the cannon which rose above the enthusiastic shouting of the immense crowd in and around the Wigwam in your city, before the result of the decisive ballot could be announced.

Saturday evening, on short notice, an impromptu ratification meeting was held in the Capitol, to which there gathered quite a large and enthusiastic crowd. Short, pithy and telling speeches were made by Erastus Hopkins and Mr. Day, of Massachusetts; Myron H. Orton, J. W. Johnson, Gov. Randall and Secretary Harvey. The meeting adjourned with three rousing cheers for "Abraham Lincoln, the next President of the United States." Bonfires were kindled in the streets, and the nominations heartily ratified and endorsed.

Wisconsin most ardently desired and hoped for the nomination of the great representative and teacher of Republican principles—Wm. H. Seward—and the first feeling was one of disappointment, but that feeling is fast giving place to the enthusiasm which the character of the nominees of the Convention is adapted to call out, and, as was expressed by the speakers Saturday night, we feel that victory is better than the name of any man—that the rail-splitter of other years is just the man to drive a wedge through the Democratic party.

Saturday we had a visit from a number of Eastern delegates, who came up on an excursion offered by the Northwestern Railroad. They were most cordially received by our citizens, who turned out in large numbers with the military, and while we listened with delight to their splendid Boston band, they seemed highly pleased with the beauty of the place and their hospitable welcome. A number of eloquent speeches were made on both sides, and the guests departed amid enthusiastic cheers, after a visit of some four hours.

Yours, ⁂

Illinois.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

ELGIN, May 20, 1860.

We had on Saturday a glorious good ratification meeting. Everybody hurrahed and cheered for "Honest Old Abe;" everybody was wild with enthusiasm. The thunders of the cannon made Fox River Valley shake to its very foundation, while it called out our brave men and pretty women. A procession, headed by our brass band, was formed, and marched to the

service in the cause of the Republican party. The zeal with which he was supported induced the Convention to examine his claims, and the majority came to the conclusion that he possessed the qualities to command the popular good will, and carry the country against the Democratic candidate. That they are not far wrong in this conclusion we think the event will prove. There are many points in his character fitted to call forth the enthusiasm of his party and to unite upon him the support of that numerous class who float loosely between the two parties, and are found sometimes on one side and sometimes on the other, as the popular qualities of one candidate or another attract their suffrages. The zeal which the nomination has already awakened, has, we confess, somewhat surprised us. The Convention could have made no choice, we think, which, along with so many demonstrations of ardent personal ... would have been ...

So far as we can judge, the so-called Democratic party regard Mr. Lincoln as a candidate whom it will be hard to beat. His chance of carrying Illinois against Douglas, we believe, they regard as more than even, and in this they make no mistake. They begin, in this quarter, at least, to talk of abandoning Douglas as a candidate, and letting Lincoln sweep Illinois without opposition, take up Gov. Seymour, and make a stand for New York. We are content, for our own part, with that arrangement, or with any other they choose to make. If they think that Mr. Lincoln will not be supported in this State with enthusiasm, if they think that the flame of that zeal which blazes everywhere else in the Free States will not kindle the hearts of the people of New York, we are willing to leave them to their error till they are undeceived by the elections. *It is written on the tablet of destiny that Lincoln is to be the next President of the United States.*

The name which is associated with that of Lincoln in the nomination is a worthy and honored one. Mr. Hamlin, of Maine, has long been a member of Congress—first of the House of Representatives and then of the Senate, and in both capacities has represented his State with ability and dignity. His name has never been connected with any dishonorable measure, and the record of his public life will bear being spread open to the gaze of the public from its first page to its last. His parliamentary experience will make him a prompt and skillful moderator of the debates of the Senate, and his long familiarity with public affairs will make him a wise and safe adviser in the Cabinet. We congratulate the country that the future President is likely to have a coadjutor of so high a character and such eminent capacity.

[From the N. Y. Courier and Enquirer, 18th.]

The Republican National Convention at Chicago has performed its work, has laid down a broad, conservative, national, patriotic, and Union Platform, and nominated the Hon. Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, and Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, to stand thereon, the former to ask the suffrages of the citizens of this great Confederacy for the office of President of the United States, the latter for the office of Vice-President. We need not tell our readers that William H. Seward was our first choice, and that our labor has been that he should be the nominee of the Chicago Convention for the Presidency. The Convention, however, has decided otherwise, and we bow to the decision, how with the greater cheerfulness, inasmuch as, although Mr. Seward, whom we consider the first great representative of Republican principles, has been defeated, we have in the nomination of Mr. Lincoln no *expediency* candidate, but one who early embraced the Republican cause, has always labored consistently for its success, has, from the beginning, stood, and stands now fair and square on its national and conservative platform.

Congratulating the Republican party on the good feeling that characterized the Convention at Chicago, we have only further to say, here are two eminent statesmen, whose honesty of purpose, purity of character, and fidelity to National Republican principles, are unquestioned, claiming the support of the people of the United States, in opposition to a sectional and corrupt Democracy. Let that support be given heartily—go at once to work for them, and they and their principles shall triumph. Our own best exertion shall be given for their success, and given in confidence and hope.

(From the Boston Journal, May 19.)

Of that result we cannot now entertain any serious doubt. The times are ripe for the overthrow of the Democratic party, which, after having outlived its principles, has now sundered its organization. The semblance of union will doubtless be made; but fair-minded men have generally conceded of late that, if the Republicans should be so fortunate in their candidates as to repel none of the elements which would naturally rally to their support, their success in November must be considered as sure. That good fortune is theirs. Mr. Lincoln has that simple integrity of character, that broad and genial nature, to which the masses of our people are ever attracted. Though firm in his opposition to the further aggrandizement of slavery, he is conservative by nature, and we have never met with a rash or bitter expression in all his speeches. The people of New England, through their representatives at Chicago, have already manifested their predilection for him. He was the only man on whom the "doubtful States" of Pennsylvania and New Jersey (doubtful no longer) could combine in the Convention. And as he beat Mr. Douglas before the people of Illinois, in 1858, he is now certain to sweep the entire North-West.

[From the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, (Mr. Fillmore's Home Organ,) May 19th.]

The result is before the people. Abraham Lincoln of Illinois, is the standard bearer. So far as the Opposition is concerned, the choice rests between Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Bell. For the latter, all conservatives have a respect so sincere, an affection so earnest, that only a strong political necessity could lead them to refuse him their votes. But what prudent man, wishing to cast his vote where it will tell against the iniquitous power now enthroned at Washington, can honestly say that he expects to attain that end by voting for Mr. Bell in this State? The fates have so ordered that not even his acknowledged purity of statesmanship can meet this reward, and though we and all those who think with us, should bend our every energy to his support, it would result only in failure, or worse than that, in a Democratic triumph. Where then, lies the path of duty? Mr. Lincoln is nominated by a powerful party. His success is more than possible. It has strong probabilities in its favor. If he is not personally objectionable, if there is no reason in the man himself, why he should not merit the support and endorsement of honest national men, then it is the plain duty of every old Whig and American who hopes to do anything for his country

he is in the prime and vigor of life, with a constitution rugged as the scenes incident to the settlement of a new country, are calculated to make a man. We would not imply from this that Abe Lincoln has always followed the plow. In early manhood that was his vocation, until like Cincinnatus of old, his fellow citizens saw proper to take him from the furrow and make a civil general of him; to place him in a position where his talents could be used for the good of his country. That they were not mistaken in their appreciation of the man his subsequent history is the proof; step by step he has advanced, till in the noontide of this enlightened century he has been designated by the talented representatives of a great party as the most suitable man in the country to take charge of the affairs of the nation.

The people have already ratified that nomination. ... from the West ... echoed from the East, giving vent to their joy that a standard-bearer had been chosen in every way worthy the high trust sought to be conferred upon him. A platform has been made, and a man has been selected who for years had advocated the principles embodied in that "bill of rights." With the man and the platform, the Republican party is contented, and though many of them were disappointed in not having the man selected whom they personally preferred, yet, as Abe Lincoln was the second choice of all, they soon shouted loud as the loudest in his praise.

[From the St. Paul Minnesotian.]

We announce with unfeigned satisfaction the nomination by the National Republican Convention, of Hon. Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, for President of the United States. Our own first choice, and the undoubted first choice of Minnesota, was William H. Seward. He was our first choice, because he was in our opinion the ablest statesman, the most fit man for President, now living; and we believed that he ought, therefore, to be, and by proper exertions of his friends could be, elected.

Even in this view, Lincoln was our second choice; while it is our deliberate opinion that the nomination is the strongest one that could have been made. He can poll more votes than any other man whose name was before the Convention.

He is a genuine, reliable Republican. He is an able, dignified, conservative Statesman, and a pure, upright, honest man.

He beat Douglas in his own State, two years ago, in the popular vote nearly five thousand, and he will do it again if he has a chance.

He was voted for on the second ballot by the Pennsylvania delegation, and will undoubtedly sweep that State in November.

The enthusiasm at Chicago following his nomination, was wild and overwhelming. So will it be everywhere. The people have been ready to accept almost any man for President provided he was an honest man, and therefore a change from the present and the last Executive. No wonder, then, they are wild for joy at the opportunity of voting for an honest man, an able lawyer, a sound statesman, and a man in whom is no tincture of a demagogue.

He will be the next President of the United States, elected next November, inaugurated next March.

The telegraph announces the nomination of Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine. Mr. Hamlin is not so well known at the West, personally, as Mr. Lincoln, but his popularity at the East is quite equal to that of "Old Abe" in Illinois, and his is a nomination fit to be made.

We congratulate the Convention, and felicitate the Republican party, upon the glorious nominations just made at Chicago.

[From the Wabash (Ia.) Express.]

We discharge a duty to-day that is more agreeable to us than any we have been called upon to discharge during an editorial life of nearly five years. We place at the head of our editorial column, as the nominee of the Republican party, the name of Abraham Lincoln, its candidate for the Presidency in 1860. There is a thrill of pleasure pervading our whole being as we do this, which is indescribably pleasurable. We place his name at the head of our column, because he is the first choice of the Republicans, as indicated by their delegates in convention assembled—because he has been, and is, our first choice—because he is in every particular worthy the distinguished honor conferred upon him, and because he is to-day, the most perfect embodiment of that feature in the institutions of this country, which gives to the humblest individual the equal right to aspire to the greatest among us.

We are for "Honest Old Abe Lincoln" for ten thousand good and sufficient reasons. Born in the lap of poverty and inured to the privations and toil of a western frontier life, he can fully appreciate the necessities and wants of this great and growing people who are now filling up the rich Valley of the Mississippi. Coming to Indiana before it was a State, he is familiar with the life and labor our pioneer fathers endured, and knows full well how to appreciate an honest heart, although it may be covered by a rough exterior. Having spent all the early years of his manhood with that class of people, upon whose brawny shoulders always has and always will rest the glory and renown of our common country, he is the full representative of their hopes, of their industry, of their determination, of their integrity and of their masterly common sense. Springing from an humble origin, his life and his present position is a beckoning incentive to every young man in the whole country, to imitate the example thus set before them. Having arrived at the age of fifty-two years, he stands to-day before the American people, unstained by one dishonorable act either in public or private life. If he has one fault, it is that of being too generous—if he has ever committed one error, it is that of having too noble a nature, ever to humble his manhood to increase his gains—if he deserves censure in not drawing around him the luxuries of life, it is because he loved virtue better than all these, and looked for happiness only in the path pointed out by the true impulses of a pure and exalted nature.

There are to-day more of the elements of universal popularity in the character and personal history of "Honest Abe Lincoln of Illinois" than any other man on the American continent. He is to-day "higher than any of his people, from his shoulders and upward." Since the days, when all that was great and good sunk to rest amid the quiet shades of Mount Vernon—since the great debater of Massachusetts, the Sage of Monticello, the logician of South Carolina and the "Constitutional Expounder" closed their eyes to the bright sunlight, we do believe no truer man, no abler man, or no sincerer man has lived than Abraham Lincoln. His great campaign in Illinois with Mr. Douglas was one of unsurpassed intellectual power, wresting the admission from the lips of the Little Giant himself, that "Abe Lincoln possessed the most wonderful resources

tinguished citizens from which it was supposed the Republicans would make a selection in nominating a candidate for the Presidency. It is no derogation from the claims of any among that number to say that the honor in question was awarded by common expectation to the distinguished Senator from the State of New York, who, more than any other, was held to be the representative man of his party, and who, by his commanding talents and eminent public services, has so largely contributed to the development of its principles as well as to their defence before the American people. By what considerations the Chicago Convention was influenced in postponing the claims of Mr. SEWARD, we are of course unable to say. But his friends and admirers will find consolation for their disappointment in the fact that he can well afford to dispense with the insignia of political promotion, and that in our country the highest ... eminent competitor.

Of the worthy gentleman placed in nomination for the Vice Presidency it must be unnecessary for us to speak, as his long career in the Senate of the United States has familiarized his name to all our readers, who, with us, will bear willing testimony to the fidelity and industry with which he has fulfilled the high public trusts confided to him by the people of the State which he has so long, in part, been called to represent. We need hardly add that Mr. HAMLIN was a Democrat prior to the organization of the Republican party, and that he found in the same cause which contributed so powerfully to the formation of that party (we allude to the repeal of the Missouri compromise) a sufficient motive for the severance of his ancient political relations.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

Important Developments Connected with the New York Postoffice Embezzlement.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

NEW YORK, Monday, May 17, 1860.

This morning I had a long interview with Mr. Horatio King, First Assistant to the Postmaster General, now in charge of our Postoffice, and gathered from him some interesting details bearing upon the late-discovered embezzlements of Mr. Fowler. With the prominent facts in Mr. Fowler's case, you are, of course, familiar.

There seemed at first exceedingly good ground for the intimation, so strongly made by the opposition journals, that the Administration had long been covertly aware of the embarrassments under which Fowler was laboring—if not of an actual defalcation—and that he was allowed to continue in seeming security, until it became understood that he was throwing off allegiance to "Old Buck," and was tinctured with Douglas proclivities. For it was evident that the deficit of $155,450 31 had been gradually rolling up during several years, and, before it was understood how such a debt had been carried, the case certainly seemed a bad one for the Washington people. Mr. King's positive assurance, that they had not the slightest suspicion of the criminal secret, has now been made public, and there is no reason why it should not be believed. But the explanation given me this morning, of the system of the Circumlocution office, which renders such ignorance of Treasury possible, only saves the Government from the charge of *quasi*-complicity, to weigh it heavily down with the odium of the most disgraceful and culpable negligence of duty.

In accordance with the Department regulations, Mr. Fowler made weekly deposits in the Sub-Treasury of this city, of such moneys received as could be spared above the amount, which the requirements of so large an establishment as our Post Office demanded should be kept on hand. These deposits varied from $5,000 to $12,000 per week. At the end of every three months his entire quarterly account was of course balanced up, with as much celerity as possible, and forwarded to Washington. There would naturally always be a greater or less balance due the Department at these periods, which he was expected to pay over at once, either by draft or by deposit in Wall street. Obviously, the Washington system should be such, that the accounts thus rendered from the larger offices, could be at once examined and adjusted. But it has generally been the case, that Mr. Fowler's account would not be reached for this purpose, until weeks, or even months, after its being forwarded to Washington. Relying upon this negligence, Mr. F. has frequently delayed paying the quarterly balance against himself until late into the ensuing three months, devoting the interim to a kiting process in Wall street, and among his friends, by which he would succeed in raising the amount by the time the Department fairly called for it. Sometimes these balances would be large—at others small, and the same variation existed in the delays of payment.

The account for the quarter ending December 31st, 1859, showed a balance of about $15,000 due the Government. No call for the money was made from Washington, and it ran along for weeks unpaid. At length, from some unascertained source, rumors of a defalcation got abroad, as such rumors will, and reached the ears of Mr. Horatio King. He at once turned to Mr. Fowler's account, found that the sum named was due, and wrote requesting immediate payment. This was but a short time prior to the exposition of the ensuing quarter—March 31st. Fowler raised the $15,000, went with it personally to Washington, assured the Postmaster General that the thing was only an oversight or delay, and should not occur again. This seemed all right enough, and the defaulter returned to New York in better standing than ever.

A few days after the 31st of March, he forwarded the account for the quarter then end-

week, and the failure and attending circumstances are such as to lead some of your subscribers to attribute it to gross carelessness, if not to downright knavery, on the part of some of the agents of the Department. The truth is, this gigantic Post Office Department is fast gaining the reputation of a public nuisance, and it's time the people took hold of it in earnest, and submitted it to the flailing of a thorough investigation.

That "old public functionary," "Jaby," must have begun to feel the gunpowder that is to blow his administration to pieces, running out of the heels of his boots, when the recent frauds of Fowler were made public. By the ... allowed to have gone to carry Pennsylvania, like most of that filched out of the treasury by old "Jaby's" administration. Can anybody tell me how much it costs to carry Pa? How long Pa.-slands carried? and whether the carrying of Pa. is not rather a matter of "spondulicks" than a question of men?

The season has been very favorable for farmers, and the dry and continued fine weather has allowed them to plough and put in a swashing breadth of corn. Indeed, so much has been planted that scarcely more than half a crop will probably be realized. Farmers have had excellent roads too, and a grand opportunity to haul in their corn. Prices have ranged all the spring from 30 to 44 cents, for 70 pounds in the ear, and the price now paid is 37 to 38 cents, and large amounts have been brought in since the burden of planting was over. Generally, there is a good stand of corn, though as usual, considerable depredations have been committed by birds, mice and prairie ground squirrels. Farmers are feeling very well, and those who have been some years in the country, are as flush of money as rail road conductors.

The dry weather, though favorable to winter, has been hard on the spring wheat crop, pestering that little pest, the chintz bug, which has already made its appearance in many fields. However, little spring wheat was sown, and last fall less winter, and should all of both be lost, it will by no means tell severely upon the prosperity of the country. The chintz bug is a nasty little beggar—a cross, one would think, between the cheese fly and the bed bug. It has the color and the wings of the first, and the lurking scamper and private gas works of the second, and is, on the whole, a right mean piece of entomology.

The sensation produced here by the despatches announcing Mr. LINCOLN's nomination, was extensive and profound; but I leave it, and an account of the immense mass meeting held in the open air Saturday evening, to the more graphic pens of abler correspondents.

BE EF JAY.

The Dubuque and Clinton Railroad Excursion.

[Special Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

DUBUQUE, Iowa, May 21, 1860.

It was supposed that most of the delegates to the National Republican Convention had left Chicago, but this morning showed that a very considerable number had remained to accept the generous invitation of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company to make an excursion to the Mississippi River. At 9 o'clock, eight cars well filled, mostly with strangers and guests, left the Galena depot on Wells street, in all about three hundred and fifty. The engine was dressed gaily with flags and streamers, and the Light Guard Band discoursed stirring music, and as the long train moved slowly out of the depot, the welkin rang with cheers for Lincoln and Hamlin, the nominees of the party of freedom. We observed a goodly number of the Delegates and visitors from Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts, and several of our own leading citizens with their ladies. The presence of Superintendant Talcott, Assistant Superintendant Williams, Secretary Lorabee, Chief Engineer, Mr. Pope, all of the Galena Road, gave sure promise that nothing would be wanting to make the excursion a complete success, and it is scarcely necessary to add that our expectations in this regard, have if possible been more than realized.

The day has been magnificent, and the people seemed to have turned out *en masse* to hurrah for Lincoln and Hamlin. Crowds filled the platforms at Cottage Hill, Danby, Wheaton, the Junction, Belvidere, and other points, and the waving of handkerchiefs by the ladies, and cheer on cheer from the citizens, told with what enthusiasm the nominations were received. At Elgin cannon boomed a cordial welcome to the men who had honored the favorite man of the people, and, in fact, all along the line the spontaneous enthusiasm convinced even most of the New Yorkers, that the right man had been found to lead the hosts of freedom to victory.

On arriving at Rockford, Hon. Jason Marsh made a very happy reception speech, welcoming the delegates to the banner Republican county of the United States, giving them the assurance that Illinois would "clean out" the bogus Democracy at the next election by an overwhelming majority. Short, fitting and eloquent replies were made by Hon. Joseph C. Jackson of New Jersey, J. E. Newport of Philadelphia, Judge Russell of New York, and Mr. Godwin of Boston. Thousands of people were assembled to bid us welcome, and at every mention of the names of Lincoln and Hamlin the air rang with the wildest cheers of delight. On the north platform the ladies of Rockford Female Seminary made a most interesting appearance, and

from the high and cordial respect which the Illinois Republicans entertain for him. There is nothing in his nature petty or mean or vindictive, and the noble speech he made to the Decatur Convention, after the nomination of his principal competitor, Mr. Yates, was announced, raised Mr. Judd still higher in the estimation of his party. Without detracting in the least from the handsome victory so handsomely achieved by Mr. Yates, we are not sure but that had Mr. Judd's speech been listened to before, instead of after the balloting, he would have received the nomination at the hands of the Convention. But we write this article—not for the purpose of questioning what might have happened,—but simply to give expression to the admiration which we feel for Mr. Judd; not merely as a gentleman, but as a devoted Republican; and in doing so, we are confident we but speak the sentiments of the party all over the State.—*Illinois State Journal.*

THE CONTINENTAL.

Philadelphia's New Hotel.

[From the New York Home Journal, May 5th.]

Let New Yorkers say what they will, Philadelphians are a progressive people; how can they help it, with their more than half-million of inhabitants? Possessing many advantages over New York (say in plenty of land-room, while we have only sea-room,) they are determined not to be behindhand in luxuries, while they are in advance of us in many positive comforts. Always clean, neat, fair, and blooming as one of its own charming Quakeresses, Philadelphia has wanted only a metropolitan hotel, to give it a metropolitan rank. And by this, we don't mean a mere marble pile, great only in the vastness of its bar and dining-rooms and wonderfully small in its provision of home-comforts, and in the supply of delicate and refined home necessities; but we mean as good a substitute for an elegant home as it is possible for a hotel to be. Philadelphia, of course, has had hotels ever since Benjamin Franklin bought and ate the penny roll for his breakfast, in its streets, because he could not afford to stop at one; but of late years they have been notoriously insufficient in number. Many liberal Philadelphia Merchants, who were conscious of their city's deficiency in this respect, united together, and, selecting the finest site in the city—the corner of Ninth and Chestnut streets—the result was: First the erection of what is admitted to be one of the most complete hotel structures in the world, at an expense of eight hundred thousand dollars—the building covering an acre of ground; and being internally covered by five acres of carpet! Second, the expenditure of over two hundred thousand dollars in rich and appropriate furniture. What an effect a million of dollars can produce in architecture and elegance, we have no room to describe. The magnificent entrance, the grand staircase, the unique upper corridors, from which ladies, unobserved, may watch the throng below; the draperied drawing-rooms, and noble dining halls, lighted up with the beauty and brilliancy of a fairy palace (rather than a democratic hotel, in which every one can be a *nob-lionaire* for two dollars and a half a day,) are unequalled in this country. And then, in the magnificent private rooms, we have velvet to walk upon, instead of worn and dusty ingrains; hot and cold water to the touch, instead of a cracked pitcher; a grate, set in marble, instead of the rusty stove; and if we must go up stairs (to use an Hibernianism,) *we don't do it at all*, but are lifted from the bottom of the house to the top, by steam, as gently and safely as a nurse raises a child from the cradle. But potent as dollars are, and especially a million of them put together, they could not have accomplished this without the direction of consummate experience and taste; so the Philadelphia merchants very wisely secured Mr. Paran Stevens—already the proprietor of the Revere and Tremont Houses, in Boston; the Fifth Avenue, in New York, and the Battle and Point Clear Houses, in Mobile, as the lessee. How few men there are who can keep a hotel, the complaints of travelers and repeated failures in the business, abundantly show. The administrative ability that is always munificent, but never wasteful—that knows how to do all right things at the right time and in the right way—is as rare in a hotel proprietor as in a general. The magnificent Continental is Colonel Stevens' last and best undertaking, and, in charge of Mr. James K. Stevens, under whose personal direction the establishment will remain, promises to be one of the most successful. As Philadelphia is noted for its superior healthfulness, the beautiful drives about its suburbs, the hospitality of its inhabitants, its magnificent stores, its variety of amusements, and now for its luxurious hotel, it will become one of the most popular *rendezvous* for tourists, especially from the South and Southwest that can be found in the United States.

The State Fair Grounds at Jacksonville.

We make the following extract from the editorial correspondence of the *Prairie Farmer*, under date of May 3d:

We found thirty acres already inclosed with a good substantial fence; some small buildings and a good track of half a mile, well graded. These grounds are owned by the Morgan County Agricultural Society. All that remains to be done is to add to the number of stalls, and put up the necessary buildings, the size and form of which are now to be decided upon. The ground is beautifully located in a grove of elm, hickory and maple timber of large growth, which will afford a grateful shade.

The question has been repeatedly asked, if Jacksonville can accommodate the crowd of people likely to be in attendance. We have taken especial pains to learn what can be done, and from the pledges of the citizens, and the managers of the several college and asylum buildings, we think that none from a distance will be unprovided for. Prominent among the public buildings, that can accommodate with board and lodgings, are the Methodist College, which can accommodate from 600 to 1,000; the Female Seminary and Blind Asylum, which can accommodate from 200 to 300 each; and the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, which can accommodate from 150 to 200. The citizens propose to open their doors and take all they can accommodate.

The greatest number in attendance will as usual come in from immediately surrounding counties, which are very thickly peopled, and will turn out a large attendance. Extra trains will be run to Springfield and Decatur, for the convenience of such as prefer it.

A very fine grove lies adjacent to the fair grounds, which is designed to be used as a camping ground, and will doubtless be occupied to a much larger extent than at any previous fair. We are satisfied that so far as the

AT HOME AGAIN
T. B. CARTER
Has removed again to his Old Stand
NO. 136 LAKE STREET,
Where he will be ready to exhibit a Large and Attractive Stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Of latest styles and at lowest prices.
Great Bargains offered in all kinds of goods. SKIRTS cheaper than anywhere else in this city.
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WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT
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FANS! FANS! FANS! FANS!
Pearl Stick, in White, Blue, Cherry, Red.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Pearl Stick, Plain, Spangled, Silvered, Embroidered.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Ivory Stick, in White, Blue, Cherry, Red.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Ivory Stick, Carved, Painted, Embroidered.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Sandal Wood Stick, in Silk, Crape, Linen.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Sandal Wood, Cane, Straight, Round and Hand Stick.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Plain Linen, Spanish and Mourning Fans.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Opera, Bridal and Party Fans, all Patterns.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
Palm Leaf, Plain Palm Leaf, Trimmed, all Styles.
Fans, Fans, Fans, Fans.
All Kinds, All Prices, from 5 cents to $5.00.
AT PARK'S, 124 LAKE-ST.

Gartres, Garters, Garters.
Embroidered in Silk and Velvet.
Garters, Garters, Garters.
Wire Elastics, in Silk, Linen and Cotton.
Garters, Garters, Garters.
In Pink, in Blue, in White, in Red.
Garters, Garters, Garters.
All Sorts and Sizes, All Patterns and Prices.
AT PARK'S, 124 LAKE STREET.

1860.
Hats, Caps and Straw Goods,
SUMMER STYLES,
NOW READY
—AT—
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NO. 85..........LAKE STREET..........NO. 85
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Manufactured and Sold by the
Chicago Paint Company,
43 and 45 Franklin Street.
It is the cheapest paint in the world.
It dries so quick that the desired number of coats may be given in a few hours.
It is perfectly healthy and free from all disagreeable odor.
It is very durable, and may be polished as smooth as the finest marble.
It will not peel off and cannot be blistered by heat.
It is in entirety white, and will not turn yellow from being in darkness.
ONE POUND will go as far as TWO pounds of lead paint, and costs but ONE HALF the money.
For ceiling walls and fresco painting, no other can at all compare with it.
It is ready for use as it comes from the keg, and needs no mixing or grinding.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

FIFTY THOUSAND
STARK MILL BAGS
At $23.75 per Hundred.
A liberal discount for larger quantities.
my22'60-1y P. PALMER, 112, 114 & 116 Lake-st.

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CLEVELAND SPIKES,
The best in market, and cheap as the cheapest. Come and see them. J. H. GARRETT & CO.
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Corner South Water and Wells street.

Special Notices.

☞ Notice to Physicians and the Public.—ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.—TESTIMONIAL.—"T. ALLCOCK & CO., No. 294 Canal street, New York, 26th Nov., 1859.—Gentlemen: I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back, occasioned by suddenly over-exerting myself. Having heard your Plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all that I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week. Yours respectfully,
J. G. BRIGGS,
Proprietor of the Brandreth House, New York."
There is nothing equal in the way of a Plaster, to the Porous Plaster of Mr. ALLCOCK. Everything is pleasant about them. They are the plaster of the day, and a fit type of our present advancement in science and art. In Asthma, Cough, Kidney Affections, and local deep seated pains, they afford permanent relief; and for weak backs, pains in the side, stitches, and spasmodic pains generally, they are unsurpassed for the benefit they impart. Physicians should examine this article, which is universally approved wherever known. Price, 25 cents each. Principal office, 294 Canal street, New York. Sold by all respectable dealers in medicines. my1-lmd&w

☞ B. W. B.—Bourbon Whisky BITTERS.
These popular BITTERS possess all the nourishing and invigorating properties of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY, and are considered the most efficacious TONIC and STIMULANT, as well as the most agreeable STOMACHIC ever offered to the public. As a Tonic for Old People, delicate Ladies, convalescent invalids, and all weakly people, they cannot be surpassed; in all cases of Weakness or Debility, they will give immediate relief, and impart a strong healthy tone to the system. A trial will establish their merits over all other Tonics now in use. For LUNG COMPLAINTS, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, they are an invaluable Remedy; and are a certain preventative of CHILLS and FEVERS.
Put up in Quart Bottles, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.
POLLARD & CO., Agents for the United States, 28 Tremont street, Boston, Mass.
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☞ Those who are Curious to witness the wonderful perfection to which A. Obawn dt (late manager at Batchelor's, N. Y.) has brought the manufacture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his Wig and Hair Dying Rooms, at No. 100 Lake street and examine these curious productions of art. No scrutiny can detect the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head. ap1-ly

☞ Dyspepsia.—This is a very distressing complaint, and gives the patient more suffering than almost any other disease; in fact it is a combination of many complaints in one. The symptoms are numerous, and are of the nature of almost all other complaints combined. From this fact arises the very many cases where this disease is mistaken for some other, and so improperly treated. The first symptoms—indigestion, flatulency, loss of appetite, heartburn, headache, etc., if neglected, almost always awaken some dormant disease, and send the poor sufferer to a premature grave. What you must first do is cleanse the blood and regulate the bowels; do this with the "Mountain Herb Pills," and you can bid defiance to Dyspepsia.
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☞ Public Speakers and Vocalists. A NOTED CLERGYMAN and public lecturer says of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES: "In all my lecturing tours, I put Troches into my carpet bag as regularly as I do lectures or linen." Public speakers, vocalists, and all others who exercise the voice, should never fail of using these Troches. They surpass all other preparations in clearing and strengthening the voice, removing hoarseness, allaying irritation of the throat, and as a cough remedy are pre eminently the best. my16-1weod

☞ Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.—
BY SQUIRE JONES.
Jolly times at our house, all the Children well;
Thought that worms would kill 'em, thought so for a spell.
Didn't think so afterwards, when I up and tried
Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge, 'twas the worms that died!
☞ Put up Bottles, price 2½ dimes. Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 121 Lake street. my8xlm

☞ Among the many preparations before the public as certain cures for the Fever and Ague, none have been received with such especial favor as Dr. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. This tonic has been circulated, and its many virtues promulgated throughout the States, and every day the proprietors are greeted with the intelligence of some dreadful case vanquished by the use of their celebrated Bitters. In our principal cities, there are but few families who neglect the Bitters in furnishing their medicine-closets. As a tonic, it is both mild and agreeable to the taste, and stimulating in its action upon the system. For a certain cure for the Fever and Ague, Flatulency, Dyspepsia, and all other morbid diseases, it is sure and unequalled.
For sale by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. my16-d&w2w

☞ Analized by Chilton.—Bear in mind that while other hair dyes are endorsed as harmless and efficacious by *their proprietors alone*,
CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE
is certified by Dr. CHILTON, the distinguished Chemist, to be FREE FROM POISONOUS MATERIALS, and therefore as safe as it is superior. Dr. Chilton has been selected by the city of New York to analyze the CROTON WATER, and he has pronounced Cristadoro's Dye as innocuous as that water in its purest condition. Sold everywhere, and applied by all hair dressers. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York.
☞ Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 124 Lake street, Chicago. my16-d&w1m

☞ Congress Water.—Much spurious mineral water has been imposed on the public as "CONGRESS WATER" by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, when they dare not use that name, call it "Saratoga" Water; which many persons suppose to be the real article of the Congress Water, although it is only the name of the town in which the Spring is situated.
To protect the public from such impositions, we have ALL our Corks Branded thus:

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C. W.
WATER.

Any one not having those words and letters on the Corks, are counterfeit; and the purchaser should prosecute the seller for swindling.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to us at Congress Spring, Saratoga, New York, or at our Southern Depot of Congress Water in New York city.
CLARKE & WHITE,
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S. & D. will attend to all business pertaining to their profession, in the several Courts of the City and County.
THEY REFER TO Doggett, Bassett & Hills, M. D. Gilman & Co., Joseph B. Doggett, Esq., Savage, Keith & Co., Jas. Larmon, Esq., Hodges & Co., H. M. Marshall, Esq., Chicago, Ill.; Hon. A. Underwood, Wells River, Vt.; Vose Brothers, New Orleans, La.; Nathaniel Harris, Esq., Pres. Atlantic Bank, Boston, Mass.; Henry D. Bassett, Esq., Boston, Mass.; Fishers & Chapin, do.; Potter, Nute, White & Bayley, do.; Wm. Reed Dean, Esq., do.
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Business paper and loans negotiated. Advances made on Stock Securities. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on Commission. Orders promptly attended to. Transcripts of all Stocks or Bonds sent to us for sale will be remitted for by return mail. mh24-1y c579

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Drafts, Acceptances, and Notes paid in New York on the day of maturity, or last day of grace, and money deposited for account in the city of New York, and sent to cities in the vicinity of New York, on telegraphic orders.
ap16 1y c955 EMERY COBB, Telegraph Office.

Co-Partnership Notices.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WRIGHT, GILLETT & RAWSON, expires this day by its limitation, and by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by John B. Wright and Levi Rawson. JOHN B. WRIGHT, JOHNATHAN GILLETT, LEVI RAWSON.
New York, March 31, 1860.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership under the name and style of WRIGHT & RAWSON, for the transaction of a Western Produce Commission Business as successors of Wright, Gillett & Rawson, at No. 1 Front street. JOHN B. WRIGHT, LEVI RAWSON.
New York, March 31, 1860.
ap6c9 2m

Sewing Machines.

SEWING MACHINES.
$25 $35 AND $40.
L. CORNELL & CO'S NEW AND IMPROVED
Double Lock, Tight, Fast Stitch.
WARRANTED to give as good satisfaction as the highest priced in market. Make the same stitch as the $125 Machines; are large, 9x4 inches under the arm, set flat in the table, have the under feed, straight needle, sew from two common spools, do the coarsest and finest work, $5 stitches to the inch. RUN VERY EASY AND ALMOST NOISELESS, and are neatly finished. Either Machine will
Stitch, Hem, Fell, Tuck, Gather and Embroider.
They have taken the HIGHEST PREMIUM at several Fairs. The $25 Machine, (Young's Patent) is equal in capacity to the $100 machines. Turns back stitching without unbanding runs with high speed and very still. Made in Chicago. The $35 one (Taggart & Farr's patent) is larger stronger, and is giving great satisfaction. The $40 Manufacturing and Family Machine combined (Taggart & Farr's patent) is very large and convenient for sewing large garments, Quilting, &c.; also, just as capable of doing the finest Swiss Muslins. Either of these are easily learned from the printed directions.
Samples, Circulars and Out sent on receipt of stamp.
We are sole agents here for the UNIVERSAL HEMMER AND GUAGE, adjusted to all thicknesses of cloth, and all widths of hem; will hem over seams and fells, and CAN BE EASILY ATTACHED TO ANY SEWING MACHINE. Price $5.
LARGE DISCOUNT TO AGENTS AND CLERGY.
☞ AGENTS WANTED everywhere. Come and see us at 153 Lake street, or address N. CORNELL & CO., P. O. Box 3982 Chicago, Illinois. oc19

For Pike's Peak.

PIKE'S PEAK OUTFITS ...

Press & Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1860.

For the Press & Tribune.

THE RALLY.

TUNE—MARSEILLES HYMN.

Republicans! your Country calls you;
Awake! from mountain vale and plain;
Shake off the stupor that enthralls you,
And rally to the charge, again;
Lo! wounded Liberty lies bleeding!
Professing *Friends* have struck the blow,
That laid our cherish'd Freedom low;
Its lingering ray is fast receding!
Arouse! arouse, ye braves!
Speed forth the People's choice!
"Free Homes" for Free, but no more *Slaves*,
Proclaims the nation's voice!

Hail, Freemen! hail your gallant hero!
His dauntless arm, your rights will save;
He triumph'd over Thug and Nero,
Who would your virgin soil enslave;—
Excluding Freemen there forever!
Tho' mammon waged unequal fight,
"Old Abe" maintained the freemen's right—
A cause that he'll relinquish—never!

Hurrah for LINCOLN, from the Prairies!
And HAMLIN from the eastern Maine;
Whose lives are ample commentaries,
That they'll our country's cause sustain,
And check corruption's frightful sources!
For "Abe" will bare that stalwart arm,
And guard our treasury from harm;
Beset by hungry *dark by* forces.

O, Liberty! we'll ever guard thee;
Thou priceless boon, vouchsaf'd to man;
Our sons shall never be debarr'd thee,
For thus, our Father's mandate ran:—
"Down to posterity, deliver
"This *trust*, to millions, yet unborn;
"Who will transmit again, in turn,
"Still onward,—LIBERTY, FOREVER!"

Democracy! Where is thy "Glory?"
Delusive dodge;—a siren sound!
Profaned by demagogue and tory,
"Till thou art" run into the ground!"
Bold plunderers 'neath thy *garb* are scheming;
"Tis" Heaven's livery," which *Sin*
"Has stole, to serve the devil in!"
Corruption from each fold is streaming!

Traitors to Freedom, we abhor thee,
Who'd sell our Country for a fee!
The Bench, and Congress bow before thee,
To force "Lecompton on the Free!
Our treasure, you have basely squander'd,
That *Slavery* might curse the land,
From Eastport to the Rio Grande,
Beneath "democracy's" false standard!

AKRON, OHIO, May 20, 1860.

THE CATTLE DISEASE.

Conference of the Commissioners and a Committee of the Board of Agriculture—The Infected District Surrounded by a cordon sanitaire—Pleuro-Pneumonia Meeting in Northampton.

[From the Boston Journal, 19th.]

A Committee of the State Board of Agriculture, consisting of Professor William S. Clarke of Amherst, John Brooks, Esq., of Princeton, and Rev. Charles C. Sewall of Medfield, who were appointed at the late meeting of the Board in this city to confer with the Commissioners on the extirpation of the cattle disease, visited North Brookfield on Thursday evening and after a protracted conference agreed upon a plan of operations which will be made public at an early day.

The committee returned to this city to-day, to lay the result of the consultation before the Governor. In the meantime the Commissioners, who more than ever require the moral support of the community against the opposition which is arrayed against them, from certain sources, are laboring to the full extent of their authority to concentrate the disease.

SPREAD OF THE CONTAGION.

The sanguine expectation of the commissioners, that the disease had been circumscribed, have been dissipated by reports of its appearance in different sections of the State. A letter addressed to the commissioners by Mr. Andrew Wellington of East Lexington, Mass., states that on the 11th of April he sold a load of hay to Mr. Winthrop Chenery of Belmont, where the disease first appeared, and that a yoke of oxen from the infected herd of Mr. Chenery were driven to Mr. Wellington's barn to get the hay; that while there the oxen stood some time beside a cow in the barn, which cow has been sick, but is now apparently well. Messrs. Sewall and Brooks, of the Committee of the Board of Agriculture, visited East Lexington, yesterday, with authority, delegated by the Commissioners, to inquire into the case, and if necessary to kill and examine the diseased animal. They were accompanied by Doctors Thayer and Bates, who did not consider the case one of pleuro-pneumonia. Two heifers belonging to Mr. Wellington, after being exposed, have been sent to Hillsboro', N. H. Mr. Wellington has been enjoined to keep his cattle isolated from others for three weeks, at the end of which time the Commissioners will visit him again.

The case reported as having appeared in Sandwich, is, according to the testimony of Dr. Jonathan Leonard of that town, clearly one of pleuro-pneumonia. On the 9th inst., William F. Bicknell purchased of Orrin Hill at Brighton four oxen, one of which on Friday last, showed symptoms of the prevailing disease. The ox died on Sunday, and on being opened, the lung and plura on the left side were found to be extremely inflamed, and the cavity of the chest contained a large quantity of serum. Judge Mattoon of Barnstable has already commenced an investigation of the case, and to-morrow Messrs. Brooks and Sewall, in company with a competent veterinary surgeon, will proceed to Sandwich to examine the matter.

It is not improbable that some unscrupulous ...

... den and Franklin Agricultural Society, presided. Dr. Wood reported the result of his visit to the infected districts, stating that he was perfectly satisfied that the disease was contagious, and that in his opinion there was no way of exterminating the disease but to continue the work of slaughter.

Prof. Clark of Amherst, having been invited to address the meeting, spoke of the contagious character and fatal effects of the disease, and the absolute necessity existing for its radical and entire extirpation. He defended the Commissioners against the attacks of certain croakers, contending that they were pursuing the proper and legitimate course open to them. The nature of the disease, and its effects upon the community at large, were made the subject of an earnest appeal to the people to come forward and subscribe to the guarantee fund.

Dr. Charles G. Loring, one of the Commissioners, also spoke by invitation, defending the position and action of the Board, and presented evidence of the existence and effects of the disease, exhorting the people to come up and help to stay the malady by subscribing to the fund.

Mathew Smith, a delegate to the State Board of Agriculture from the Middlefield Agricultural Society, spoke of the impression made upon his mind during a stay of a few days in North Brookfield, and expressed his convictions of the propriety of the course of the Commissioners.

THE DISEASE IN AFRICA—IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

While in New Haven, Mr. Walker met the Rev. Mr. Lindsey, a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, who previous to seven years ago resided at Port Natal, on the eastern coast of Africa. From a conversation with this gentleman, whose position and opportunities for observation entitle him to public confidence, Mr. Walker was fully convinced that the commissioners had taken the only course open to a complete extinction of the disease. Mr Lindsay states that five years before he left Africa, a bull affected with pleuro-pneumonia, was imported into Port Natal from Holland. In sixty days after the arrival of the animal, it died. In the meantime, the disease had been communicated to other cattle, and spread rapidly in all directions, jumping three hundred miles at one time, in consequence of one of the tribe in the infected district driving a herd of cattle that distance. The disease extended along the entire coast, a distance of thirteen hundred miles, sweeping all the cattle before it.

The cattle belonging to the tribe in which Mr. Lindsey dwelt, were, however, exempt from the infection, not a single case occurring, and for this reason: The chief of the tribe, impressed with the belief that the only remedy was in isolating his people and their herds, and cutting off all communication by means of cattle with the surrounding tribe, forbade the introduction of all cattle into his domains. He cleared a belt of land about three hundred rods wide, entirely around his kingdom, and this, by agreement with the surrounding chiefs, was regarded as neutral ground. No cattle were allowed to cross it but in the process of transportation. Goods were drawn to the line of demarkation on one side by cattle, then carried across the belt by natives, and taken up again by oxen in the adjoining territory. The result of this judicious action was that not an animal died of the disease in that tribe, while beyond the belt, cattle could be seen dying upon the hills, and within it there was perfect security. Mr. Lindsey strongly asserts that the disease cannot be compromised; that it is a *contagious consumption*, which is incapable of modification. It is the same in Africa as it is in Holland, and it will be the same in the United States as it is in Africa, unless it is eradicated. It has obtained a foothold in this country, and unless some speedy and effective plan is adopted it will overrun the States.

New Indian Paper Currency.

The East Indian Government has resolved on a total revision and reformation of the finances and currency of that great dependency of Great Britain. A reduction of the native army is the main economy resorted to to bring the expenditure within the limits of the revenue, without any increase of taxation; and this will be found effective as well as expedient, as a large native army is no longer considered reliable, the superstitions of the Hindoos being always worked on by the malignity of the Mohammedans. The reform of the currency is to be effected by the introduction of a paper currency, founded on specie deposits, and to be made equal in value to specie. The standard of value in India is a silver standard, though in England it is gold. In reply to a proposition to change the standard from silver to gold, the Indian Finance Minister justly objects, that if it were merely to begin a system, a gold standard would be preferable, but he was "to deal with a system established, under which an enormous amount of obligations, both public and private, has been incurred. These obligations are to pay a given quantity of silver; and if the standard of value were to be changed to gold in place of silver, because the former has become cheaper in relation to the latter, every debtor would be enabled by law to commit a breach of faith upon his creditor. A reduction in the price of gold of only five per cent, would, under such circumstances, in effect reduce the claim of holders of the public debt of India no less than five millions of sterling."

The Indian Government, therefore, proposes to adopt a circulation of notes based on a reserve of coin equal to at least one-third of the value of the notes issued, and two-thirds of Government securities. The convertibility of the bank-note into silver is thus supposed to be secured. The three Presidencies of India—Bengal, Bombay, Madras—will each have a Government institution empowered thus to issue notes under a responsibility of the strictest kind ...

CARPETS! CARPETS!
GREAT CARPET HALL,
135 and 137 Lake Street,
(UP STAIRS.)
HOLLISTER & WILKINS
Offer for sale the largest and best assortment in the North-West, of
Medallion, Three-Ply,
Wilton, Ingrain,
Velvet, Body Brussels,
Tapestry, Tapestry Ingrain,
Brussels, Stair,
and other
CARPETINGS!
RUGS, MATS,
MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS.
CURTAIN GOODS,
WINDOW SHADES, & TRIMMINGS.
SHEETINGS, TOWELS,
PILLOW CASINGS, TABLE LINEN,
NAPKINS, QUILTS,
MATTRESSES, BLANKETS,
LOUNGES, PILLOWS,
And every description of
HOUSE FURNISHING
AND
UPHOLSTERING GOODS.
Prime Live Geese Feathers.
ETC., ETC., ETC.
HOLLISTER & WILKINS,
135 and 137 Lake Street, Chicago.
ap4b986 3m

72 LAKE STREET. 72
Large Stock bought at reduced prices.
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
CROCKERY, CHINA,
Glass and Silver-Plated Ware.
WE HAVE
ENLARGED AND IMPROVED
OUR MISCELLANEOUS STOCK so as to provide for our increasing trade, and the demand during Convention Week, and invite all buyers that wish to purchase at the LOWEST RATES MADE IN CHICAGO, to call and examine our assortment and prices.
Bowen Brothers,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,
NO. 72 LAKE STREET.
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CHARLES TOBEY & BRO.,
72 & 74
STATE STREET,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Parlor, Chamber and Dining-room,
Mahogany, Black Walnut and Rosewood
FURNITURE,
Looking Glasses,
MATTRESSES, BEDDING.
HOWE'S PATENT
Eliptic Spring Bed,
The best ever offered to the Public.
We would invite the attention of the Trade to a large variety of COMMON FURNITURE.
CHAS. TOBEY & BRO.,
72 & 74 . . . State Street, ... 72 & 74
CORNER RANDOLPH.
☞ This Store, located at the terminus of the three principal Horse Railroads, is one of the most accessible points in the city. my9c300-2m

GREAT NOVELTY.
Mr. E. S. WELLS having retired from business,
HIS FIRST-CLASS STOCK
Of New and Fashionable
BOOTS AND SHOES,
At 163 Randolph Street,
(Under the Metropolitan Hall,)
WILL BE OFFERED FOR SIXTY DAYS,
AT AUCTION PRICES!
THE GOODS ARE FRESH AND VERY DESIRABLE
AND MUST BE SOLD
Within Sixty days, to close a concern.
Call Early and Secure
Rare Bargains!
163.....RANDOLPH STREET.....163

BACON'S
BURGLAR PROOF BANK SAFES,
Or, Fire and Burglar Proof Bank Safe,
Secured with heavy round wrought iron bolts (on door) 1½ inches in diameter, and,
Covert's Permutation Bank Lock
WITHOUT KEY OR KEYHOLE.
We Invite Bankers to Examine our Stock.
Wilders Fire Proof
SALAMANDER SAFES,
The Best Fire Proof Safe in the World.
PRATT & WORCESTER, Agents,
197 South Water street.

SMITH, POLLARD & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
19 SOUTH WATER STREET.
HAVE NOW IN STORE
A VERY LARGE STOCK OF
GROCERIES;
which we offer to Purchasers at a very
SMALL ADVANCE FROM COST!!
OUR STOCK CONSISTS IN PART OF:
TEAS: COFFEE.
Olong & Louchong, Java, Mocca,
Young Hyson, Maricobo, Rio,
Imperial, Laguara,
Gunpowder. Santo.
SUGARS: SYRUPS:
New Orleans, Amber,
Coffee, Golden,
Powdered, Beehive,
Crushed, New York,
Granulated,
And all other Articles
USUALLY KEPT IN A GROCERY STORE.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
WISHING TO PURCHASE
GROCERIES,
WILL PLEASE GIVE US, THE PLEASURE
BEFORE THEY PURCHASE,
Of showing them our
GOODS & PRICES.
SMITH, POLLARD & CO.,
191 South Water st.
my16c363-10t

STRANGERS
—AND—
VISITORS,
Wishing to find something appropriate and useful for a present for their wives or friends, will find nothing better than a *Family Sewing Machine*, such as are being offered by the *Chicago Sewing Machine Co.*, Office 124 Lake street, (Up Stairs.)
☞ Call and examine.
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GO TO
JOHN D. PARK'S,
124 LAKE ST.,
FOR
HALL'S BALSAM,
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BLOOD AND LIVER
SYRUP,
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SARSAPARELLA,
HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,
AND ALL ...

Insurance.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.,
January 1st, 1860.

CASH CAPITAL		$ 0,000 00
SURPLUS		158,525 91
ASSETS.		
Cash on hand, and in Bank		$67,379 92
Cash in the hands of and due from Agents		34,131 85
Real Estate unencumbered		6,500 00
Loaned on Mortgages of Real Estate		86,200 00
Amount loaned on pledge of Bank Stock		46,800 00
Amount loaned otherwise secured		1,000 00
	Par Val.	Mk't V.
50 Shares U. S. Trust Co's Stock New York	$5,000	$6,100
New York Bank Stock	135,700	140,703
Hartford "	150,900	213,175
Waterbury "	11,900	13,208
Stafford "	400	412
Holyoke Water P'r Co's Stocks,	10,000	10,355
New Britain Water Bonds,	10,000	10,700
Hartford City Bonds,	10,000	10,000
Col., Peq. and Ind: R. R. Bonds,	10,000	7,600
Accumulated Interest on Investments,		5,471
Total Assets		$582,323 91
Total Liabilities		$40,701 53

H. KELLOGG, Secretary.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents,
No. 1 Loomis' Building,
Corner of Clark and Water streets, Chicago.
Applications for Insurance, or the renewal of Policies and all business connected with the office, may be made to us, duly appointed Agents for the City of Chicago, with full power to receive proposals and issue Policies, on as favorable terms as other responsible Companies; and its aim will be to secure the confidence of the public by an honorable course of dealing.
M. MAGILL, General Agent, 81 and 83 West Third street, Cincinnati, O., to whom all applications for Agencies, in the Western or South Western States may be addressed.
ap2-6c-1y

PARTICIPATION
Insurance Agency.
L. D. OLMSTED & CO.
Are Agents for the following
First-Class Insurance Companies;
In the profits of three of which each Policy Holder Participates.

Home Insurance Company,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Capital and Surplus..................$222,000 00
Policy holders receive three-fourths of the nett profits.

Relief Fire Insurance Comp'y,
OF NEW YORK,
Capital and Surplus..................$258,652 00

Humboldt Fire Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK,
Capital and Surplus..................$240,018 00
Policy holders in either of the two above named Companies will receive a dividend to be issued from the home office upon the premium of each expired policy upon which there has been no loss, payable in scrip, applicable to payment of renewal.

City Fire Insurance Company,
OF NEW HAVEN, CT.
Capital and Surplus..................$390,663 00

Merchant's Insurance Comp'y,
OF HARTFORD,
Capital and Surplus..................$250,000 00

ALSO,
Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CT.
Capital..................$3,370,000 00

We are offering Insurance in all the above named well known Companies on as favorable terms as can be offered by any responsible Companies.
L. D. OLMSTED & CO.,
Over Chicago Bank, cor. Lake and Lasalle-sts.
ap24c169-1m

NEW ENGLAND FIRE AND
MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Assets Jan. 1, 1860..................$226,517 02
Insurance Against Loss by Fire.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago,
fe14-1y-d735 Cor. Clark and South Water streets

QUAKER CITY INS. COMP'Y,
PHILADELPHIA.
Captial and Surplus......$359,746.70.
OFFICERS.
GEO. H. HART, Pres't. H. R. COOGSHALL, Sec'y and Treasurer.
E. P. ROSS, Vice Pres't. S. H. BUTLER, Asst. Sec'y.
Curtis L. North,
General Agent, Masonic Temple, Chicago.
DIRECTORS—George H. Hart, E. P. Ross, A. C. Cattell, Foster S. Perkins, E. W. Bailey, Andrew Chambers, H. R. Coggshall, Samuel Jones, M. D., Hon. H. M. Fuller.
mh16 '60 1y

HARTFORD FIRE INS. CO.—
JANUARY 1, 1860.
ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in Bank		$38,828 11
Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission		62,690 89
Cash loaned on call		30,100 00
Bills receivable for loans, amply secured		70,243 69
Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value)		15,000 00
2409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, Mk't Val.		260,352 00
2200 " New York	"	200,725 00
950 " Boston	"	107,565 00
400 " St. Louis	"	40,000 00
240 " R.R. and other Stock	"	16,750 00
Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cents		36,500 00
State Stock, (Tenn., Va., Michigan, Missouri,) 6 per cents		66,063 00
20 Shares State Bank Wisconsin		2,140 00
Total Assets		[illegible]
Total Liabilities		66,930 85

Insurance against loss or damage by fire on dwellings, furniture, stores, warehouses, merchandise, mills, manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of policy holders will admit.
HUNT & HIGGINSON, Agents,
No. 1 Loomis' Building,
fe17b63?jel'60 S. W. Cor. South Water and Clark-sts

NEW YORK INSURANCE
AGENCY.
HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cash Capital and Surplus..................$255,341 71
...

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EDW. I. TINKHAM & CO.,
Having returned to their old stand,
CORNER OF LAKE AND CLARK STREETS,
Will continue their business as
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Exchange on all parts of Europe.
EDWARD I. TINKHAM. [je2 '59] JOHN C. AMBLER.

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European Exchange and Passage Office,
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Sight Drafts for sale on England, Ireland and Scotland.
Persons wishing to visit the old country, or to send for their friends by the OLD BLACK STAR LINE OF SAILING PACKETS, or by first class steamships, can obtain certificates of passage at reduced through rates.
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44 & 46 LASALLE STREET.
Banking Department.
Deposits received on Current Account from parties in city or country, and the usual accommodations granted to regular depositors and correspondents.
Interest on balances can only be allowed in cases where special agreements have been made to that effect.
We receive deposits, payable at a specified date, on which interest will be allowed.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Deposits, in sums not less than two dollars, received and Certificates of Deposits issued. Interest at six per cent. will be allowed on deposits of this description after the funds have remained in our hands a specified time. All certificates made payable on demand, and in like funds as deposited.
COLLECTION DEPARTMENT.
Collections in Chicago made and proceeds remitted on day of payment, less current premium on Exchange only. Collections solicited on all parts of the West, and proceeds remitted on favorable terms.
DOMESTIC EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.
We draw Sight or Time Bills on the principal cities of the Union, available in any part of the United States or Canada, and have made arrangements by which we are enabled to order by Telegraph the payment of Notes, Acceptances, Accounts, &c., in New York.
STOCK DEPARTMENT.
We buy and sell on Commission either at Chicago, or through our Agents, at New York, State, City, County, Railway, &c., Bonds and Stock. Our connections in New York are such as to insure prompt and judicious attention to any order entrusted to our care.
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Our business connections with Europe being DIRECT, VERY EXTENSIVE, and MOST INTIMATE, we feel safe in assuring the public that all foreign banking transactions can be effected through our house with promptness and efficacy, equal to any house in the Union. We issue Drafts and Letters of Credit in sums to suit at New York terms on our correspondents in London, Paris, Frankfort on the Main, Hamburg, Berlin, Bremen, Leipzig, Cologne, Heidelberg, Bale, Berne, Dresden, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Being particularly desirous of promoting direct commercial intercourse between the West and Europe, we cheerfully, and on terms most favorable, extend unparticular facilities by opening credits, &c., &c., to responsible Western Importers. Collections of Drafts, Orders, Notes, Acceptances, Inheritances, &c., &c., payable in any part of Europe, made with promptness and dispatch.
☞ Country Banks and Bankers supplied with Foreign Bills at low rates. Private Bonds and Mortgages negotiated abroad.
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FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN,...OTTO GELPCKE,...ALEX. S. MILLER.
FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN,
Consul of the Grand Duchy of Saxe-Weimar, the Duchies of Brunswick and Saxe-Gotha, and the free city of Frankfort, and by special act of several States, authorized to act for former citizens of AUSTRIA, BADEN, BAVARIA, HANOVER, HESSIA, NASSAU, PRUSSIA, SAXONY, WIRTEMBERG, OLDENBERG, &c. ja27-daw1y

EXCHANGE & DEPOSIT Bank
OF
WEARE, CARPENTER & CO.,
CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.
JOHN WEARE, S. D. CARPENTER, J. S. STIDGE
Refer to Am. Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Holmes & Co., Bankers, Cincinnati; F. G. Adams, Chicago; Read, Drexel & Co., Bankers, New York. 1?2d11 1y

J. C. BARBOR, Banking and Exchange office 42 Clark street. Exchange, Uncurrent Money, Gold and Silver bought and sold.
References—J. Young Scammon, President Marine Bank; F. G. Adams. fe12

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BANKERS,
No. 13 Congress Street, Boston,
COMMERCIAL PAPER DISCOUNTED AND NEGOTIATED.
COLLECTIONS made on all parts of the NEW ENGLAND STATES.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on commission.
Particular attention given to the sale of City and County Bonds and all Marketable Securities.
The correspondence of Banks and Bankers solicited.
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BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
CLINTON, - - - Iowa.
Special attention given to collections, and proceeds remitted on day of payment.
Refer to the Bank of the Commonwealth, N. Y.; Market Bank, N. Y.; Mechanic's Bank, New Haven, Conn.; C. A. Lombard, Esq., Boston; Allen, Copp & Nesbit, St. Louis; Cook & Sargent, Davenport, Iowa. au8-9m178

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BANK OF FOND DU LAC,
FOND DU LAC,
Wisconsin.
S. E. LEFFERTS, Cashier............A. G. BUTLER, Prest.
Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no3-1y

MARINE BANK,
CHICAGO MARINE AND INSURANCE CO.
Capital $500,000.
B. F. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary.
J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President.
☞ Collections made and drafts remitted to all parts of the Union. fe24

MARSHALL & DRURY,
EXCHANGE, COLLECTION AND BANKING OFFICE, Moline, Illinois.
DEWITT C. MARSHALL. STEPHEN DRURY.
☞ Collections made and remitted at current rates.
REFERENCES—Park Bank, New York; Bank of Poughkeepsie, Poughkeepsie, New York; Marine Bank, Chicago, Illinois; White Bros., Chicago, Ill.; Bockee, Phillips & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. F. Stout & Co., St. Louis, Mo. ja1ml

Machinery, Hardware, &c.

200 TONS PIG IRON—FIRST ...

Legal Advertisements.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago, August Term, 1860.—Eli S. Prescott vs. John C. Dodge and James A. Gillis, guardian of the said John C. Dodge.—In Chancery.
Affidavit of the non-residency of said James A. Gillis, and that said John C. ... who is ... this State and cannot be found therein to be served with process, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court of Chicago on the nineteenth instant. Notice is hereby given to the said John C. Dodge and James A. Gillis, that the complainant filed his bill of complaint against them in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the nineteenth day of May, 1860, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendants returnable on the first Monday of August next, 1860, as is by law required.
Now, unless you, the said John C. Dodge and James A. Gillis, shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago of Cook County, on the first day of the term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said County, on the first Monday of August, 1860, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.
WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
W. T. BURGESS, Compl'ts Sol'r. my21-d20-1w

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, County of Cook, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago.—William Biddle vs. Florence Mahoney, John O. Mahoney and Charles J. Hull.—In Chancery Mechanic's Lien.
Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order, entered in the above entitled cause on the seventh day of April, A. D. 1860, I, Ira Scott, as Master in Chancery of said Court, will, on the seventh (7th) day of May, A. D. 1860, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in said County of Cook, the following described premises, together with the buildings erected thereon, situated in city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, to-wit:—Lots numbered twenty-three (23), twenty four (24) and twenty five (25), in C. J. Hull's Subdivision of Block fifty-two (52), in Canal Trustee's Subdivision of Section thirty-three (33), in Township forty (40), north of Range fourteen (14) east of Third Principal Meridian. IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, April 11th, 1860. ap12-d70 1d
The above sale is postponed until the sixteenth day of May, 1860, at the same hour and place.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, May 7th, 1860. my8 d?80 1d
The above sale is postponed until Saturday, the twenty-sixth day of May, 1860, at the same hour and place.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, May 16th, 1860. my16-d?1 1d

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
The undersigned having been duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of Elisha W. Tracy, deceased, late of Cook County, of the State of Illinois by the County Court of said County, has set the third Monday of June next, at a term of said Court then to be held for the presentment and adjudication of all claims against said estate, at which time at the Court House in Chicago, all persons having any claims against said estate, are requested to present the same for adjustment.
SARAH ELIZABETH TRACY,
Administratrix.
Dated April 16th, 1860. ap26-d30-1-Je18'60

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, ss.—Cook County Circuit Court. In Chancery. John H. Kinzie vs. George C. Bates, Thomas Armstrong and James Averill.
Public Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of the mandate in a decree entered in the above entitled cause on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1860, I, L. C. Paine Freer, as Master in Chancery of Cook County, State aforesaid, will, on the eleventh day of June, A. D. 1860, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, aforesaid, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, all of the following described parcel of real estate, to wit: "All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in the City of Chicago, and usually called the 'Sand Bar,' being all that part of the north fraction of section No. ten (10), in township No. thirty-nine (39) north of range fourteen (14), east of the third principal meridian, which lies south of the piers constructed in the harbor of Chicago, and which is not included in the water lots of Kinzie's Addition to the said town of Chicago as the said water lots are laid out on the original plat or map of said Kinzie's addition now on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the County of Cook, to which said original map or plat reference is hereby made," or so much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due to said complainant upon said decree with costs, &c.
L. C. PAINE FREER,
Master in Chancery, Cook County.
Chicago, May 21, 1860. my22-1d-1d

Bags.

BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—
CORN EXCHANGE,
BAG MANUFACTORY.
HART, AUSTEN & CO., 187 South Water street, Chicago.
B. F. CLARK & CO., 128 Broad street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Millers' and Grocers' Bags made and printed to order with beautiful brands. New and second-hand Gunny and Burlap Bags, for Shippers', Millers' and Farmers' use, Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Hams, Salt, Seed, &c.
☞ Orders filled with fidelity and dispatch. Bags loaned to shippers. my8-v-ly

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
FARWELL'S
STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY,
43, 44 & 45 Wabash avenue, Chicago.
BAGS AND SACKS of every description,
furnished on short notice,
and printed with
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS
SIMEON FARWELL.
ap6-d&w1y-t771

CHICAGO BAG AGENCY.—
276 South Water street.
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of various sizes and qualities.
FLOUR—halves, quarters, eighths—printed to order of any desired pattern.
HAM SACKS—every size used.
GUNNY BAGS—Two or three bushels.
Commission Merchants, Millers, Grocers and Provision Dealers will find just the article wanted in our stock. Orders solicited [ap1'60ly] HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

Leather and Findings.

LEATHER! LEATHER!!
French Calf and Kip, Spanish Sole, Morocco, &c. A choice selection just received.
Harness, Bridle, Upper Kip, Calf, &c., &c., of our own Tanning at our new store,
No. 230 Lake Street.
ap21 G. C. WALLIN & SON.

Paper Hangings.

WALL PAPERS
SELLING
CHEAPEST IN TOWN.
F. E. RIGBY,
81..............RANDOLPH STREET..............81
ap20c125-6m

WALL PAPER.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF ...

of New York to analyze the Ca ton Water, and he has pronounced Cr'stadoro's Dye as innocuous as that water in its purest condition. Sold everywhere, and applied by all hair dressers. Cristadoro, No. 6 Astor House, New York
Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 124 Lake street, Chicago.
my16-d&win

Congress Water.—Much spurious mineral water has been imposed on the public as "CONGRESS WATER" by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, when they dare not use that name, call it "Saratoga" Water; which many persons suppose to be the real title of the Congress Water, although it is only the name of the town in which the Spring is situated.

To protect the public from such impositions, we have ALL our Corks Branded thus:

CONGRESS
C. W.
WATER.

Any one not having those words and letters on the Corks, are counterfeit; and the purchaser should prosecute the seller for swindling.

Orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to us at Congress Spring, Saratoga, New York, or at our Southern Depot of Congress Water in New York city.

CLARKE & WHITE,
Proprietors Congress Springs.

Messrs. Gage, Bro. & Drake, Tremont House; Gale Bros. J. H. Reed & Co.; Penton, Robinson & Smith; F. A. Bryan, Esq.; W. F. Tucker & Co., of Chicago, Illinois, are supplied with the genuine Congress Water direct from our house; and we would recommend them favorably to persons in Chicago, or vicinity, who desire to purchase GENUINE Congress Water. CLARKE & WHITE.
my7c271 4m

Dr. McClintock's Cough and Cold Mixture consists of a variety of vegetable specifics for pulmonary irritation, combined in one infallible antidote, by a physician acknowledged, by his professional brethren, to have "no superior." It dissipates immediately the most distressing symptoms of Cold, Cough, or Sore Throat, and removes it entirely in an incredibly short time. Price 25c.
Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 124 Lake street. my8 1m

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Asthma Remedy.—Prepared exclusively from vegetable substances, containing no narcotic, and acting upon the pulmonary organs as a soothing, anti-inflammatory, and yet invigorating agent, this preparation is the only uniform, certain and safe specific for acute and chronic Asthma and whooping cough.
Price 50 cents. Sold by JOHN D. PARK, 124 Lake street. my8-1m

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies, try it
by all Druggists and Perfumers. mb14b-d&6m

"BOKER'S BITTERS."

For more than thirty years, have stood unequaled and unrivaled—NOTWITHSTANDING NUMEROUS IMITATIONS AND COUNTERFEITS—for their tonic and truly valuable medicinal properties in all cases of complaints connected with the Stomach or the Nervous System, as well as for their general usefulness as a most agreeable stimulant in their various pleasant appliances. In accordance with the testimonials of medical Faculties in Europe, they have also here been pronounced and acknowledged, by all who tried them, to be "THE BEST BITTERS EVER INTRODUCED," and it is confidently felt that they will maintain their reputation on their own unsurpassed merits.

For sale by most of the prominent Grocers and Druggists, and, with a liberal discount to the trade, by the Agent,
L. FUNKE, JR.,
my11-c311-3m No. 93 Front street, New York.

Medicines, &c.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

... the St. Louis, Mo., Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guarantees of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press:

BATH, MAINE, Jan. 10, 1858.

Professor O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite grey, probably one-third white; my whiskers were of same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. I can now certify to the world that the grey or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife at the age of fifty-two years, has used it with the same effect.

The above notice I deem due to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use, as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statement. I am a citizen of this city and a resident here for the last fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am truly yours

A. G. RAYMOND.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23, 1858.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved. WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1858.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff and a constant tendency to itching with which I have been troubled from my childhood; and has also restored my hair which was becoming grey, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit. Yours truly, J. K. BRAGG.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. do

EYE AND EAR.—Dr. Underwood the Occulist and Aurist, No. 124 Randolph street, three doors east of Clark, Chicago Illinois. Dr. U. is a regular Physician of the Old School, and has devoted his entire professional lifetime to Opthalmice and Aural Surgery, giving sight to the blind and hearing to the deaf, and he stands unequalled by any Specialist for his science, and success. Dr. U.'s operations upon the Eye and Ear, many of which were of difficult and dangerous character, and all of which have been performed with complete success has attracted patients from all parts of the Union, and given him a reputation as an eminent and skillful operator never before attained by any Specialist on the Continent. A treatise on the Eye and Ear which will contain over four hundred pages is being prepared and will shortly appear. Prescriptions sent to patients at a distance, where surgical operations are not required. mh7-1yd&w

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
The undersigned has now opened his new store at
No. 395 State Street,
where he sells and repairs all kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and warrants them. Sign of
The Self-Moving Window Clock.
ADOLPH CANDLER, 395 State-st.

SEWING MACHINES.
$25 $35 AND $49.
L. CORNELL & CO'S NEW AND IMPROVED
Double Lock, Tight, Fast Stitch.

WARRANTED to give as good satisfaction as the highest priced in market. Make the same stitch as the $125 Machines; are large, 9x4 inches under the arm, set in the table, have the under feed, straight needle, sew from two common spools, do the coarsest and finest work, 8 stitches to the inch. RUN VERY EASY AND ALMOST NOISELESS, and are neatly finished. Either Machine will Stitch, Hem, Fell, Tuck, Gather and Embroider.

They have taken the HIGHEST PREMIUM at several Fairs. The $49 Machine, (Young's Patent) is equal in capacity to the $100 machines. Turns back on hinges without unbanding runs with high speed and very still. Made in Chicago. The $35 ones (Taggart & Farr's patent) larger stronger, and is giving great satisfaction. The $49 Manufacturing and Family Machine combined (Taggart & Farr's patent) is very large and convenient for sewing large garments, Quilting, &c., also, just as capable of doing the finest Swiss Muslins. Either article are easily learned from the printed directions.

Samples, Circulars and Cut sent on receipt of stamp.

We are sole agents here for the UNIVERSAL HEMMER AND GUAGE, adjusted to all thicknesses of cloth, and all widths of hem; will hem over seams and fells, and CAN BE EASILY ATTACHED TO ANY SEWING MACHINE. Price $5.

LARGE DISCOUNT TO AGENTS AND CLERGY.

AGENTS WANTED everywhere. Come and see us at 133 Lake street, or address N. CORNELL & CO. P. O. Box 3982 Chicago, Illinois. fe28

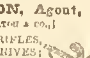
For Pike's Peak.

PIKE'S PEAK OUTFITS.



Guns, Rifles, Pistols; Colt's, Allen's, Sharpe's, and every variety of Revolver; Bowie Knives, Tents, Picks, Shovels, Pans, Gold Scales, Blankets, and all kinds of miner's tools; Powder, Shot, Caps, and ammunition generally.
Agent for St. Louis Shot.
Sole Agent for Hazard's Powder.
ap2,y GEO. T. ABBEY, 136 Lake street.

FOR THE GOLD MINES.
CHAS. A. EATON, Agent,
[SUCCESSOR TO D. EATON & CO.,]



SHARP'S AND COLT'S RIFLES, COLT'S PISTOLS, BOWIE KNIVES, also, a large assortment of Target and other Rifles, Shot Guns, and other apparatus for a general outfit for the Mines, at 26 Lake st.
a11 c73 1y

Plumbing.

GAS PIPE AND FIXTURES.

Brown & Wilder,
47 & 49 State street, - - - - Up Stairs.
CORNELIUS & BAKER'S, PHILADELPHIA,
Gas Fixtures.

The richest assortment in the city, comprising all Late Patterns.
Also 40 per cent discount from list prices. Fitting 20 cents per pound. se15-1y-a47

R. D. McFARLANE'S
Gas, Steam Fitting
—AND—
PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT,
54....LASALLE STREET, CHICAGO....54
—DEALER IN—
Gas Fixtures and Iron Furniture,
PRACTICAL PLUMBER
And Manufacturer of
ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK.

TO THE TRADE
The trade supplied with tools and every article in the Gas Steam Fitting and Plumbing Business. Re Gilding and Bronzing done to order.
Manufactory 167 and 169 East Washington street.

THE UNITED STATES
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

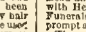
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the business of other Life Companies. From the Comptrollers Report for 1856, and Reports of Companies filed for 1857.

1857 New Policies.		New Policies issued within the year 1856.	1856.	1857.
1004	United States Life	1,277 for	$2,766,650	$2,587,900
711	New York Life	704	2,344,010	2,075,109
582	New England	666	2,275,900	1,873,525
720	Manhattan	653	1,947,800	2,315,000
631	Connecticut	687	1,685,650	1,310,850
623	Mutual Benefit	441	1,510,140	1,369,650
	Albion	427	1,016,827	

The assets of this Company exceed $500,000.
The Annual Income exceeds $200,000. It is purely Mutual, and its dividends are paid in Cash.
Since its organization, it has issued 7,512 policies.
The large Capital safe investments and economical management, render its security beyond question.

JOSEPH B. COLLINS, President.
N. O. DE GROOT, Actuary. JOHN EADIE, Sec'y.

Applications for Agencies in the Northwest should be made to
OBREN E. MOORE, Gen'l Agent.
ap30 c216 3m Office 148½ South Water street.



SEXTONS AND UNDERTAKERS.
NO. 88 LA SALLE STREET.

Have on hand, at all times, every style and finish of Wood, Lead and Zinc Coffins; also, Shrouds. And are prepared with Hearses and Carriages, and everything requisite for Funerals; and may be found on hand and ready to give prompt attention to their business at all hours.
They also have a Chapel and Vault in the Cemetery.
ap12 WRIGHT & MOULBRE.

H. KNAPP, M. D.
FORMERLY OF NEW YORK,

Can be consulted, either personally or by letter, in regard to all diseases, which he treats with unprecedented success, on a new system. He cures Chronic Cases of Diseases, which have been pronounced incurable by the medical faculty generally, such as Nervous and Neuralgic Affections, Diseases of Women. All Forms of Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Skin Diseases, Cancerous and Tuberculus Affections, including Pulmonary Consumption, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Asthma, Salt Rheum, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, the Diseases of Children, &c.

He has had an extensive practice and wonderful success in the treatment of

CANCERS,

which he cures without the knife.

Remember, the Doctor does not promise to cure all stages of Diseases. While ALL Diseases are CURABLE, if taken in season, all STAGES are not. Your case may be curable this week, not next—to-day, not to-morrow; hence, the danger of delay.

Consultation free. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.
OFFICE 178 SO. CLARK STREET,
ap24-'60-1y Cor. Clark and Monroe sts., Chicago, Ill.

GOOD BUILDING STONE
For sale at the
Quarry of Reuben Taylor & Son,
Corner of Chicago Avenue and Western Limits. ja14-1

delegated by the Commissioners, to inquire into the case, and if necessary to kill and examine the diseased animal. They were accompanied by Doctors Thayer and Bates, who did not consider the case one of pleuro-pneumonia. Two heifers belonging to Mr. Wellington, after being exposed, have been sent to Hillsboro', N. H. Mr. Wellington has been enjoined to keep his cattle isolated from others for three weeks, at the end of which time the Commissioners will visit him again.

The case reported as having appeared in Sandwich, is, according to the testimony of Dr. Jonathan Leonard of that town, clearly one of pleuro-pneumonia. On the 9th inst., William F. Bicknell purchased of Orrin Hill at Brighton four oxen, one of which on Friday last, showed symptoms of the prevailing disease. The ox died on Sunday, and on being opened, the lung and plura on the left side were found to be extremely inflamed, and the cavity of the chest contained a large quantity of serum. Judge Mattoon of Barnstable has already commenced an investigation of the case, and to-morrow Messrs. Brooks and Sewall, in company with a competent veterinary surgeon, will proceed to Sandwich to examine the matter.

It is not improbable that some unscrupulous person having diseased cattle may have secretly conveyed them to Brighton Market. There are grounds for apprehending this, from the fact that in North Brookfield, recently, an Irishman went at break of day to a farmer, one-half of whose herd had died of the disease, and inquired the price of his best cows. The farmer, an honest, straightforward man, told him that considering the disease which prevailed among them, he might have his choice for forty dollars. The Irishman reflected and agreed to take two. The farmer then asked him what he was going to do with them; whereupon the man said he was going to drive them to Spencer. "But the people will not allow you to drive them there," said the farmer. "I know that," replied the unscrupulous purchaser, "but I shall drive them in the night time." This opened the eyes of the farmer to the dishonesty of his customer, and he rebuked him, saying, "I've got all I want of you; I shall not let you have the cattle; you can go." We hope for the welfare of the community that all the farmers whose herds have been visited by this frightful scourge are thus mindful of their neighbor's welfare.

There is great danger to be apprehended from a class of small farmers, principally foreigners, who are ambitious of bargains. The utmost vigilance is necessary to prevent such men from trafficking in cattle infected with the contagion. A man recently informed the Commissioners that he had three cows which had been exposed, and wanted the Commissioners to take them off his hands while there was yet a chance of his realizing their value. The Commissioners promised to sell them as soon as possible, but the owner directly sold them to a man in a neighboring town, where they were driven into a herd with four others. The Commissioners learning the fact dispatched a person immediately, and ascertained that the three cows were diseased. These, together with the remainder of the herd, were at once destroyed.

On Thursday, Dr. Loring and Prof. Clarke visited the farm of Mr. Thrashor, in Amherst, where four head of cattle belonging to Mr. Edward W. Fay of North Brookfield, had been sent to pasture. Although from the infected district they had not shown signs of pleuro-pneumonia. They have been in contact with only three other animals, and are now isolated and shut up in a barn. No danger is apprehended from them. On the other hand Mr. Ebenezer Fairbanks of West Brookfield, who has a herd of eighteen head, killed a cow this morning which had exhibited symptoms of the contagion, and found the lungs very much enlarged, and other unmistakable signs of pleuro-pneumonia. The Commissioners will examine the herd to-day, and probably condemn the whole.

The disease has obtained a strong hold at New Braintree. The Commissioners have examined several large herds, numbering in the aggregate about two hundred and fifty head, and found several cattle to be affected. All have consequently been exposed to the contagion. The disease is supposed to have ramifications in Oakham, Hardwick and Sturbridge. Since, a yoke of oxen belonging to William Fullum of North Brookfield, one of which has been killed, and found to be badly diseased, have been used in drawing boxlumber from those towns, Dana, Pelham and places as far north even as New Hampshire.

The people are now fully awake to the danger of this disease, which threatens to become a national calamity. Already meetings have been held in several towns, and measures taken for the protection of the healthy cattle. The citizens of Warren, Mass., and Portsmouth, R. I., have adopted resolutions prohibiting the passage into those towns of any cattle from the infected and suspected districts. The Commissioners recommend this course, and the establishment of stringent regulations in all the towns of New England.

Mr. Flint, Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, has been instructed to notify the Governors of all the States and Territories in the Union, and also all the Boards of Agriculture and Presidents of State Societies, of the existence, nature and magnitude of the disease, and of its dangerous character, that they may adopt such measures for self-defense as they may deem proper.

MEETING OF THE FARMERS OF NORTHAMPTON.

The farmers of Northampton have become so much interested in the subject of the prevailing disease, that they have sent Dr. E. F. Wood to investigate and report upon the matter.

A meeting was held in Northampton on Wednesday evening, which was attended by about two hundred persons. H. K. Starkweather, Secretary of the Hampshire, Hamp-

land it is gold. In reply to a proposition to change the standard from silver to gold, the Indian Finance Minister justly objects, that if it were merely to begin a system, a gold standard would be preferable, but he was "to deal with a system established, under which an enormous amount of obligations, both public and private, has been incurred. These obligations are to pay a given quantity of silver; and if the standard of value were to be changed to gold in place of silver, because the former has become cheaper in relation to the latter, every debtor would be enabled by law to commit a breach of faith upon his creditor. A reduction in the price of gold of only five per cent, would, under such circumstances, in effect reduce the claim of holders of the public debt of India no less than five millions of sterling."

The Indian Government, therefore, proposes to adopt a circulation of notes based on a reserve of coin equal to at least one-third of the value of the notes issued, and two-thirds of Government securities. The convertibility of the bank-note into silver is thus supposed to be secured. The three Presidencies of India—Bengal, Bombay, Madras—will each have a Government institution empowered thus to issue notes under a responsibility of the strictest kind.

The effect of this on the monetary systems of the world will be considerable, inasmuch as it will lessen the drain of specie on the European and American markets, and diminish the disturbances of the various money markets; and what is aimed at, especially in India, is to obtain a more uniform supply of money all over that great peninsula.

As the measure is a fixed one, we shall in a little while be able to ascertain its exact value for good, and the drawbacks that may attend it.—*N. Y. Independent.*

Spring & Summer Trade

W. R. WOOD & CO.

Are now offering a large assortment of

TRAVELING GOODS!

In Choice Styles and at

VERY LOW PRICES.

Also, a Splendid Stock of

PRINTED JACONETS,
ORGANDIES, CAMBRICS,
French and English Bareges,
BAREGE ROBES,
ORGANDIE ROBES,

And many other approved styles for Summer Wear.

We also keep, in great variety,

CLOTH RAGLANS,
LACE AND SILK
MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS

Which we are selling at the

Lowest Possible Prices.

We invite the attention of all buyers of Dry Goods to our stock.

W. R. WOOD & CO.,
152...Lake Street...152
my3c941-1m

BABCOCK & PEEK,
[Successors to Willard, Peek & Co.]
171..........Randolph Street..........171
MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT, ALSO CHAMBER, DINING-ROOM AND COMMON FURNITURE IN GREAT VARIETY.
Wood Seat and Cane Seat Chairs, Bedsteads and Bureaus.
Particular Attention paid to Country Orders, and to Furnishing Hotels, etc. a16-a880-1y

BURWELL & WYANT—
Dealers in
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
DEARBORN STREET,
No. 8 Tremont Block, Chicago,
Are now in receipt of a very Choice Selection of
SPRING STYLES AND NOVELTIES,
In Their Line.
Shirts made to order from measure, and warranted to fit and give Satisfaction.
AGENTS FOR THE
Golden Hill Shirts.
mh31-b961-3m

JUST RECEIVED.
A Large and Full Stock of
FASHIONABLE SPRING GOODS.
H. BURWELL,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 7 Tremont Block. No. 7
DEARBORN STREET.
mh30b946 2m

REMOVAL.—REMOVAL.—
L. & J. WUNDERLE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 189 Randolph Street,
(Under the Briggs House.)
my 14 2w c340

72 & 74... State Street. ....72 & 74
CORNER RANDOLPH.
This Store, located at the terminus of the three principal Horse Railroads, is one of the most accessible points in the city. my9c300-2m

GREAT NOVELTY.
Mr. E. S. WELLS having retired from business,
HIS FIRST-CLASS STOCK
Of New and Fashionable
BOOTS AND SHOES,
At 163 Randolph Street,
(Under the Metropolitan Hall,)
WILL BE OFFERED FOR SIXTY DAYS,
AT AUCTION PRICES!
THE GOODS ARE FRESH AND VERY DESIRABLE
AND MUST BE SOLD
Within Sixty days, to close a concern.
Call Early and Secure
Rare Bargains!
163.....RANDOLPH STREET.....163
(Under Metropolitan Hall,
m15c323-2w

L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED
HAIR INVIGORATOR
An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound

For restoring Gray Hair to its original color, without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.
For preventing Baldness, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality of recuperative energy remaining.
For curing Scurf and Dandruff, and all Cutaneous affections of the Scalp.
For Beautifying the Hair; imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture, and causing it to curl readily.

Price per Large Bottle, only 25 Cents.
General Depot, No. 56 Dey street, New York.
Western Depot, No. 302 State street, Chicago.
S. T. HINCKLEY, Western Agent.
ap25-c198-1m

177 - RANDOLPH ST. - 177
THIRD STORE EAST OF BRIGGS HOUSE.
NEW GOODS AT REDUCED RATES.

I have now on hand and to arrive, a large and varied stock of Crockery, China and Glassware, Panan, Marble and Terra Cotta Vases,
SILVER-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY,
with a general assortment of
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
Also, Oil Paintings, Yankee Notions, Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, which I will sell at greatly reduced prices, and to which I would invite the attention of Merchants, Housekeepers and others. JOHN RANKIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer,
my16-1y No. 177 Randolph street.

NEW STORE.—NEW GOODS,
WARNER & RUST,
Wholesale dealers in
Wooden and Willow Ware, Brooms and Broom Materials, Tubs, Pails, Churns and Bowls,
And Goods generally kept in the line. For goods and Dealers inquire at
No. 6 Dearborn street, Chicago.
E. W. WARNER. [ap10 1y] S. N. RUST.

THOMAS GEORGE,
225 Lake Street,
(Cor. of Franklin,)
Having disposed of his old stock at 201 Lake street, has removed to
225 Lake Street, Cor. of Franklin,
Where he offers for sale a new and complete assortment of Housekeeping Goods, consisting in part of
WINSHIP'S
Self-Ventilating Refrigerator,
The best thing of the kind ever manufactured, to which the attention of every housekeeper is respectfully invited. Ice Boxes, Water Coolers with Filters attached or without
KEDZIE'S WATER FILTER,
An excellent and sure article for clearing and purifying Rain River, or Lake Water. Also, a smaller one convenient for offices, &c.
Masser's 5 Minute Ice Cream Freezer,
WEATHER STRIPS for keeping the dust and wind from coming through loose doors and rattling windows.
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE GENERALLY.
Plain Tin Ware
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Will furnish Lumbermen for the Pineries, Steamers and Canal Boats with Pumps, Bow Lights, Horns, &c., &c. Orders solicited.
"Old Dominion" Coffee and Tea Pots, Chesterman's Atmospheric ditto. Roofing, &c., well done to order.
Japanned Ware, Tea Canisters, Grocer's Canisters, Lamps, Toilet Sets, Chamber Pails, &c., &c., &c.
Plainly or Extra Finished Old Ware made New by nicely re-japanning.
Stoves, Ranges, Hot Air Furnaces, Heaters, Ventilators, Registers and Kitchen Utensils.
Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, etc., at retail.
Plumbing, Copper, Sheet Iron, Tin Work and Jappaning done to order.
Thomas George,
225 LAKE-ST., COR. FRANKLIN.
my1c226-3m

DIRECT FROM IRELAND.
NOW OPENING
A large lot of
Irish Linens,
Linen Handkerchiefs, &c.,
SUPERIOR QUALITY and at VERY LOW PRICES.
On hand, a full stock of
Sheetings, Shirtings & Domestic Goods.
A. G. Downs & Co.
No. 150..........LAKE STREET..........No. 150

CHRISTIE'S
AGUE BALSAM,
SCOVILL'S
BLOOD AND LIVER
SYRUP,
AYER'S
CHERRY PICTORAL,
AYER'S
SARSAPARELLA,
HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,
AND ALL
POPULAR FAMILY
MEDICINES.
ALSO FOR
PURE SPARKLING
AND
STILL CATAWBA WINES,
GO TO
124 LAKE STREET.

REFRIGERATORS
AND
ICE BOXES,
OF THE VERY BEST KIND, AT
71------LAKE STREET------71
WATER COOLERS,
WITH FILTER ATTACHED, OR WITHOUT.
Masser's Five Minute Ice Cream Freezer, Japanned Ware, Tea Canisters, Grocer's Canisters, Lamps, Toilet Sets, Chamber Pails, &c.,
AT 71 LAKE STREET.
Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!
AT 71 LAKE STREET.
Plain Tin Ware, Wholesale or Retail.
A complete assortment of Housekeeping Goods may be found at
ALLEN & DALTON'S
71....................Lake Street....................71
ap31c189-2m

EDWARD ELY,
WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR,
Having just returned from New York, where he has been spending most of his time the past month, in making rich and tasteful selections of seasonable goods adapted to men's wear, as also becoming thoroughly conversant with all the newest and most desirable modes of manufacturing the same, is prepared in
EVERY PARTICULAR
to cater to the taste of all who wish a Genteel Garment, combining utility with taste. Also deals largely in the best article of WHITE SHIRTS sold in this market, to which he invites the special attention of all who are in search of
JUST THAT THING.
We keep also every article in the line of Gents' Furnishing, from the collar to the sock, and paying especial attention to this Branch of our business, are always in readiness to supply our patrons with all the
NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON,
as well as everything in the staple line. An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited.
N. B. English, French, and American Fashions received monthly.
EDWARD ELY,
WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR,
mh31b960 2m No. 9 Tremont Block, Chicago.

Toys and Fancy Goods
To suit the tastes of
THE MILLION,
AT
PEUGEOT'S,
GREAT VARIETY STORE,
KINGSBURY BLOCK.
No. 111 Randolph Street.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
Paper Hangings
AND
WINDOW SHADES
AT LESS THAN COST,
At the great Closing Out Sale at
E. G. L. FAXON'S,
70..........LAKE STREET..........70
Four doors from State.
mh3b729-4m G. M WASHBURNE, Assignee.

DIRECTORS—George B. Hart, E. P. Ross, A. C. Cattell, Foster S. Perkins, E. W. Bailey, Andrew Chambers, H. R. Coggshall, Samuel Jones, M. D., Hon. R. M. Fuller.
mb16 '60 1y

HARTFORD FIRE INS. CO.—
JANUARY 1, 1860.
ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in Bank	$38,338 11
Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission	62,890 89
Cash loaned on call	30,000 00
Bills receivable for loans, amply secured	70,248 59
Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value)	15,000 00
2409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, Mkt Val.	250,332 00
2200 " " New York	200,223 00
950 " " Boston	107,565 00
400 " " St. Louis	40,500 00
240 " R.R. and other Stock	16,750 00
Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cents	36,000 00
State Stock, (Tenn., Ohio, Michigan, Missouri,) 6 per cents	66,663 00
20 Shares State Bank Wisconsin	2,140 00
Total Assets	$936,7?? 69
Total Liabilities	66,930 85

Insurance against loss or damage by fire on dwellings, furniture, stores, warehouses, merchandise, mills, manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of policy holders will admit.
HUNT & HIGGINSON, Agents,
No. 1 Loomis' Building,
fe17b682tje1'60 S. W. Cor. South Water and Clark-sts

NEW YORK INSURANCE AGENCY.
HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........$385,341 71
MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........$330,000 00
ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........$288,148 08
INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........$174,478 44
LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Cash Capital and Surplus..........$348,049 52
MARINE INSURANCE:
PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.,
Total Assets..........$1,005,966 59
LIFE INSURANCE:
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.,
Total Assets..........$3,400,583 30
PHILLIPS & VAN WAGENEN,
AGENTS,
168..........SOUTH WATER STREET..........168
fe3'60 1y

NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
PAID UP CAPITAL, $366,000.
Insurance Against Loss by Fire Only.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago,
Cor. Clark and South Water st.
NORWICH FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Of Norwich, Conn.
Paid up Capital, $181,636,23.
INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, cor. of South Water and Clark st., first floor, Loomis' block. oc26-b905

FIRE, MARINE,
—AND—
LIFE INSURANCE
Miller & Willmarth,
Will represent the following Companies.
Office No. 150 South Water Street,
DOLE'S BUILDING
HOME FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus..........$1,458,596 00
PHENIX FIRE & MARINE INS. CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus..........$304,487 72
LORILLARD FIRE INS CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus..........$264,406 04
WASHINGTON FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus..........$472,404 00
MONTAUK FIRE INS. CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus..........$176,822 50
HAMPDEN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus..........$220,000 00
CONWAY FIRE INS. CO.,
OF CONWAY, MASS.
Capital and Surplus..........$255,218 00
CITIZENS' FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus..........$224,902 00
MANHATTAN LIFE INS. CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus..........$1,000,000 00
MILLER & WILLMARTH, AGENTS.
T. L. MILLER..........fe18-1y..........B. D. WILLMARTH.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMP'Y,
— OF —
HARTFORD, CONN.
Incorporated 1819 - - - - - Charter Perpetual.
Cash Capital and Surplus—$2,194,100.02
Fire and Inland Navigation Risks
TAKEN AT LIBERAL TERMS AND RATES.
Especial attention given to Insurance of Dwellings and Contents for terms of one to five years.
ASSETS JAN. 1, 1860.

PAID UP CAPITAL	$1,000,000 00
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	94,100 02

	Par Va.	M'kt Val.
Bank Stocks, &c.	$529,400	$589,992 00
U. S. Stock and Treasury Notes	225,000 00	231,650 00
State Stocks, &c.	241,810 00	254,783 20
City Stocks, &c.	115,000 00	116,150 00
Railroad Stocks, &c.	85,000 00	92,164 00
Mortgage Bonds	82,000 00	82,000 00
Real Estate, unincumbered		76,926 10
Miscellaneous Items		27,739 66
Cash on hand and deposited on call and in agents hands		399,746 26
		$2,194,100 02

Claims unadjusted and not due......$172,957 35

Applications received, and Policies issued or renewed by any of its duly authorized Agents. Losses equitably adjusted and paid in funds current at any of the Banks in Illinois.
Agents appointed, supplies furnished, and all business pertaining to a general supervision in the State of Illinois promptly attended to by WM. B. PATCH.
State Agent, Springfield, Illinois.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents for Chicago,
No. 1 Loomis' Block, cor. S. Water & Clark st.

A. C. OERTEL,
BANKER AND BROKER,
75 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
Sight and Time Drafts on New York and other principal cities bought and sold. Collections made on favorable terms. Sight Drafts on England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, Sweden, Norway, France, Holland and Germany in sums of $5 and upwards. ja11-b4?3-6m

BANK OF FOND DU LAC,
FOND DU LAC,
WISCONSIN.
S. E. LEFFERTS, Cashier..........A. G. BUTLER, Prest.
Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no3-1y

MARINE BANK,
CHICAGO MARINE AND INSURANCE C
Capital $500,000.
B. F. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary.
J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President.
Collections made and drafts remitted to all parts of the Union. fe24

MARSHALL & DRURY,
EXCHANGE, COLLECTION AND BANKING OFFICE, MOLINE, ILLINOIS.
DEWITT C. MARSHALL. STEPHEN DRURY.
Collections made and remitted at current rates.
REFERENCES—Park Bank, New York; Bank of Poughkeepsie, Poughkeepsie, New York; Marine Bank, Chicago, Illinois; White Bros, Chicago, Ill.; Bockes, Phillips & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. F. Stout & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Machinery, Hardware, &c.

200 TONS PIG IRON—FIRST QUALITY. Apply to
THOMAS S. DICKERSON,
METAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 45..........Wabash Avenue.
Burch's Iron Building.
my 14 c351 ly.

J. D. DECREET & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK.
PROPRIETORS OF
Fuller's Patent Portable Iron Fence,
AND JOHNSON'S PATENT
IRON ROLLING SHUTTER.
OFFICE, NOS. 3 AND 4, PARDEE'S BUILDING.
Corner South Water and Wells sts., Chicago.
S. D. Williams, Agent.
N. S. BOUTON. [mh1-b706-8m] J. D. DECREET.

FAY & COMPANY'S
Machinery Depot,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
Have the Largest and Best Assortment of
STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES
AND BOILERS,
PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES,
SASH AND MOULDING MACHINES,
Woodworth Planing Machines,
WITH AND WITHOUT MATCHING.
Doane's Patent Resawing Machines,
Doane's Stave and Barrel Machinery,
Doane's Heading Lathes and Joiners,
Doane's Shingle Machines,
Sole Western Agents for the sale of DUFOE & CO'S Celebrated
Dutch Anker Brand
BOLTING CLOTHS.
A Large stock constantly on hand. Also,
BART & MUNSON'S
PATENT FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS.
Leather and Rubber Belting, Lacing, Packing, &c., &c.
At the very lowest Cash Prices.
W. H. DUANE, Agent,
my14c330-1y 132 Clark-st., Chicago.

Chicago Lead Works
Corner of Clinton and Fulton streets, West Side.
LEAD PIPE, BAR & SHEET LEAD,
Shot, White Lead,
Red Lead, and
Lytharge.
PIG LEAD, PUMPS AND HYDRAULIC RAMS.
Orders from the trade solicited. CASH paid for Old Lead and Flax Seed. P. O. Box 3634.
[fe6] E. W. BLATCHFORD.

H. V. DITMARS,
PRACTICAL
Machinest and Pressman,
NORTH WATER STREET,
One Door West of Wells-st., Chicago, Ill.
Particular attention paid to repairing Printing Presses, manufacturing Chases, &c., &c.
Steam Engines rebuilt, and set up to order.
Orders from the country solicited. P. O. Box 70.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. Wm. B. STANTON, formerly of Albany, N. Y., late of Jackson, Michigan, has permanently located in Chicago, for the practice of medicine. Office Southwest corner Randolph and State streets. Particular attention given to the treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES.
REFERENCES.—Prof. A. Curtis, M. D., Cincinnati, Ohio; J. D. Friend, M. D., New York; W. Russell, M. D., Albany, N. Y.; M. W. Hill, Buffalo, New York.
mh17b876 3m

CHICAGO TYPE FOUNDRY
AND
Printers' Warehouse,
90..........WASHINGTON STREET..........90
CHICAGO.
The subscriber is prepared to furnish Type in large or small quantities, made from a superior quality of metal, for either cash or approved paper. He is also supplied with a large stock of Presses, Ink, Wood Type, and everything necessary for a complete printing office. A new specimen book is now ready for delivery, and will be sent to parties wishing to order on application.
H. T. DODGE Treasurer.

HOPE INSURANCE COMP'Y,
OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Cash Capital $150,000.
All paid in and securely invested. This Company insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on the most favorable terms. Apply to HAVEN & HEDRICK, Agents, 93 Lake street, Chicago. fe16'61 1y

TO DISTILLERS.—The greater part of the machinery for the full operating of two large Grain Distilleries; also a full sized Alcohol Column, of the very best construction. The above would be sold on very favorable terms, and presents a very favorable opportunity to parties desirous of extending their manufacture or embarking in the business. Apply to J. M. VANDENBERGH, 218 South Water street.

H. STONE, PIANO FORTE MANUFACTURER,
10 North Clark street, Chicago, Ill.
Square Piano Fortes in plain and ornamental cases, full Iron Frames.
Six and one-third Octave Rosewood Pianos for $175, cash. Seven Octave Rosewood from $225 up to $300. Warranted for five years. my1a1m

NEW TEAS—300 Half Chests, New Crop of Teas, just received and for sale low by WM. LITTLE & CO., 126 South Water street.

FLOUR—halves, quarters, eighths—printed to order of by desired pattern.
HAM SACKS—every size used.
GUNNY BAGS—Two or three bushels.
Commission Merchants, Millers, Grocers and Provision Dealers will find just the article wanted in our stock. Orders solicited [ap1'60ly] HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

Leather and Findings.

LEATHER! LEATHER!!
French Calf and Kip, Spanish Sole, Morocco, &c. A choice selection just received.
Harness, Bridle, Upper Kip, Calf, &c., &c., of our own Tanning at our new store,
No. 230 Lake Street.
ap21 C. O. WALLIN & SON.

Paper Hangings.

WALL PAPERS
SELLING
CHEAPEST IN TOWN.
F. E. RIGBY,
91..........RANDOLPH STREET..........91
ap9c123-3m

WALL PAPER.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
NEW PATTERNS
AT
DRAKE & BRO'S,
PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.
184....South Clark street....184
oct6ly

PAPER HANGINGS.—
LATEST SPRING STYLES
—AT—
100.......LAKE STREET.......100
I am now opening my Spring Goods,
New Patterns of Wall Papers,
In great variety, which will be sold at
LOW PRICES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
H. W. ANDRESS,
ap21c148-2m Lake street—bet. Dearborn and Clark.

Lumber, Wood & Coal.

LUMBER AND SHINGLES AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Dressed Flooring and Siding,
1st, 2d and 3d Dry Clear.
Common Lumber at $7.50 to $7.75,
Warranted Shingles at $1.25.
Cash on delivery. One located in yard, west end of Polk street Bridge, Chicago. S. G. R. HOWARD.
my10 c308-3w

COAL—COAL—COAL—COAL.
The undersigned have in their Coal Yard, Kingsbury street (on the North Branch of Chicago River) just north of Indiana street Bridge, the BEST kinds of Bituminous and Anthracite Coal, which they continue to sell at the lowest market prices:

ERIE COAL,	Large Egg,
ORMSBY COAL,	Small Egg,
MOUNT CARBON COAL,	And Range Sizes of
BRIAR HILL COAL,	LACKAWANA COAL
	BLOSSBURG COAL.

Coal carefully screened, and weights guaranteed always.
ja26-b486-4m RENO & LITTLE.

SOYER'S SULTANA SAUCE,
For Hot and Cold Dishes of all kinds. This most delicious and appetising sauce, invented by the renowned "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease manufactured by the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of slow and weak digestion."—[The Lancet.
"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer.—[Observer.
"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh, and Fowl, and should have a place on every table.—[Atlas.
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDNER G. YVELIN, 217 Fulton St., New York.
and BRAY & HAYES, 84 Cornhill, Boston. For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. ja17b498 6m

PRINCE
Imperial Champagne,
FROM DE VENOGE & CO.,
EPERNAY, FRANCE.
Sold by all Respectable Dealers throughout the Country.
This fine brand of CHAMPAGNE, which until the past year was confined exclusively to the best tables of the Continent of Europe, has now obtained the most unbounded success and popularity in this country. It is recommended by some of the first Physicians of the city of New York, over all other wines, on account of its extreme purity and delicacy, and those who once try it rarely use any other brand. Although only one year has elapsed since its introduction into this country, the demand is enormous and constantly increasing. Our arrangements are such as to ensure the quality of the Wine being maintained at its present high standard. The Prince Imperial is imported solely by us, we being the sole Agents of Messrs. De Venoge & Co., in this country.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
mh17-b881-3m Nos. 488, 490 & 492 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW YORK DYE WORKS,
WM. YERBURY,
157 S. Clark-st., between Madison and Monroe, Chicago,
Dyer and Cleaner of all kinds of Silk and Woollen Goods. Also, Straw Bonnet Bleacher and Presser. Store and country work punctually attended to. ap27'60 1y

NIGHT SCAVENGER,
CHARLES KUNZ
Will attend to the
CLEANING OF VAULTS,
and removing of any offensive matter in all parts of the city. Orders addressed to P. O. box 4149 will receive prompt attention. my1a1m

150 Bags PEPPER,
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO

Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22.

The scarcity of Eastern Exchange continues, and rates have advanced ⅛ per cent. The selling rates at the Banks was 1½ per cent. premium, and on the street 1½@1¾ per cent.

The decline in Breadstuffs in Europe and the East have tended greatly to impede shipments, and to this fact is to be attributed the present scarcity of Eastern bills. The market, however, will probably be relieved as soon as the prices of produce become settled, either up or down.

EXCHANGE IN ST. LOUIS.—At St. Louis, Eastern exchange is easier—the selling rates being 1½ per cent. prem. for bankable funds. Bankable Funds are scarce. Illinois and Wisconsin currency easier—¼@½ per cent. discount.

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22, 1860.

The following are the receipts and shipments for the last twenty-four hours:

	Flour brls.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Rye bus.	B'rly bus.	Grass Seed lbs
Lake	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Canal	....	....	53626	5150	....	85	....
G. & C. U. R. R.	445	5039	4566	1042	825	200	....
C. & R. I. R. R.	....	....	10550	460	....	....	100
Ill. Central	213	1641	46800	....	....	....	....
B. & Quincy R R	183	1921	35185	95	....	229	1630
Northwest'n R R	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
C. A & St. L. RR	896	3095	01	2375	200	....	....
Total	1704	12155	151118	9102	1025	229	1730

	Dressed Hogs No.	Live Hogs No.	Cattle No.	Hides lbs.	High-wines brls.	Out-M's. lbs.	Potatoes bu.
Canal	..	....	....	....	100	....	....
G. & C. U. R. R.	..	60	164	770	76	....	....
C. & R. I. R. R.	..	120	240	845	21	....	80
I. C. R. R.	..	272	515	3557	....	....	....
C. B. & Q. R. R.	..	3	80	4149	50	92792	....
C. & N. W. R. R.	..	....	....	....	....	....	....
C A & St. L. R R	..	....	2	1875	....	....	....
Total	..	455	751	10500	179	92792	....

SHIPMENTS.

	Flour brls.	Wh't bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Bar'y bu.	S'ds lbs.
To Buffalo	1150	....	41193	....	....	....	....
To Ogdensburgh	823	....	9533	....	....	....	....
To Collingwood	650	....	496	....	....	....	....
To Grand Haven	....	....	300	....	....	....	....
Total	2148	....	51602	....	....	....	....

The receipts of Corn to-day were heavy—151,118 bushels—while the shipments were only 51,000 bushels. Under this statement the market opened heavy at yesterday's closing figures, 48½c for No. 1; but after the receipt of the New York dispatches it fell to 48c, at which figure it was tolerably active, and finally closed at 47½c—a decline of 1c since yesterday. About 95,000 bushels changed hands at 50c for River Mixed f. o. b.; 47½@48½c for No. 1 in store; and 46c for No. 2. Wheat was extremely dull—buyers hold off—a few sales only being made at a decline of 4@5c—$1@$1,01 being the range for No. 2 Spring in store, and 87½c for Rejected. Flour also shared in the general heaviness, and prices fell 15@25c—medium to choice spring extra being sold at $4,87½@$5,25,—closing dull. Oats declined 2@3c,—sales being made at 30c on track and 33c delivered in bags. Rye was in good supply, and prices were nominally 4@5c lower—buyers offering only 75c. Barley was also quiet and a shade lower; sales at 67@70c for No. 1 on track. Highwines quiet, with sales at 18½c.

There was an active demand for Mess Pork to-day at $17, and about 1200 bbls were sold at that figure; the market closing firm. The stock on hand is now only a trifle over 4,000 bbls.

Vessels are still scarce, but there is little freight offering. Three vessels were engaged at 8c for wheat to Oswego, and 4½c for corn to Buffalo.

GROWING WHEAT.—We received, last week, from Messrs. G. C. Pearson & Co., of this city, a sheaf of growing wheat, taken from a field in Perry county, in this State, which measures four feet seven inches. It is the quality known as "May Red," and Messrs. Curle and Anderson, who shipped it hither, promise flour made from new wheat in four weeks.

ILLINOIS MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.—Messrs. G. C. Pearson & Co. exhibited on 'Change today a sample of Illinois tobacco, manufactured at Tamaroa, Perry county, in this State. It is said to be the first tobacco manufactured in this State, and the exhibitors will have regular consignments for sale.

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22, 1860.

FREIGHTS—Quiet and steady, with but few vessels in port, and little inquiry. Schr Ralph Campbell takes wheat to Oswego at 8c; schrs Nightingale and Winslow, corn to Buffalo at 4½c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 1,704 bbls. Market very heavy and declined 15@25c. Sales were:—100 bbls choice Spring extra at $5.25 del.; 100 bbls good do at $5.00 del.; 100 bbls Medium do at $4.87½ del.; 100 bbls "Troy Mills," 100 bbls "Como," 210 bbls "Becker's Challenge" do, and 100 bbls "Batavia XX" do, all on private terms; 300 bbls "Lockport Hydraulic" spring extra sold yesterday and not reported at $5.20.

MILL STUFFS—10 tons Middlings at $23.00 on track; 10 tons Bran and Shorts at $13 50 on track.

WHEAT—Receipts, 12,155 bu; shipped, none. Market very dull and 4@5c lower. Sales were as follows:—700 bu No. 2 Spring at $1.01 in store; 800 bu do at $1.00 in store; 700 bu Rejected at 87½c in store; 300 bu Club in bags at $1.10 delivered; 150 bags No. 1 at $1.05½ on track; 109 sks No. 2 at $102 on track; 27 sks Red Winter at $1.20 on track.

CORN—Receipts, 151,118 bus; shipped, 51,602 bus. Market declined 1c. Sales were 1,500 bus River Mixed at 50c f. o. b; 1,600 bus choice yellow by sample at 51c on track; 2,300 bus No. 1 at 48½c in store; 80,000 bus do at 48c in store; 9,000 bus do at 47½c in store; 16,000 bus No. 2 at 46c in store.

OATS—Receipts, 9,262 bus; shipped, none. Market 2@3c lower. Sales were 800 bus No. 1 in bulk at 30c on track; ...

Albany Lumber Market.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING WEDNESDAY, MAY 16.

The season opened with a good inquiry for desirable lots of lumber, and although but little has yet come forward by canal there has already been a fair business done in this mart. A large portion of the sales have been made up of lots wintered over, and the assortment of the various kinds of lumber is now not so good as it was upon the opening of navigation. The anticipated supplies from the north and the west will, it is hoped, be sufficient to supply the present deficiencies before the close of the present month. Desirable lots are now taken as fast as they arrive, and no surplus of any desirable kinds of pine, spruce, or hemlock is looked for nor anticipated by any dealer. The present market prices for spruce and hemlock are likely to be sustained for some to come on account of the unfavorable opening of the season at the north.

The advance of freights from Oswego, of from 50c to 75c per M., since the opening of the canal, which was not anticipated, is likely to sustain if not to advance the present prices of pines.

The present ruling of our market for all kinds of lumber is very firm, and until the doubts as to the future supplies shall have been dispelled or fully corroborated, no important change in prices is anticipated.

Hardwoods are just beginning to arrive from Buffalo, and although there is a fair assortment now in market, the quantity here is not large.

The receipts by the Erie and Champlain Canals during the second week in May, in the years named, were as follows:

	Boards and Scantling ft.	Shingles, M	Timber, C. ft.	Staves, lbs.
1856	1,862,910	....	....	146,000
1857	1,607,441	63	....	190,000
1858	10,644,176	2,187	8,069	83,000
1859	7,786,000	2,737	8,217	6,044,200
1860	8,122,600	1,050	....	2,460,800

The receipts of the Erie and Champlain Canals from the opening of navigation to May 16, in the years named, were as follows:

	Boards and Scantling, ft.	Shingles, M.	Timber, C. ft.	Staves lbs.
1856	1,852,710	....	....	146,000
1857	1,501,483	68	....	190,000
1858	23,451,021	3,241	21,700	343,600
1859	23,810,100	5,818	23,857	12,611,700
1860	14,032,640	1,386	....	2,490,800

The following are the ruling prices at the leading yards:

Clear pine, per M	$31 00@33 00
Fourth quality, per M	21 00@23 00
Select box, "	19 00@20 00
Culling box "	15 00@17 00
Box, "	12 00@14 00
¾ clear, "	25 00@29 00
4th quality, ¾ "	21 00@22 00
Select ¾ "	19 00@20 00
Box, ¾ "	10 00@12 00
Fine piece plank, 11 in., each	00 24@00 23
Pine piece plank, 11 in., each	00 21@00 24
Pine floor plank, 2d quality "	00 18@00 20
Pine floor plank, culls "	00 12@00 15
Spruce boards, "	00 12@00 14
Spruce floor plank, "	00 15@00 17
Spruce plank, 2 in., good, "	00 22@00 23
Pine tally boards, good, "	00 16@00 18
Pine tally boards 2d quality "	00 11@00 15
Pine tally boards, culls, "	00 09@00 11
Hemlock boards, "	00 10@00 10½
Hemlock joist, 3x3, "	00 09@00 11
Hemlock joist, 4x6, "	00 21@00 23
Hemlock wall strips, 2x4, "	00 09@00 08
Clap board, pine, clear, per M	20 00@30 00
Clap board, pine, 2d qual., "	15 00@18 00
Ash, good, "	25 00@30 00
Ash, 2d rate, "	15 00@18 00
Oak, "	25 00@30 00
Maple joists, "	15 00@17 00
Black walnut, good, "	40 00@43 00
Black walnut, 2d qual., "	20 00@25 00
Black walnut, ¾, "	35 00@40 00
Sycamore, 1 inch, "	21 00@25 00
Sycamore, ¾, "	19 00@20 00
Cherry, good, "	40 00@45 00
Cherry, 2d rate, "	20 00@30 00
Whitewood, chair plank, "	35 00@40 00
Whitewood, 1 inch, "	20 00@25 00
Whitewood, ¾ inch, "	15 00@17 00
Shingles, 1st qual shaved pine, per M	5 50@ 6 00
Shingles, 2d qual, " "	3 75@ 4 00
Shingles, common, " "	3 00@ 3 00
Shingles, 1st quality, sawed, "	4 00@ 4 25
Shingles, 2d qual, " "	3 25@ 3 50
Shingles, common, " "	2 00@ 2 50
Shingles, hemlock, " "	2 10@ 2 25

—Atlas and Argus.

Milwaukee Lumber Market.

[From the Milwaukee Sentinel, 21st.]

LUMBER.—Receipts for the week have been as follows:

Lumber, ft	956,000
Shingles	806,000
Lath	43,000
Timber, ft	20,000
Pickets	5,000
Cedar Posts	2,450

Some cargo sales have been made as high as $6.75@7 for assorted lumber, but at the close $6.50 was an outside figure. Among the sales were:

Two cargoes per schr Stronach, from Manistee, the first selling at $7, the last at $6.50.
Cargo of schr Wayne, from Free Soil, at $6 75.
Cargo of schr. Guido, from Oconto, at $6.75.
Cargo of schr Juniata Patton, from Oconto, at $6.50.

Trade at the yards has not been so active as last week. Quotations are unchanged:

Clear Plank ℔ M	30.00	Lath ℔ M	2.50
do Boards	25.00	Warranted Shingles	2.50
Second Plank	20.00	Black Walnut and	
do Boards	18.00	Cherry	25.00@40.00
Third do	14.00	Plank, Oak, Ash,	
Clear Siding	14.00	Maple	20.00
Second do	11.00	Tongues, Ash, each	..0@40
Common	9.00	Axletrees, Maple,	
Clear dressed Flooring	20.00	each	62½@75c
Second quality do	18.00	Spokes ℔ M	13 00@20.00
Common Flooring	16.00	Hubbs ℔ set	1.12½@1.50
Common Boards	9.00	Pickets	9.00
Joist and Scantling	9.00	Posts, Cedar, split,	
Fence Boards	9.00	100	7.00

New York Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] [NEW YORK, May 22.

FLOUR—A shade easier with moderate demand for export and home consumption. Sales 11,400 bbls, at $5.05@5.15 for superfine State, $5.15@5.25 for extra do., $5.05@5.15 for superfine Western, $5.20@5 60 for common to medium extra Western, $5.65@6.00 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio—market closing dull, with a downward tendency. Canadian dull and a shade easier on common grades. Sales 550 bbls at $5.30@7.60 for common to choice extra. Rye flour steady. Small sales at $3.50@4 20 for common to choice superfine.

WHISKY—In fair request and steady. Sales, 600 bbls at 21¼c ℔ gal.

GRAIN—Wheat fully 1c lower with a moderate export business doing at the decline. Sales 16 000 bu good and choice Chicago Spring at $1.19@1.21; 5,000 bu winter red western at $1.30; 200 bu white red western at $1.29; 49,000 bu fair to very choice Milwaukee club at $1 22@1.25 delivered at both prices. Rye quiet at 87@88c. Barley dull and nominal. Corn in large supply and under a pressing desire to realize is lower. The export demand is restricted by the scarcity of freight room and the consequent upward tendency of rates. Sales 102,000 bu at 5[illegible]c for distilling western mixed; 62@65c for Eastern do; 69@70c for prime shipping do; 70c for round yellow; 70@71c for Jersey and southern yellow. Oats quiet and steady at 40@41c for western and state, including small parcels of the latter, very prime at 43¼c.

PROVISIONS—Pork market dull and heavy, and lower. Sales 670 bbls at $17.62½@17.75 for new mess; $17.12@17.25 for thin mess; $16@16.50 for western prime mess; $17 for city prime; $18 for clear; $13.61 for new prime; $12.50 for old prime. Beef market quiet and steady. Sales 225 bbls at $4@4.50 for country prime; $5@5 50 for do mess; $8@10 for repacked mess; $11 50@12.50 for extra mess. Prime Mess Beef dull at $18@18; India mess, $19@22. Beef Hams quiet at $12@18 for State; $10@16 for Western. Cut Meats—Small sales at 7¼c for shoulders; 9@9½c for Hams. Bacon dull and nominally unchanged. Lard firm and in moderate demand. Sales 950 bbls at 11¼@11½c, including 650 pkgs prime Western at buyer's option. Butter—11@15c for Ohio; 12@18c for State. Cheese steady at 7@11c. Coffee market—Rio inactive, with a stock of 12,913 bags on the market. Prices, however, are without striking change and are still 12¼@14c.

GROCERIES—Sugar—An active inquiry for both speculation and refining having sprung up to-day, the market has become quite active. Prices extremely firm, with an upward tendency. Sales 3,800 hhds, chiefly Cuba, at 6@7¼c, mostly 6¼@6¾c, and 120 boxes Havana at 6¼@6¾c. Molasses steady. Sales 30 hhds Porto Rico at 3[illegible]c.

STOCKS—Rather more active but are again rather lower. C. & R. I. 63¼; C. B. & Q. 7[illegible]¼; C. & T. 10¼; G. & C. 61½; Ill. C. scrip 61½; Panama 133½; M. C. 60½; Hudson 5[illegible]; Erie 22¼; Ind. & Cin. 42¼; N. Y. C. 83¼; Pacific Mail [illegible]; Harlem 3d bonds 80; Hudson 3d bonds [illegible].

Buffalo Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, May 22.

FLOUR—Market steady. Sales 600 bbls at $5.25@5.50 for extra Illinois and Wisconsin; $5.60@5.75 for extra Ohio and Indiana; $6@6.75 for double extra.

GRAIN—Wheat market dull and nothing doing. Corn market easier. Sales 60,000 bu at 50c for hot; 52c for damaged; 54½@55c for sound Illinois and Toledo. Other grains quiet and no sales.

WHISKY—Nominal at 2[illegible]c.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, May 22.

SENATE.—The Senate met at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Bigler presented a memorial in favor of changing the tariff.

Mr. Fessenden called up the Deficiency bill as returned from the House. The latter had stricken out the proposition for paying the widow of Lewis T. Linn arrears of mileage. The Senate, after some debate, receded from its amendment.

Mr. Thompson introduced a joint resolution of Augustus S. Baldwin of the active list a lieutenant in the navy.

Mr. Gwinn introduced a bill to grant the alternate sections of land to California for railroad purposes.

On motion of Mr. Pearce, the Senate insisted on its amendments, to the consular and diplomatic bill, and the committee of conference were ordered to confer with a similar committee on the part of the House.

Mr. Davis's Territorial resolutions were taken up.

Mr. Hale resumed his remarks. He corrected the statement made by Messrs. Lane and Pugh in regard to the action of Indiana in the introduction of slaves. He contended that Indiana did petition for a suspension law prohibiting slavery for ten years, and Congress refused.

Slaves were taken in afterwards in violation of law, and the Courts decided that the ordinance of 1787 was binding, and all slaves, by virtue of it, emancipated. It was useless before to deny that the ordinance of 1787 was regarded as legal and binding. He read Mr. Randolph's speech in opposition to the Petition of Indiana Territory, and said the growth of that State had demonstrated the wisdom of the refusal. He next referred to the interference of the Supreme Court in political questions, and said in doing so they hurt nobody, but damaged their own reputations. He hooted at the idea that the Dred Scott decision disposed of the rights and interests of fifteen States of the Union, who were not a party to the suit. The claim was perfectly monstrous. No court and no caucus could settle this question o the age.

He argued at length to show that the power of Congress to prohibit slavery in the Territories had been constantly exercised, and acknowledged Mr. Pugh said the ordinance of 1787 was never popular in the North-west. The officers appointed under it ruled that section with a rod of iron. The ordinance of 1787 was never legally passed. Slaves were held in all that territory in spite of the ordinance. Illinois, as well as Indiana, protested against the prohibition of slavery. But for foreign emigration that filled up the north west, slavery had not been driven out; 49,000 ordinances would not have done it.

Mr. Benjamin spoke at length in opposition to Douglas' doctrine. He said the Senator in his speech occupying two days, had presented the extraordinary spectacle of advocating his own claims to the Presidency, and denouncing those who dare express their views on the subject before the Senate, assuming that he was the embodiment of the Democratic party, and all who opposed him were rebels. He defended the Democratic Senators from the charge of having attempted to dictate to the Charleston Convention what sort of a platform they should make. Nobody here wanted to make a slave code, nor to force slavery on unwilling people. Assaults on the Democratic Senators were wanton and unprovoked. The Senator had defended his constituency, but that was not the issue between them. It was that the Senator had made a bargain and violated it. It was his consistency that was his great crime, adhering to his views which he had agreed to abandon when the Court decided the question and which had been decided against him.

Mr. Benjamin argued that the principles of the Dred Scott decision was that the Constitution forbids prohibition by Congress of slaves in the Territories, and as the Territorial Government derived its power from Congress, it could not do more than Congress. To be twice deceived by the same man would make them dupes and fools. Mr. Benjamin then read from Douglas's *Harper's Magazine* article to show that he had actually copied Mr. Lincoln's arguments of 1858 and claimed them as his own. He warned Douglas that the tendency of his doctrine was to drive him back step by step to the Black Republican ranks. Up to 1858 no one had a higher regard or respect for him than himself. He had held him up to the Democrats of Louisiana in 1856 as a model of an American statesman, but his confidence in him is forfeited. He had forfeited his obligations often by making promises. He went home, his knees faltered and he gave way. Mr. Lincoln, who stood mainly on principle and was beaten, is the candidate for the Presidency of his party. Mr. Douglas, who faltered, won the prize he contended for; but the prize to which he has looked for years, is slipping from his grasp. He might conclude, as the Senator from Illinois had done, by saying that he acted on self defense, and all he had said could only be so considered.

Mr. Hammond rose to a question of privilege, upon which he would speak to morrow. It was that a speech of the Senator from Massachusetts appeared in the *Globe* as delivered yesterday, which he did not hear and which he did not believe was delivered at all, containing reflections on his State, which it was necessary to answer.

Mr. Pugh said the Senator from Louisiana had demonstrated that there was nothing equivocal in the Kansas bill, or the Cincinnati Platform. The Kansas bill provided the manner in which the power of the people of the Territories was to be determined by the Supreme Court, and the question had not arisen. He denied that the Dred Scott decision settled the points at issue. The question of the power of the people of the Territories was not argued in that case, nor supposed to be involved. It submission to the demands of the Senator from Louisiana was the price of peace in the Democratic party, he warned them all that peace was at an end.

Mr. Pugh examined at length the Dred Scott case to sustain his views. He argued that if the Constitution established slavery in the Territories it also established it in the States, and combatted the correctness of this dogma. He retorted the charge of want of faith and abandonment of bargains, upon the Senator and his friends. He defended and explained Mr. Douglas' Freeport speech from the attacks made upon it, contending that it simply meant that slavery would not be forced upon the people against their will. Mr. Douglas was not only pressed by his immediate political enemies, but by the Administration, which invaded a sovereign State to interfere to control the elections.

Mr. Wade asked Mr. Pugh if he believed a Territorial Legislature could prohibit slavery and that prohibition be legal and effectual?

Mr. Pugh replied affirmatively.

A long debate followed as to whether the votes at Charleston expressed the view of the majority.

Mr. Pugh said the rupture at Charleston grew out of the fact that Judge Douglas having incautiously said that he would not allow his name to be used in case a certain platform was adopted. The friends of the other candidates united to construct a platform on which he could not stand. He wanted the Richmond convention to nominate their candidates. They had no business to come to Baltimore, and if they come, he would sit and vote till the 4th of March to keep them out. The men who voted for Stephen A. Douglas fifty-seven times had not got tired of doing so. Gentlemen of the South had made the issue, but made it a question of personal honor, and so it would stand. The North would not submit to the dictation of the South, and would not level themselves in the dust at the bidding of any set of men. Douglas was the impersonation of Northern honor. His enemies have made him greater than his friends ever could. They might kill him at Baltimore if they choose, but his friends would carry his bleeding carcass to the Northwest and show him to young men coming to cast first votes, and tell them this is another Kansas-Nebraska bill, and this is Southern gratitude.

Mr. Wigfall defined what was Democracy, and expressed the opinion that Mr. Pugh had fallen from grace. Without concluding the Senate adjourned.

The City Council have passed resolutions strongly condemnatory of the riotous interference with the Republican serenading parties on Saturday night, and requesting the Mayor to exert the whole power of the city to prevent future outrages and punish the guilty in the present instance.

The Japanese Commissioners, attended by several members of their suite and the Naval Commission, proceeded to the State Department at noon to-day, where their treaty with this government was duly ratified. The copies of the documents were carefully compared, and certificates of their correctness, of which there were several, signed and exchanged. On their way to the Department the treaty was borne on the shoulders of their servants.

Secretary Cass, during the diplomatic proceedings, informed the Commissioners that it afforded him great pleasure to exchange the ratifications of the treaty with them, and expressed a fervent hope that the two nations would be bound still closer in friendship.

The Commissioners reciprocated the compliments, and expressed their obligations to the venerable Sec'y, and spoke of the kind attentions bestowed on them, and trusted that peace between the countries might be everlasting.

The Japanese will visit the House of Representatives at one o'clock to-morrow.

They have set apart two hours on Friday and Saturday, for visits to them by members of Congress and their families.

The Republican Association of Washington are making arrangements for a public meeting on Monday night, to ratify the Chicago nominations.

HOUSE.—Mr. Dawes, from the Committee on Elections, reported a resolution, declaring, first that J. R. R. Barrett is not, and secondly, that Francis P. Blair is, entitled to a seat from the First Congressional District of Missouri.

The majority and minority reports were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dawes said it was the desire of the Committee to call up the subject at the earliest possible period. On his motion a resolution was adopted giving leave to Mr. Blair to occupy a seat on the floor and speak on the merits of the question.

The House resumed the consideration of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph bill.

Mr. Colfax explained the amendment which the Committee on Post Offices reported. ...

Terrific and Destructive Tornado at Cincinnati and Vicinity.

Buildings Demolished and Great Destruction of Property.

Loss $500,000 in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 22.—The most destructive tornado ever known visited this city yesterday P. M., between three and four o'clock. The storm came from the north-east, and appeared to be a cloud, densely black, extending two miles in breadth, and rushing forward with fearful rapidity. It was accompanied by thunder and lightning and torrents of rain. The damage done in the city by blowing down and unroofing houses is immense. Loss probably five hundred thousand dollars. A large number of persons were injured. As far as ascertained, but six persons were killed.

The roof of the new *Commercial* office building was blown off, portions being carried a distance of a square. Part of the wall fell through Johnson's Saloon, adjoining, injuring several persons on the ground floor.

The steeple of St. Joseph (Catholic) Church was blown off and fell through the roof. Most all the public buildings, school houses and churches, besides a large number of dwellings, were unroofed, or otherwise damaged.

The telegraph lines in every direction were prostrated, and but little is known of the damage done in the country, but as far ascertained the damage has been as severe as in the city.

The storm visited Cummingsville with great fury. The Catholic Orphan Asylum was completely unroofed. The road between Cummingsville and Brighton House is covered with trees torn up by the roots. Nurseries and gardens along the road suffered severely. The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad is covered with forests of fallen wood between here and Carthage. Villages and country along the Little Miami Railroad, between here and Loveland, suffered terribly. Railroad depot at Loveland and other buildings demolished. Catholic Seminary on the hill beyond the Brighton House unroofed, and otherwise badly damaged. Railroad shop at Lawrenceburgh entirely demolished.

The storm along the river raged with fearful violence. Steamers at the levee, however, were properly moored, and weathered the gale. The steamer Virginia Home, when two miles above the city, capsized. The cabin parted from the hull and floated down the stream in fragments. Only three passengers were on board, who were saved. Two of the crew were lost. The boat was valued at $6,000.

At Spring Grove Cemetery the destruction to monuments, trees and shrubbery was severe.

Along the Cincinnati, Wilmington and Zanesville Railroad, from Morrowtown to Circleville, trees were blown down by thousands, and several houses destroyed.

At Mt. Auburn there was a great destruction to trees and shrubbery. All along Clifton Avenue trees were uprooted.

A train on the Covington and Lexington Railroad was thrown from the track, and the locomotive and baggage car completely demolished. Passengers escaped uninjured.

A heavy rain set in early in the evening, and continued until after midnight, drenching the habitations made roofless by the storm, which is conceded to have been the most disastrous known to the present generation.

It is impossible to enumerate all the damage done, but scarcely a house in the city escaped uninjured.

No traces of the storm were seen on the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad West of Lawrenceburg. From that point East its signs are seen on every hand. Northwest of the city it appears to have extended about seven miles on the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad, and was very severe.

As far East as Chillicothe, trees were blown down in all directions, houses unroofed and general destruction in all quarters. Great fears are entertained for steamboats and coal boats on the river above.

The Storm in the Ohio Valley.

CINCINNATI, May 22.—The storm along the river, above and below, was very severe. At Madison, Iowa, six or eight buildings were unroofed, but no lives were lost. Three or four pairs coal boats were sunk. The steamer Baltic was partially wrecked near Ghent, Ky., the cabin and chimneys were blown overboard, together with a quantity of freight. The steamer Argyle also lost her chimney. Wharf boats at Patriot, Ghent, Vevay and Carrollton were torn from their moorings and carried up stream and wrecked. At New Richmond, Ohio, several buildings were unroofed. A vast amount of damage was also done to boats and rafts. Six pair of coal boats were in sight as the storm came on, but nothing has been seen of them since; all on board have probably perished. The railroads have sustained but little damage, and are all in running order.

The Whereabouts of Fowler.

NEW YORK, May 22.—It is stated that Postmaster Fowler left this port on Friday on the Moses Taylor, bound to Havana, whence he will go to Mexico or somewhere in South America, where no rendition treaty exists with this country. His friends raised a purse for him of several thousand dollars.

The President has tendered the commissionership under the Paraguay treaty to John Van Buren.

A dispatch from Washington says that Government has proposed to Peru to pay $400 000 in full for all claims, and that American Commissioners be appointed to investigate claims and pay out the money at Washington. Peru declines the proposition.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The Steamship Edinburg, from Liverpool, 9th, via Queenstown, 10th, has arrived. News antic paied.

The Presbyterian Old School General Assembly.

ROCHESTER, May 22.—The attendance this morning was larger than usual. 329 delegates were present. A report was presented and adopted by the Assembly, recommending the second week in January next as a season of prayer for the whole world; also a report, which was adopted, discountenancing the system of social dancing, but leaving the matter of it entirely to the several sessions. The report on Foreign Missions was presented by Dr. Edgar, and interesting remarks made by the Hon. Walter Lowrey and Rev. S. Mattoon, of Siam.

Glorious Ratification Meeting in Wisconsin.

JANESVILLE, Wis., May 22.—A large and enthusiastic Republican Ratification Meeting is in progress here. It commenced at two o'clock this afternoon, and will continue through the evening. Every town in the county is represented. The meeting will conclude with a torch-light procession. Hon. L. P. Hovey of Wisconsin, and Hon. Mr. Williston of Pennsylvania, are among the speakers.

COLUMBUS, O., May 22.—A great Lincoln and Hamlin ratification meeting is in progress. The city is blazing with bonfires and fireworks. The capitol square is crowded with people, listening to speeches by Gov. Chase, Gov. Dennison and others.

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The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of

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would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and powers; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine ...

New Advertisements.

THE STANDARD OF THE

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Twenty Thousand Copies already Published.

"The lapse of a few months will be sufficient to establish WORCESTER'S DICTIONARY as the acknowledged standard of reference among the scholars of England and America.—*London Literary Gazette.*

RECOMMENDATIONS:

From JAMES WALKER, L. L. D., late President of Harvard College.

The correctness of its orthography, and the neatness of its definitions and method of notation, together with its greater general completeness and thoroughness, as the latest of the great Dictionaries, will make it an authority among scholars everywhere.

From C. C. FELTON, LL D., President of Harvard College

I have been in the constant habit of consulting Dr. Worcester's great Dictionary in my daily reading, and of subjecting it to special trial, as test words occurred to me. In orthography, pronunciation, and definition, the learned author has taken unwearied pains to ascertain the best usage, and in all these respects he has, beyond a doubt, produced a work which will be of standard authority in the United States and in England. I have had opportunities of knowing personally the thorough methods by which Dr. Worcester collected the materials and prepared the work. The addition of a large number of scientific terms, defined with the greatest precision, will be considered an important improvement by all those who are at all conversant with the progress of knowledge in our day. Aware of the labor and care which had been devoted to this, as well as to other parts of the work, I felt assured that Worcester's Quarto Dictionary would more nearly meet the public wants than any other hitherto published. My expectation has been more than fulfilled. I find it not only rich beyond example in its vocabulary, but carefully elaborated in all the details, and thoroughly trustworthy as a guide to the most correct and elegant usage of the language.

From M. B. ANDERSON, LL D., President of the University of Rochester.

It seems to me that you have given to the world a work which, for completeness and accuracy, is superior to any Dictionary of our language in existence. You have crowned the labors of a life in the production of a treatise which will identify you with the history of English lexicography in all coming time.

From Rev. MARK HOPKINS, D. D., President of Williams College.

It is a proud monument of accurate scholarship and vast research, and cannot fail of great influence in purifying and fixing, so far as it is possible, the noblest language now spoken on the globe.

From D. R. GOODWIN, D. D., President, of Trinity College, Hartford

It is but a short time since that I was led to commend another Dictionary, as, on the whole, with some exceptions, the best and most complete thing of the kind within my knowledge. The commendation was honestly given at the time; *but now it must be withdrawn in favor of yours.* I consider your Dictionary, in almost every respect—in orthography, pronunciation, and definitions—as superior to any of its predecessors. In truth, I never expected to see an English Dictionary so thorough, complete, and satisfactory.

From EDWARD HITCHCOCK, D. D., LL. D., late President of Amherst College.

I have looked chiefly, during the short time I have had the work, for the more unusual scientific terms, and I am gratified to find how very extensively your industry has ferreted them out. Scientific men, I am sure, will be thankful that you have given them such full and accurate definitions of the terms employed in the latest standard works. *O, how different from the Dictionaries published twenty years ago!*

From Rev. N. LORD, D. D., President of Dartmouth College.

No scholar, whatever other helps he may see fit to use can afford to be without your Dictionary.

From Hon. WILLIAM H. ALLEN, President of Girard College.

A work of such vast erudition and rare merit cannot fail to commend itself to the lovers of pure, conservative English, wherever our mother tongue is cultivated.

From HENRY BARNARD, LL. D., Chancellor of Wisconsin University.

I was not prepared to welcome a work so monumental as this. It comes much nearer to a standard of sound philological principles, and the best usage of the best scholars of England and America, than I expected to see in my day.

From Rev. F. COOSEMANS, S. J., President of St. Louis University.

I have examined your Dictionary with deep interest, and I believe, with fairness and impartiality, and I find it superior to every work of the kind that has ever come under my notice. Full and accurate in its definitions, exact beyond comparison in orthoepy and orthography, rich in treasures of etymology, derivation, authorities, and examples, it must at once be placed at the head of all books of its kind. It will be the safest guide of every student of the language, and the indispensable companion of every man of letters.

From J. BERRIEN LINDSLEY, Chancellor of the University of Nashville.

I know of no Dictionary in the English language in all respects so complete as the new edition of Dr. Worcester's. It is a faithful and reliable guide to correct spelling and pronunciation, ample in its vocabulary, and most excellent in its definitions. Its accuracy and fulness, as it regards the many new scientific terms recently introduced, render it invaluable to the professional as well as to the general student.

From Rev. CALVIN PEASE, D. D., President of University of Vermont.

The mature scholarship which the work evinces is, to me its most pleasing feature, where we have learning without pedantry, and the fruits of the most accurate and liberal research without ostentation.

From EDWARD THOMPSON, D. D. L. L. D., President of Ohio Wesleyan University.

admirably to the present state of the English language and the present advanced stage of civilization. Indeed, I cannot conceive that it has left anything to be desired, in respect to definitions, orthography, etymology, pronunciation, copiousness and whatever enters into the idea of a perfect Dictionary.

From WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

The new and authentic etymologies, the conciseness and completeness of the definitions, the nicety with which the different shades of meaning in synonymes are distinguished, and the conscientious accuracy of the work in all its departments, give it, in my judgment, the highest claims to public favor.

I concur with the opinion of Mr. Bryant.—WASHINGTON IRVING.

From J. G. HOYT, A. M., Chancellor of Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

Unusual care and scholarship seem to have been bestowed upon every department of the work. The derivation and etymological relations of the words show extensive research in comparative philology, especially in the direction of the Anglo-Saxon and cognate languages; the exact and clear definitions of the technical terms in art and science are a manifestly the work of no "prentice hand"; the explanation of obsolete words in the language enables us to draw from good old Chaucer's "well of English undefyled;" the synonymes, so called, which are largely employed, cannot fail to be of eminent service in marking the different shades of meaning in words often used indiscriminately; while the insertion of several thousand new words, which have recently originated in the terminology of the progressive sciences, and in the increasing precision of metaphysical discussion, must add not a little to the value of the promised volume.

From ALFRED B. STREET, Esq., State Librarian, Albany, N. Y.

Worcester's Dictionary is an admirable work, and will, in my opinion, take precedence of every other Dictionary of the English language. Its copiousness, comprehensiveness, mode of definition, the research and learning displayed, cannot be too highly commended. I very cheerfully add my testimony to the value of the work.

From Governor JAMES POLLOCK, Milton, Penn.

It is a most valuable addition to American literature. It is a library in itself, an Encyclopedia in form and substance. No library can be complete without it, and to the student in every department of literature it is a perfect *vade mecum*. Wherever the English language is spoken, this Dictionary must and will be regarded as the standard, the authority in all matters of lexicography.

From Prof. FRANCIS BOWEN, A. M., of Harvard College.

So far and so long as the shifting nature of our language will permit it to be referred to any standard, this must continue to be the *one authority* upon all matters of lexicography wherever the English language is spoken.

From Prof. ASA GRAY, A. M., of Harvard College.

A very handsome volume it is, and I have no doubt it is the best. In fact, for years I have used no other English Dictionary than yours, and I have immediately put the new work to use.

From Prof. S. G. BROWN, A. M. of Dartmouth College.

I find it more than equal to my expectations. Your former Dictionaries have long been our standards of spelling and pronunciation, and I shall certainly commend this most strongly to our students.

From Mr. GEORGE B. EMERSON, A. M. Member of the Massachusetts Board of Education.

I wish it to be known that I consider Dr. Worcester's new Dictionary the best and the most unexceptionable dictionary of the English language with which I am acquainted.

From Prof. HORACE WEBSTER, LL. D., Principal of Free Academy, New York.

I am decidedly of the opinion that this edition of your Dictionary is, in all respects, the best, the most complete and learned, of any other in the English language with which I am acquainted; it will therefore afford me much gratification to recommend it as such on all suitable occasions.

From Prof. S. H. TAYLOR, Principal of Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

I have examined the Dictionary as far as my time would permit, and have found it at every point meeting my expectations. It is a Thesaurus of the language. In the treatment of orthography, pronunciation, derivation, in the fulness, precision, and neatness of its definitions, and in the clear distinctions which it draws between nearly synonymous words, it will meet the views of the great body of the most eminent scholars who speak the English language.

From JOEL PARKER, LL.D., of the Law School, Harvard College.

I have examined the work with the highest pleasure, and it will henceforth be to me, as I doubt not it will soon be to most of the scholars in the entire country, THE standard Dictionary of the English language.

From Hon. GEORGE P. MARSH, late Minister to Constantinople.

I have examined the new edition of Dr. Worcester's English Dictionary with care, and have formed a very favorable opinion of its merits.

The principal points to be aimed at in a hand-dictionary are,—

Accuracy in orthography and orthoepy—the written and spoken form of words;

Precision and distinctness in definition;

Fulness in vocabulary, and truth in historical etymology.

The work of Dr. Worcester is unquestionably much superior to any other general Dictionary of the language in every one of these particulars, and it is therefore entitled to rank first among the existing helps to a complete knowledge of English philology.

From Rev. A. P. PEABODY, D. D., Editor of North American Review:

There is no department within the province of a Dictionary that has been left imperfect. I am especially struck with the degree to which your quarto might fill the place of a many-volumed encyclopædia. Your full definitions of terms in science and art, and of technical terms in general, aided as they are when necessary by pictorial representations, are always as clear and intelligible, and often as full and adequate, as the articles on the same titles, for instance in the Encyclopædia Americana, while you define correctly hundreds of such words, which, occurring not as titles, but incidentally, in a work like the last named, could not be found by the inquirer.

From Rev. C. COLLINS, D. D., President of Dickinson College:

I have examined the Dictionary with care, and am free to say, that though public expectation respecting it was high, based justly on the high reputation of its author for lexical ability, yet in my opinion this expectation has been more than met. A nobler monument of profound learning, patient toil, and critical discrimination in the use and power of words, has not appeared. Its orthography and orthoepy faithfully represent that elegant use which the critics tell us gives law to language; and the etymologies and definitions present a treasury of learning in the literature of the language which is above price. I cannot speak too highly of the pictorial illustrations and diagrams which you have introduced, happily on a scale not so large as to encumber the page, and yet not too small for the purpose of elucidation.

cester's Quarto Dictionary in the Hall of the House, the officers's rooms, and for such Committees as shall request it.

It gives me pleasure to state, further, that the work has received the highest commendation, not only of the Committee, but of many members of the House who have given it an examination.

I am, very respectfully, your ob't serv't,
BYRON G. DANIELS, Clerk.

PUBLIC PRINTING AND DEBATES IN CONGRESS.
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING,
WASHINGTON, March 14, 1860.

I have long been familiar with Worcester's Dictionary, and have been highly gratified at the appearance of the new and beautiful edition of this valuable work. Its vast vocabulary, the skill of its arrangement, accuracy of orthography, precision of definitions, particularly of technical and scientific terms, its general completeness, and its freedom from political or sectional bias, render it, in my estimation, the most perfect and authoritative expository of the English language. It gives me pleasure to state that it is the standard authority for the public printing.

Very respectfully,
JOHN HART, Superintendent.

OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE, March 19, 1860.

It gives me pleasure to inform you that, with the commencement of a new volume of the Congressional Globe, the system of orthography represented in Worcester's Dictionary will take the place of that heretofore used in the publication of the Debates in Congress.

I am, sir, yours truly,
JOS. MATTINGLY, Foreman of Congressional Globe.

From CHARLES RICHARDSON, LL. D., the oldest English Lexicographer, and Author of the best Dictionary of the English Language, published in Great Britain, since Johnson.

* * * My Dictionary has been so long before the world, and has been respectfully quoted by others, as you seem to be well aware by your references. But I must say that I rarely, if ever, derived greater satisfaction from any testimony to the utility of that Dictionary, (on which its merit depends,) than from the very handsome present you have introduced to me by so generous an acknowledgment of the use you have made of my work. * * * I sincerely hope, too, that as you disclaim the expectation of ample pecuniary compensation for your labor, you may enjoy from your brethren, both in America and England, what may be to you as agreeable,—that tribute of honor to which you have earned so undoubted a title.

From PHILIP F. THOMAS, Com'r. U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

The new Dictionary of Dr. Worcester combines, in my opinion, more of the requisites of a work of reference than any similar one ever published. The fulness and accuracy of its technical definitions make it of especial value in this office, and this, together with the correctness of its orthography, and its general excellence in definition and in etymology, have made it the standard work of reference in this office.

From Prof. JOSEPH HENRY, Secretary of Smithsonian Institution.

In answer to your letter asking that I would inform you as to what standard of orthography has been adopted in the Smithsonian publications, I give you the following reply:—Early in the history of the Institution the subject of orthography was referred to one of the most accomplished writers of this country, and in accordance with his recommendation, Worcester's Dictionary was adopted, as being nearest the general usages of English scholars.

From Hon. CHARLES SUMNER.

It was only lately that my copy of your large Dictionary reached me here. But it has been on my table constantly since, and I have occasionally referred to the already well-thumbed copy in the Senate Chamber. I am astonished at the various results embodied in this work, which seems to me a masterpiece of labor and skill. Others may have done as much, or more, in some special departments of lexicography; but I know no one who has done so much as you for all departments, and given to our language a Dictionary so complete and many-sided. Much as I value preceding dictionaries, I cannot doubt that yours, as a whole, is the most useful and indispensable. It ought to be in every library, also in every academy and every school. Indeed, so essential do I regard it to every student of the English language, that I am tempted to say of it what the great jurist, Cujacius, said of a work in his day: "*Qui non habet Paulum de Castro tunicam vendat et emat.*"

Most truly do I congratulate you upon this great success.

From the Rev. JOSEPH BOSWORTH, D. D., F. R. S., F. S. A., of Christ Church, Oxford; Professor of Anglo-Saxon in that University; Dr. Phil. of Leyden; Lit. D. of Aberdeen; Corresponding Member of the Royal Institute of the Netherlands; M. R. S. of Lit., London; Honorary F. R. S. of Sciences, Norway; F. S. A., Copenhagen: F. of Lit. S. Leyden, Utrecht, Rotterdam, Bristol, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, &c.

OXFORD, March 27, 1860.

MY DEAR SIR:—I have long known, and highly appreciated your valuable and honest lexicographical works. I say honest, because every one who has examined your laborious and learned works, must be convinced that a man who is capable of writing so much and so well, could not condescend to avail himself of the labors of others, without due acknowledgment. You have done so in regard to the use you have made of my Anglo-Saxon Dictionary, in your last most important work, "A Dictionary of the English Language."

I like the simplicity of the title. The whole work is the most comprehensive that I have yet seen. It contains, in one volume, all that is necessary in a work of reference. Instead of being compelled to consult one Dictionary for the derivation and meaning of words in general, and other Dictionaries for the words peculiar to Theology, Law and Medecine; others for the pronunciation of Greek, Latin, and Scripture proper names, and modern geographical names, we find all these in your single and very handsome quarto volume. I use the word handsome, because the type, the printing, and the paper all combine to make it equal to any work that can be produced by our celebrated Clarendon press in Oxford, or by the best London printers.

Your definition of words has been made more concise clear, and accurate, by giving not only the whole word from which it is immediately derived, but its component parts. You have also followed the practice of our best scholars, by carefully accenting the Greek words. Thus, ASTRONOMY, n. (Gr. *astronomia*, *astron*, a star, and *nomos*, a rule or law, &c.) So in FREEDOM, n. (A. S. *freodom*, *free*, and *dom*, jurisdiction, &c.) This is the substance of what I have said in page iv. of my preface to my "Compendious Anglo-Saxon Dictionary." Wherever the Anglo-Saxon race appeared, liberty prevailed. They thought, they acted for themselves. They were free and loved the language of *freedom*. Every man of Anglo-Saxon origin, feels he has a *free dome, province*, or *jurisdiction*, in which none dares interfere—he is entirely free,—free to enjoy and do all the good of which his benevolent nature is capable. How tame is the Romanized liberty in comparison with the Anglo-Saxon and old English *freedom!* With boasted *liberty* superficially on the lip, there is often licentiousness and consequent oppression—but we feel *freedom* to be more deeply seated, even in the heart; here *freedom* is not only enjoyed, but cordially permitted and extended to all. This is true, heart-felt *freedom*, and we derived the word, and the noble feeling from our Anglo-Saxon forefathers!

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Trains leave Chicago every morning, Sundays excepted, and every evening, Saturdays excepted.

Trains leave Chicago	9.00 a. m.	9.00 p. m.
Arrive at Joliet	10.25 a. m.	10.25 p. m.
" Peoria	8.30 p. m.	7.00 a. m.
" Bloomington	2.12 "	2.26 "
" Springfield	5.00 "	5.14 "
" Alton	8.15 "	8.40 "
" St. Louis	9.25 "	9.50 "
Trains leave St. Louis	7.45 a. m.	5.00 p. m.
Arrive at Chicago	7.20 p. m.	6.40 a. m.

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Tickets by rail for Peoria, Galesburg, Burlington, Jacksonville, Naples, Quincy, St. Joseph and Atchison. Connections at St. Louis by rail for Jefferson City, Syracuse, Pilot Knob and St. Joseph. Also for steamers every afternoon from St. Louis for Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans, Jefferson City, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Pike's Peak, Weston, Atchison, and St. Joseph.

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Morning Line—At 9 45 a. m., arrives at Milwaukee at 1.40 p. m., and La Crosse same evening.

Evening Line—At 4.30 p. m., arriving at Milwaukee at 12.30 a. m., and La Crosse [illegible].

Both of the above trains connect at La Crosse with Packet Boats for Saint Paul.

Waukegan Train leaves Waukegan at 7 a. m., arrives at Chicago at 8.40 a. m. Leaves Chicago at 5.20 p. m., arrives at Waukegan at 6.55 p. m.

Trains leave Milwaukee at 10 16 a. m., and 3 16 p. m., Arriving at Chicago at 1.55 p. m. and 6.40 p. m.
April 30th, 1860. H. L. SYKES, Jr., Supt.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

1860...Summer Arrangement,...1860

On and after SUNDAY, April 15th, 1860, two daily trains will leave the Great Central Depot at foot of Lake and South Water streets.

6:30 a.m., Day Express, (Sundays excepted) arriving at Peoria at 3 p.m., at Decatur at 3 30 p.m.; at Springfield at 6.10 p.m.; Jacksonville at 8.20 p.m.; Naples at 10.30 p.m.; St. Louis at 7.30 p.m. Cairo at 10.35 p.m.; Memphis in 26 hours and New Orleans in 48 hours from Chicago.

6.35 p.m. Night Express, (Saturdays excepted) arrives at Decatur [illegible]; Springfield 3.15 a.m.; Jacksonville 5.05 a.m.; Naples 6.20 a.m.; Quincy 10.00 a.m.; St. Louis 8.50 a.m.; Cairo 10.35 a.m.; Memphis in 26 hours, and New Orleans in 48 hours from Chicago.

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Trains leave Chicago 6.30 a.m.; 8.00 p.m.; 12.00 m.; 3.30 p.m. and 6.10 p.m.

Returning will leave—

Woodlawn,	6.55 a.m.	9.50 a.m.	1 00 p.m.	4.25 p.m.	6.55 p.m.
Hyde Park,	7.00 "	9.05 "	1.05 "	4.30 "	7.00 "
Oakland,	7.01 "	9.10 "	1 10 "	4.37 "	7.01 "
Fairview,	7.01 "	9.10 "	1.15 "	4.41 "	7.05 "
Car Works,	7.11 "	9.16 "	1.20 "	4.45 "	7.11 "

W. R. ARTHUR, Gen. Superintendent.
W. S. JOHNSON, Gen. Passenger Agent.

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R. D. HAMMOND, General Supt.
Chicago, April 7th, 1860.

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Daily Review of Chicago Market.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22, 1860.

FREIGHTS—Quiet and steady, with but few vessels in port, and little inquiry. Schr Ralph Campbell takes wheat to Oswego at 8c; schrs Nightingale and Winslow, corn to Buffalo at 4½c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 1,704 bbls. Market very heavy and declined 15@25c. Sales were:—100 bbls choice Spring extra at $5.25 del.; 100 bbls good do at $5.00 del.; 100 bbls Medina do at $4.87½ del.; 100 bbls "Troy Mills," 100 bbls "Como," 250 bbls "Becker's Challenge" do, and 100 bbls "Batavia XX" do, all on private terms; 500 bbls "Lockport Hydraulic" spring extra sold yesterday and not reported at $5.20.

MILL STUFFS—10 tons Middlings at $23.00 on track; 10 tons Bran and Shorts at $13.50 on track.

WHEAT—Receipts, 12,165 bu; shipped, none. Market very dull and 4@5c lower. Sales were as follows:—700 bu [illegible] 700 bu Rejected at 87½c in store; 300 bu Club in bags at $1 re delivered; 160 bags No. 1 at $1.05½ on track; 109 sks No. 2 at $1.02 on track; 27 sks Red Winter at $1.00 [illegible]

CORN—Receipts, 151,118 bus; shipped, 61,602 bus. Market declined 1c. Sales were 1,600 bus River Mixed at 50c f. o. b; 1,600 bus choice yellow by sample at 51c on track; 2,300 bus No. 1 at 48½c in store; 60,000 bus do at 48c in store; 9,000 bus do at 47½c in store; 16,000 bus No. 2 at 46c in store.

OATS—Receipts, 9,262 bus; shipped, none. Market 2@3c lower. Sales were, 800 bus No. 1 in bulk at 30c on track; 350 bags do at 33c delivered.

RYE—Receipts, 1,025 bus. Market dull and nominally 4@5c lower,—buyers offering 75c.

BARLEY—Receipts, 229 bus. Market quiet and a shade lower. 23 bags good at 70c on track; 200 bus No. 1 (inspected) at 67 on track.

SEEDS—Receipts, 1,730 lbs. Timothy quiet. Sales were, 12 bags choice at $3 12½; 5 bags at $3. No inquiry for other kinds.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 179 bbls. Market quiet. 100 bls at 18½c.

ALCOHOL—37½@38c per gal.

DRIED FRUIT—50 bags southern apples at 5½c.

MESS PORK—In good demand and firm. Sales were: 1200 bbls at $17,00.

LARD—Quiet and nominal, at 10½@10¾c.

TALLOW—4 bbls butcher's at 9½c.

HIDES—Receipts, 10,806 lbs. In good demand and firm. Sales to-day were at the following quotations: Green 7½@7¾c; Green Salted, 7¾@8c; Dry Flint, 15¾@16c.

BUTTER—Dull. Old Firkin, 7@7½c; New Roll, 9@10c; good to extra Dairy, 11@12½c.

EGGS—15 bbls at 8½c.

POULTRY—Live Chickens, $2,40@$2,50 ₩ doz; Turkeys, 10c ₩ lb.

POTATOES—Neshannocks, 31@40c; Western Mixed, 25@30c.

Weekly Review of the Lumber Market

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, &c, during the past week, with comparative statistics:

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS OF LUMBER, &C.

	Week ending May 19.	Week previous.	Since June 1.	Same time 1859.
Lumber, ft	9,490,104	11,540,620	51,788,281	59,890,488
Shingles, No	5,461,000	6,600,000	67,811,750	75,617,000
Lath, pcs	780,156	1,011,000	3,911,455	6,991,235
Timber, ft	216,000	30,000	1,159,400	819,120
Posts, No	16,700	4,000	42,165	178,680
Pickets, No	70,000	....	885,500	66,000

The following table shows the comparative SHIPMENTS OF LUMBER DURING THE WEEK ENDING MAY 21.

	Lumber ft.	Shingles No.	Lath No.	Posts No.
By Canal	757,461	181,000	102,110	137
G. & C. U. RR	1,280,000	1,000,000	....	....
Ill. Cent. RR	1,674,001	2,750,000	....	....
Chi. & Rock I. RR	538,314	422,000	55,000	270
C., B. & Q. RR	1,017,159	1,781,000	....	3,620
C. Alton & St. L. RR	708,937	641,000	41,600	....
C. & N. W. RR	213,260	111,000	6,000	190
C. & Mil. RR	8,300	6,000	....	37
Mich. Cent. RR	45,000	....	....	....
Mich. Southern RR	24,910	....	....	....
Pittsburgh RR	111,600	18,000	....	....
Total last week	6,091,251	6,466,000	204,611	4,204
Total prev. week	5,316,617	8,414,000	1,126,500	14,878
Since Jan. 1	74,404,093	67,272,200	10,453,774	136,402
Same time 1859	77,917,023	61,162,000	8,669,650	153,050

LUMBER—Owing to the inducements held out by railroad companies during the past week, quite a large number of country dealers visited the city, and embraced the opportunity thus afforded them of replenishing their stocks. The consequence is that a larger business has been done by dealers, as may be indicated by the increase in the shipments. Still, some are disappointed, and we hear complaints that the demand was not so large as was expected. The inquiry during the week, however, was chiefly confined to strips, which were sold freely out of the yards, dry, at $8.00. Prices of all qualities remain about the same, and at the close the market, if anything different from the week previous, is easier.

The receipts during the week show a decrease on the previous week of 2,090,000 feet, still the supply has been more than equal to the demand, and we have no improvement to note in prices, since the decline which took place about ten days since. The range of fair to good cargoes of mixed lumber is $6@7. Some cargoes have sold below these figures and a few above, but they were either inferior or above the average quality. The sales reported afloat are as follows: Schr. Crusader, half strips, from Kalamazoo, at $7; schr. Hironiello, ½ to ⅔ strips, from Kalamazoo, at $6.75; schr. Harrison, from Manistee, strips and boards, at $7; cargo of fair Manistee lumber at $6 and $7; cargo of fair Muskegon lumber, at $5.50 and $6.50; schr Speed, from Muskegon, mixed, at $6.50; schr Telegraph, from White Lake, mixed, at $6; bark America, from Green Bay, mixed, at $6.25; schr Samuel Hale, from Green Bay, at $6.25; bark Waverly, from Green Bay, at $6.50@6.75; brig Hutchinson, 100,000 strips, from Green Bay, at $8; canal boat load from schr. Tempest, from Green Bay, mixed, at $7.00; schr. Almira, from Pier Marquette, mixed, at $5.75; schr. Perry Hannah, from Pier Marquette, mixed, at $6.25; brigs Mary and Fashion, from Green Bay, mixed at $6.50; schr. Kitty Grant, strips and boards, from White Lake, at $6.25; schr. Col. Glover, strips and boards, from Grand River, at $6.50; schr. Gem, dry lumber, from Black River, at $7.50; schr. Illinois, from Grand River, mixed, at $6.75. At the close there were quite a number of cargoes on the market, which was dull and heavy.

SHINGLES—The inquiry has been light, and the market dull and 10@12½c lower. Sales were as follows: Cargo of schr. Transit, from Manitowoc, 400,000 at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75; cargo of Shingles from Grand River, at $2.00 all round; cargo of Shingles from Grand River, per schr. Wyoming, at $1.06¼ for A 1. Rogue River Shingles are selling out of the yards at $2.25.

LATH—Several cargoes and portions of cargoes were sold during the week at $1.12½ afloat.

POSTS—Are quiet, with a limited inquiry, and sales afloat at 3¼@5c.

The following are the closing quotations of lumber, &c.:

LUMBER.—First Clear, per 1000 feet	$25.00@26.00
Second Clear	20.00@23.00
Third Clear	15.00@16.00
Common Boards	7.50@ 8.00
Stock Boards	8.00@ 8.50
Fencing	....@ 8.50
Common Flooring, undressed	12.00@13.00
Clear	18.00@20.00
Common Siding	8.00@ 9.00
Do. do. dressed	9.00@10.00
Clear Siding, undressed	13.00@14.00
Do. do. dressed	14.00@16.00
Shaved Shingles, A ₩ M	2.25@
Do. do, No. 1	2.00@
Sawed Shingles, A	2.00@
Lath	1.12½@ 1.25
Posts, ₩ 100	6.00@8.00

Western and state, including small parcels of the latter, very prime at 45c.

PROVISIONS—Pork market dull and heavy, and lower. Sales 675 bbls at $17.62@17.75 for new mess; $17.12@17.25 for old mess; $16@16.50 for western prime mess; $17 for city prime; $18 for clear; $13.62 for new prime; $12.50 for old prime. Beef market quiet and steady. Sales 225 bbls at $4@4.50 for country prime; $5@5.50 for do mess; $8@10 for repacked mess; $11.50@12.50 for extra mess. Prime Mess Beef dull at $18@18; India mess, $19@22. Beef Hams quiet at $12@13 for State; $10@16 for Western. Cut Meats—Small sales at 7¼c for shoulders; 9@9¾c for Hams. Bacon dull and nominally unchanged. Lard firm and in moderate demand. Sales 950 bbls at 11¼@11¾c, including 650 pkgs prime Western at buyer's option. Butter—11@18c for Ohio; 12@18c for State. Cheese steady at 7@11c. Coffee market—Rio inactive, with a stock of 12,943 bags on the market. Prices, however, are without striking change and are still 12½@14.

GROCERIES.—Sugar—An active inquiry for both speculation and refining having sprung up to-day, the market has become quite active. Prices extremely firm, with an upward tendency. Sales 3,600 hhds, chiefly Cuba, at 6@7½c, mostly 6¾@6⅞c, and 120 boxes Havana at 6¼@6⅝c. Molasses steady. Sale 30 hhds Porto Rico at 80c.

STOCKS—Rather more active but are again rather lower. C. & R. I. 60½; C. B. & Q. 74½; C. & T. 10½; G. & C. 61½; [illegible] M. C. 60½; Hudson 38½; Erie 22¼; [illegible] N. Y. C. 83¼; Pacific Mail [illegible]; Harlem 3d bonds 60; Hudson 3d bonds [illegible]

Buffalo Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, May 22.

FLOUR—Market steady. Sales 600 bbls at $5.25@5.50 for extra Illinois and Wisconsin; $5.62@5.75 for extra Ohio and Indiana; $6@6.75 for double extra.

GRAIN—Wheat market dull and nothing doing. Corn market easier. Sales 50,000 bu at 50c for hot; 52c for damaged; 54½@55c for sound Illinois and Toledo. Other grains quiet and no sales.

WHISKY—Nominal at 2?c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—4½c for flour, 12½c for wheat, 11½c for corn to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS—3,000 bu flour, 14,000 bu wheat.

Oswego Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] OSWEGO, May 22.

FLOUR—Lower. Sales 800 bbls at $5@5.25 for Spring State; $6.25@6.50 for extra Canadian.

GRAIN—Wheat decidedly dull. Milwaukee Club held at $1.14. Sales 8,700 bu White Canadian on private terms. Corn dull, but without material change. Sales 6,200 bu choice Illinois River at 61c afloat. Oats, Barley and Peas quiet. Rye dull. Sales 3,200 bu Canadian on private terms.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Unchanged. Flour 30c, Wheat 8½, Corn 8c to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS—14,800 bu Corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—27,800 bu Wheat, 37,000 bu Corn.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED..............May 22.

Stmr Gazelle, Butler, Milwaukee, sundries.
Prop Chicago, Collins, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop Potomac, Gebhard, Buffalo, sundries.
Brig Lowell, Ferris, Green Bay, 161m lumber.
Schr John Lally, Freeland, Sheboygan, 35 cds wood.
Schr Mount Vernon, Pigeon River, 110 cds wood.
Schr Nightingale, McKee, Buffalo, 500 bbls salt.
Schr Traveller, Johnson, Sheboygan, 35 cds wood.
Schr St Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan, 75 cds stone.
Schr Fady June, Ingalls, Stoney Creek, 70 m lumber, 121 m lumber.
Schr Cairo, Macortny, Buffalo, 100 tons coal.
Schr Calcutta, Long, Grand River, 75 cds wood.
Schr Allen Clark, Higgy, Muskegon, 94 m lumber, 28 m shingles, 12,000 cedar posts.

CLEARED............May 22.

Prop Globe, Pratt, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop J. Barber, Brown, St Joseph, 2 tons maize.
Brig Traveler, Johnson, Sheboygan, light.
Brig Sebastopol, Smith, Grand River, light.
Schr St Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan, light.
Schr Orpe Horn, Anderson, Buffalo, 12,600 bu corn.
Schr Calcutta, Long, Grand River, light.
Schr Lowell, Ferris, Green Bay, light.
Schr Pilgrim, Higgie, Muskegon, light.
Schr A F Rich, Ingraham, Erie, 475 tons coal.
Schr D R Holt, Patterson, Point Sauble, 2 tons hay.
Schr Wm Pierson, Roat, Buffalo, 19,000 bu corn.

Marine News.

PASSED DETROIT—May 21—The following vessels have passed this port since 1 P. M. Saturday:

UP—Steamboat North Star; props Iowa, Adriatic, Michigan; schrs Northern Belle, Illinois, Cuba, Yorktown, Patrick Henry, Return, W A Chisholm, Kate Richmond.

DOWN—Props Racine, Montgomery, Wenona, Fountain City, Prairie State, Iron City, Queen of the Lakes; barks Clayton, Naomi, Great West; brigs R Hollister, Kosciusko, Gladiator and Oleander; schrs White Squall, W R Ogden, M Fillmore, Curtiss Mann, Rockel, St Joseph, Cornelia, Belle Sheridan, Quickstep, Hubbard, Ostrich, Philarope, S L Noble, L B Goldsmith, Drilrnnla, Freeman, Traveler, Eclipse.

Weather cloudy, with light easterly breeze.

COLLISION.—At midnight Saturday night the schooner Revolving Light bound down, came to anchor in the river about five miles below Port Huron. About an hour afterward the schooner C. N. Johnson also bound down, came along, and observing the light of the Revolving Light, essayed to pass to windward of her, but failed probably owing, at least in part, to the fact of her being heavily laden, and she went on the bows of the Revolving Light, carrying away the Light's jib-boom, headgear and bobstays. The damage to the Johnson was less important, but she broke in her bulwarks and rail, and sustained some other damage.—[Detroit Tribune, 21st.

PASSED THROUGH THE SAUT CANAL—May 17.—Schooners Mary Collins, Mary M. Scott, Clara Adams; 18th, G. Davis; 19th, steamer Arctic.

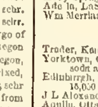
ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED.............May 21.

American Star, La Salle, 4,400 bus corn.
Allda, LaSalle, 5,200 bu corn.
Lioness, LaSalle, 3,407 bu corn.
Tide, Lasalle, 5,278 bu corn.
Acadia, LaSalle, 5,972 bu corn.
Arcana, LaSalle, 2,500 bu corn, 50 brls whisky, 50 brls alcohol, 27 brls fire clay, 50 brls Rosin.
Atlantic, LaSalle, 5,537 bu corn.
Saratoga, LaSalle, 3,759 bu corn.
Alexander, Lockport, 5,000 bu corn.
Humboldt, Joliet, 5,250 bu oats.
Abby Sprague, LaSalle, 4,212 bu corn.
Adelin, LaSalle, 3,016 bu corn.
Wm Merriam, LaSalle, 5,405 bu corn.

CLEARED.............May 17.

Trader, Kankakee, light.
Yorktown, Ottawa, 79,525 ft lumber, 16,400 lath, 6 casks soda ash.
Edinburgh, Ottawa, 45,097 lumber, 1,000 siding, 2,000 lath, 15,050 shingles, 1 brl plaster.
J L Alexander, Ottawa, light.
Aquila, Ottawa, Sarril ice.

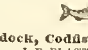


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HITCHCOCK'S *Premium Scales!* Manufactured by ADAMS & HITCHCOCK, 39 So. Canal-st., Chicago. All kinds of Scales repaired. mh8-d&wly

FRESH SHAD,



Halibut, Haddock, Codfish, EELS, SMELTS, &c. L.B. PLATT & CO., fa18 65 Randolph street

GRAIN ELEVATOR AND WAREHOUSE.—Having rented the Grain Elevator and Warehouse formerly occupied by Gibbs, Griffin & Co., on the corner of Franklin and North Water streets, I am now prepared to do a general Storage and Elevating business, and solicit the patronage of my friends and the public generally. ha9-h853-6m HIRAM WHEELER.

FANCY STEAM DYE WORKS, OF SIDNEY KALISH, 195 South Clark St., between Monroe and Adams Sts., CHICAGO, ILL. I have been awarded the first premium at the late U. S. Fair. All country orders by express strictly attended to. B1a18-1y

future outrages and punish the guilty in the present instance.

The Japanese Commissioners, attended by several members of their suite and the Naval Commission, proceeded to the State Department at noon to-day, where their treaty with this government was duly ratified. The copies of the documents were carefully compared, and certificates of their correctness, of which there were several, signed and exchanged. On their way to the Department the treaty was borne on the shoulders of their servants.

Secretary Cass, during the diplomatic proceedings, informed the Commissioners that it afforded him great pleasure to exchange the ratifications of the treaty with them, and expressed a fervent hope that the two nations would be bound still closer in friendship.

The Commissioners reciprocated the compliments, and expressed their obligations to the venerable Sec'y, and spoke of the kind attentions bestowed on them, and trusted that peace between the countries might be everlasting.

The Japanese will visit the House of Representatives at one o'clock to-morrow.

They have set apart two hours on Friday and Saturday, for visits to them by members of Congress and their families.

The Republican Association of Washington are making arrangements for a public meeting on Monday night, to ratify the Chicago nominations.

[illegible] from the Committee on Elections, reported a resolution, declaring, first that J. R. R. Barrett is not, and secondly, that Francis P. Blair is, entitled to a seat from the First Congressional District of Missouri.

The majority and minority reports were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dawes said it was the desire of the Committee to call up the subject at the earliest possible period. On his motion a resolution was adopted giving leave to Mr. Blair to occupy a seat on the floor and speak on the merits of the question.

The House resumed the consideration of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph bill.

Mr. Colfax explained the amendment which the Committee on Post Offices proposed. The Government is to pay forty thousand dollars per year for messages; the public to be charged $3 per ten words. If the corporators do not accept these terms within thirty days, then sealed proposals are to be invited and the contract is to be given to the lowest responsible bidder. The line is to be built within two years, and St. Joseph is to be the point of departure.

Mr. Colfax earnestly urged the passage of the bill, showing the great advantage which will result to the Government.

Mr. Burnet opposed the bill as creating an oppressive monopoly.

Other gentlemen expressed views, and the subject was passed over.

The House by 12 majority disagreed to the Senate amendment of the Military Academy bill, providing for calling the mounted regiment of Texas volunteers into the field. The Speaker laid before the House a special message from the President, communicating the fact of the capture by the Wyandotte of another cargo of Africans, making with those of the Wildfire over 1,000 at Key West, under the charge of the Marshal. He suggests immediate action for their accommodation and health, and says that more may daily be expected to be brought in. The message was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill.

Pryor moved to strike out $150,000 for reporting and printing debates of Congress as a superfluous expense. Rejected—24 to 98.

Amendment agreed to—77 against 45—that official reporters confine themselves to what is said in order, unless excluding undelivered speeches.

Stanton moved to strike out the appropriation for the Auxiliaries Guard of Washington, which, he said, was so managed that public buildings cannot be protected from mobs.

Some further debate occurred, and the House adjourned.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Reliable information has been received here that Mr. H. S. Sanford, recent agent of the Panama Railroad, has failed in the objects sought at Bogota. These were the annulment of the Chiriqui Improvement Company's grant in 99 years. To accomplish his ends, Mr. Sanford offered, on the part of the Panama Company, the payment in cash of half a million dollars and the right of the Granadian Government to levy a tax of $2 on each passenger over the Isthmus. That Government asked $40,000,000 to extend the term to 69 years and to relinquish the right of New Granada to purchase the Panama Railroad for $5,000,000 in 15 years from this time.

Lieut. Rodman's great gun, the "Floyd," is now on her way to Fort Monroe, and was examined with marked satisfaction to-day, by Prince de Joinville and others interested in such heavy ordinance.

The prospect in the Senate of the passage of the House Tariff bill is more favorable than heretofore supposed. 28 Senators are already ascertained to be in its favor, and others will vote for it with slight modifications.

It is known here that many anti-Douglas delegates to the Charleston Convention have prepared an address, which they may shortly issue, proposing as a basis of re-union at Baltimore, the resolutions offered by Mr. Howard of Tenn., which were previously entered by them. Other Democrats regard the matter with favor.

The Japanese are still the objects of attention. They have been spending the day in visiting the public buildings. On Friday the President will entertain the Ambassadors at a dinner, to which a number of distinguished gentlemen are already invited. Our Government will present to the Japanese, among other things, the finest specimens of fire-arms and four sets of Perry's Japanese Expedition—the volumes to be bound in the richest style.

Ex-Supt of Public Printing Seaman, was tried to-day in the Circuit Court on a charge of malfeasance in office, and acquitted.

The authorities of Norfolk intended to subject the U. S. steamship Roanoke to quarantine. This would have kept her some time out of the Government use. Otherwise she would have been taken into Portsmouth, instead of New York, for repairs.

A contract is being made with the Colonization Society for the support and care of the Africans captured by the Mohawk, as in the case of those found on board the Echo, and it is probable that they will be conveyed to Liberia in a chartered vessel.

The War Department this morning received a large mail from Utah. The troops were arranging for the move to New Mexico. By order of the Department a detachment of 63 recruits, under command of Lieut. O'Connell, have been ordered from Jefferson Barracks to Fort Ridgley, Minn.

A special meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the Union party was held this evening, when F. W. Walker resigned the Secretaryship of that Committee on the ground that he cannot sincerely support the nominations of that party at Baltimore. He was the head and front of the new party movement. The course he has taken is indicative of a general stampede of the Union party men.

There are rumors in this city to-day that Mr. Everett declines.

A large number of members of Congress will leave this evening and to-morrow, to attend the Douglas demonstration at New York, among whom are Hirst of Arkansas, Hamilton of Texas, and Clingman of North Carolina. The leaders of the party are endeavoring to agree upon a definite plan of action, in order to unite the whole force upon a candidate acceptable to all sections of the party. Exertions are being made to have Douglas, Guthrie and others withdraw from the ring, to remove the pending difficulties to a perfect union upon the candidate.

Stupendous Frauds.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—In compliance with a resolution of the House, the President communicated to that body the report of the Attorney General, showing the amount expended toward defense of private land claims in California. It appears from this document that an incredible number of fraudulent claims to land in California had been fabricated and sustained by the most unblushing perjury. Many of them had been approved by the Board of Land Commissioners and by the District Courts of California. No less than twenty-five appeals in these cases were heard and decided by the Supreme Court, in favor of the Government at the last term. The amount involved was not less than $100,000,000. One claim was for 3,600 square miles of land; another for 450 square miles; and the famous Santillan claim was for a part of the city of San Francisco, worth about $10,000,000. The Attorney-General pays a high compliment to the abilities of E. M. Stanton, Esq., who assisted in this business. The report is an able and interesting document, disclosing legal achievements of no ordinary magnitude.

Presbyterian General Assembly.

PITTSBURG, May 22.—The Assembly heard to-day the reports from its delegates to other denominations, and addresses from delegates of the Reformed Presbyterian Evangelical and Lutheran Synods.

The report of the committee on Education has been discussed by leading speakers with great earnestness. It is not yet disposed of. Most of the speakers hitherto regarded the Assembly's plan radically defective.

The Weymouth Seduction and Poisoning Cases.

BOSTON, May 22.—The investigation by the coroner's jury in the late mysterious death at Weymouth, has resulted in declaring that Betsy Frances Tyrrell was poisoned with strychnine, which has also been discovered in the remains of her eldest sister Mary, who died about three months previously. Both girls were found to have been *enciente*. Honey is in jail, heavily ironed. His examination will take place this week.

Falling of a Church.

NORWICH, Ct., May 22.—A large portion of the new Methodist Church in the course of erection, fell to-day, severely injuring two of the workmen. This is the same edifice which was totally destroyed when nearly completed during the severe blow of Feb. 10th.

Of All Quarries, and C. W. Brown's Patent Portable Flouring and Grist Mills, And Dealers in DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS, Smut Mills and Separators, Separators for Warehouses, Beltings of all kinds, Hoisting Screws and Bails, Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.

Fairbanks' Scales, AND MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.

Plans, specifications and estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mill contracted for entire,

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of GOULDING, BAGLEY & SEWELL, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y., would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and powers; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

5 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,250
8 " "	675	25 " "	1,500
10 " "	725	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	800	35 " "	2,000
16 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.

Every Engine is furnished with Judson's Patent Governor Valve.

For Flouring Mill we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c., At very low prices.

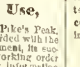
T. W. BAXTER & CO., Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago. ☞ Post Office address Box 274. oc5'59 ly

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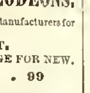
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From Rev. F. COOSEMANS, S. J., President of St. Louis University.

I have examined your Dictionary with deep interest, and I believe, with fairness and impartiality, and I find it superior to every work of the kind that has ever come under my notice. Full and accurate in its definitions, exact beyond comparison in orthoepy and orthography, rich in treasures of etymology, derivation, authorities, and examples, it must at once be placed at the head of all books of its kind. It will be the safest guide of every student of the language, and the indispensable companion of every man of letters.

From J. BERRIEN LINDSLEY, Chancellor of the University of Nashville.

I know of no Dictionary in the English language in all respects so complete as the new edition of Dr. Worcester's. It is a faithful and reliable guide to correct spelling and pronunciation, ample in its vocabulary, and most excellent in its definitions. Its accuracy and fulness, as it regards the [illegible] render it invaluable to the professional as well as to the general student.

From Rev. CALVIN PEASE, D. D., President of University of Vermont.

The mature scholarship which the work evinces is, to me its most pleasing feature, where we have learning without pedantry, and the fruits of the most accurate and liberal research without ostentation.

From EDWARD THOMPSON, D. D., L. L. D., President of Ohio Wesleyan University.

It [the Dictionary] exceeds my expectations; it will be my guide in orthography and pronunciation, and will often be consulted by me for its neat and accurate definitions.

From ISRAEL W. ANDREWS, D. D., President of Marietta College, Ohio.

It [the Dictionary] is truly a magnificent work, an honor to the author, the publishers, and the whole country.

While I may be disposed to adhere to old modes of pronunciation and orthography with somewhat less tenacity than yourself, I shall take great pleasure in consulting your Dictionary. I have found frequent occasion to consult your Octavo, and I shall keep this larger work continually on my table. I have already spent considerable time in examining it, and the examination has given me much gratification. The critical notes on the pronunciation of words have especially pleased me.

From Rev. ANSON SMYTH, Commissioner of Common Schools in Ohio.

The Dictionary is an imperishable monument of the learning and industry of its author, and an honor to the world of letters. The mechanical execution is far superior to that of any other Lexicon with which I am acquainted.

From BENJAMIN GREENLEAF, A. M., Author of a Popular Series of Mathematical Works.

I have examined Worcester's Quarto Dictionary with great care, and am ready to say that I think it decidedly in advance of any other work of the kind. It is a book the like of which I did not expect to see in my day. In the matter of definitions, it is all that could reasonably be expected. In orthography, it is undoubtedly the best authority in the English language; and for pronunciation, it certainly has no equal as a standard. A copy of this most excellent work should be in the hands of all teachers, and also in every school in the country.

From Professor N. LAWRENCE LINDSLEY, LL. D.

Dr. Worcester's long-expected Quarto Dictionary is before me, and realizes, in all respects, my highest hopes. Its merits compel me to give it the preference over all other Dictionaries in my library, embracing, as these do, among others, Johnson, Walker, Richardson, the Imperial Lexicon, and the different editions of Webster, not excepting the "Pictorial."

From dishonest criticism, now so common, Dr. Worcester may not escape. Works of surpassing excellence, prepared with elaborate and conscientious care, are now-a-days subject to the most ungenerous attacks, prompted by selfish parties for the accomplishment of unworthy ends. For the honor of American literature I trust that this last incomparable review of a people's language shall meet a nation's gratitude, and perform its noble mission, disturbed by no wicked opposition and *hired detraction*.

From J. R. BARTLETT, A. M., Author of Dictionary of Americanisms.

I have looked over the pages of your Dictionary with the delight with which a child devours its favorite books, and find much to interest me. The additions of new words which you have made quite surprise me by their number. Your definitions are exceedingly clear and concise; in words, to, that all who use a Dictionary may readily comprehend their meaning. With your etymology I am much pleased, being more satisfactory to me than those of any English Dictionary known to me.

From the Rt. Rev. JAMES H. OTEY, D. D., Bishop of Tennessee.

I am of the opinion that the merits of Dr. Worcester's Dictionary as a standard for the orthography, etymology and orthoepy of the English language, are unequalled by any work I have seen.

From Hon. EDWARD EVERETT.

I have made constant use of Mr. Worcester's Dictionaries since their first publication. His orthography and pronunciation represent, so far as I am aware, the most approved usage of our language. His definitions seldom leave anything to desire.

From Prof. JAMES R. BOISE, A. M., of Michigan University.

I had long ago learned from your smaller works to set a high value on your labors as an English lexicographer; and I now appreciate them still more fully, after having examined this, your last great work. I have placed it on the table of my lecture room, side by side with the most recent edition of Webster's Dictionary, where my classes consult both and compare them daily; and I have not yet known a single instance in which the two have been compared, on any point whatever, without proving the manifest superiority of your work.

From Rev. HENRY A. BOARDMAN, D. D., of Philadelphia.

I particularly like it, (the Dictionary,) 1. Because of its comprehensive character. 2. Because it adheres to the settled orthography of our noble language—discarding those innovations which, however countenanced by certain publishing houses, have never, to any extent, been accepted by the scholars of our country. And, 3. Because in the department of pronunciation it is greatly superior to any Dictionary with which I am acquainted.

From Prof. J. N. PUTNAM, of Dartmouth College.

The clear and ample page is at once a pleasure to the eye. The definitions are full, yet succinct and discriminating, not so extended as to trench too far upon the province of the Cyclopædia, nor yet needlessly numerous, so as to overlap each other. The citations are choice and apposite. The illustrative engravings are real aids to a clear understanding of the objects they define, and so far as I have examined amply sufficient for every purpose they were intended to serve. The clear and distinct arrangement of the preliminary matter is also deserving of notice.

Every conservative scholar, every student and lover of the language as it is spoken and written by the cultivated English-speaking world, will be glad to possess a work at once so comprehensive in plan, so wisely and carefully prepared, and, above all, offering such trustworthy guidance to the best and purest usage.

From Rev. W. B. SPRAGUE, D. D., of Albany, N. Y.

My opinion of Worcester's Quarto Dictionary, after having given to it as extended an examination as my circumstances would admit, is, that there is no other Dictionary in the language that compares with it for completeness, accuracy, comprehensiveness, and precision; and perhaps I ought to add, that I have arrived at this conclusion rather contrary to a preconceived opinion. It accommodates itself

From REV. A. P. PEABODY, D. D., Editor of North American Review:

There is no department within the province of a Dictionary that has been left imperfect. I am especially struck with the degree to which your quarto might fill the place of a many-volumed encyclopædia. Your full definitions of terms in science and art, and of technical terms in general, aided as they are when necessary by pictorial representations, are always as clear and intelligible, and often as full and adequate, as the articles on the same titles, for instance in the Encyclopædia Americana, while you define correctly hundreds of such words, which, occurring not as titles, but incidentally, in a work like the last named, could not be found by the inquirer.

From REV. C. COLLINS, D. D., President of Dickinson College:

I have examined the Dictionary with care, and am free to say, that though public expectation respecting it was high, based justly on the high reputation of its author for lexical ability, yet in my opinion this expectation has been more than met. A nobler monument of profound learning, patient toil, and critical discrimination in the use and power of words, has not appeared. Its orthography and orthoepy faithfully represent that elegant use which the critics tell us gives law to language; and the etymologies and definitions present a treasury of learning in the literature of the language which is above price. I cannot speak too highly of the pictorial illustrations and diagrams which you have introduced, happily on a scale not so large as to encumber the page, and yet not too small for the purpose of elucidation. These, introduced in their natural place, are not so prominent as to affect the general appearance of the work as a dictionary, and yet they give it many of the advantages, without the cost, of an encyclopedia.

I shall not fail to recommend the work as deserving a place on the table of every scholar.

From Hon. GEORGE S. HILLARD, of Boston.

I have had occasion to make frequent reference to the quarto edition of Worcester's Dictionary recently published by you, the crowning labor of a long life faithfully devoted to philological studies. I have never consulted it without a strong sense of satisfaction at the fulness and accuracy of the information it returned—a satisfaction alloyed only by the regret that I had lived so long without it. The vocabulary is bountiful; the orthography conforms to the essential rules of the language; the etymology is sound and safe; the definitions are full, accurate, and not too redundant. For my own part, I have a ravenous appetite for books of reference. I never write without having Johnson, Richardson, Webster, and Worcester all within reach; but if I were compelled to take only one, I should surely take Worcester. Indeed, I hold that a house is hardly furnished for domestic occupation without a copy. There is something to me almost pathetic in the situation of a father of a family, with half a dozen active-minded boys and girls around him, ever ejaculating questions at him, and no Worcester at hand to refer to. *See page 2.*

From JOHN MACLEAN, D. D., President of the College of New Jersey.

As far as I have examined your Quarto Dictionary, I have found it to be accurate and reliable in its exposition of the language.

From SAMUEL K. TALMAGE, D. D., President of Oglethorpe University.

I have examined the Dictionary with care, and am not disappointed in my expectations. I consider it decidedly the most complete and perfect Dictionary of the English language. It cannot fail to take precedence over all others. The great curse of American Lexicography has been a lawless spirit of innovation, tending to the corruption of our noble mother tongue. You have, in my honest judgment, hit the golden medium, and combined, most happily, the *conservative* and the progressive. Your work is an honor to American literature, and I proudly hope will assert its rightful claims to become the standard of authority not only in the United States, but also in Great Britain.

From THOMAS C. ANDERSON, D. D., President of Cumberland University.

After careful examination, I unhesitatingly pronounce it the most complete work of the kind extant. The English language has been enriched by several other valuable Dictionaries, which are highly creditable to their authors; but all must yield in completeness and elegance to your noble quarto.

From ROSWELL PARK, D. D., Prest. of Racine College.

I have carefully examined the new large Quarto Dictionary of the English language, by Joseph E. Worcester, LL.D.; and do not hesitate to pronounce it the best and most complete Dictionary of our language which has ever yet been published. It contains many thousands of words, chiefly scientific and technical, which are not in Webster, thus supplying to some extent, a Dictionary of Arts and Sciences; and I believe it to be a more reliable authority than any other, for the orthography and orthoepy of our language; while it is inferior to none in giving the derivation and definition of English and American words. It has my unqualified approbation and recommendation.

From JOHN EARLY, President of Georgetown College, District of Columbia.

The cursory examination we have been able to make of Worcester's Dictionary has been sufficient to convince us of its superiority. We prefer it to Walker's, because it represents the present, not a past, state of the language and to other works with which it is usually compared, because its decisions are founded upon recognized authorities, not on provincial peculiarities, or the eccentricities of the lexicographer.

Dictionaries are to be found in which the definitions evince more political or religious rancour than critical skill; where the writers preferred to the praise of correctness, the gratification of partisan feeling. In further commendation of the edition submitted to our judgment it should be added, that it is remarkably free from any such offensive peculiarity.

From Hon. H. C. HICKOK, Superintendent of Common Schools, Pennsylvania.

This noble Quarto Dictionary is the latest and best evidence that whatever Dr. Worcester undertakes is sure to be thoroughly and well done; and within the range of his plan exhaustive of the subject. The affluence of varied and valuable material contained in this illustrative volume, will make it universally acceptable, even to those who may still prefer some of Webster's modifications of the language. Every library should have it, and every enlightened teacher will of course procure it.

UNITED STATES SENATE.
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE U. S. SENATE, March 16, 1860.

DEAR SIR: It affords me great pleasure to inform you that the Committee to audit and control the contingent expenses of the Senate have manifested their appreciation of Worcester's Quarto Dictionary by directing that the Senate Chamber and all the committee and office rooms of the Senate be furnished with that work.

I am highly gratified at this additional testimonial of the merit of a book that, in my judgment, is decidedly the best work of the kind in the English language.

I am, sir, respectfully, your obedient servant,
JOHN C. FITZPATRICK,
Assistant Clerk, Office of Secretary of Senate.

UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
CLERK'S OFFICE, U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, March 15, 1860.

Worcester's new Quarto Dictionary is the standard work of reference in this office, and the system of orthography therein represented is that adopted in the official records and documents of the House of Representatives of the United States.
J. W. FORNEY,
Clerk House of Representatives, U. S.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
OFFICE OF COMMITTEE OF ACCOUNTS, April 15, 1860.

SIR: The Committee of Accounts of the House of Representatives have approved the proposition for placing Wor-

named, we find all these in your single and very handsome quarto volume. I use the word handsome, because the type, the printing, and the paper all combine to make it equal to any work that can be produced by our celebrated Clarendon press in Oxford, or by the best London printers.

Your definition of words has been made more concise clear, and accurate, by giving not only the whole word from which it is immediately derived, but its component parts. You have also followed the practice of our best scholars, by carefully accenting the Greek words. Thus, AS-TRON-O-MY, n. (Gr. *astronomia*; *astron*, a star, and *nomos*, a rule or law, &c.) So in FREEDOM, n. (A. S. *freodom*, *free*, and *dom*, jurisdiction, &c.) This is the substance of what I have said in page iv. of my preface to my "Compendious Anglo-Saxon Dictionary." Wherever the Anglo-Saxon race appeared, liberty prevailed. They thought, they acted for themselves. They were free and loved the language of *freedom*. Every man of Anglo-Saxon origin, feels he has a *free dom*, *precinct*, or *jurisdiction*, in which none dare interfere—he is entirely free, —free to enjoy and do all the good of which his benevolent nature is capable. How tame is the Romanized liberty in comparison with the Anglo-Saxon and old English *freedom*! With boasted *liberty* superficially on the lip, there is often licentiousness and consequent oppression—but we feel *freedom* to be more deeply seated, even in the heart; here *freedom* is not only enjoyed, but cordially permitted and extended to all. This is true, heartfelt *freedom*, and we derived the word, and the noble feeling from our Anglo-Saxon forefathers!

I must now allude briefly to another interesting feature of your work. I mean the small but very neat wood cuts. These, with the derivation, at once show the precise meaning of the word, without the necessity of a long and prolix explanation. In short, it is the most complete and practical, the very best, as well as the cheapest English Dictionary that I know, and I have, therefore, no doubt of its success. That its success in extended circulation may be equal to its great merits, is the earnest wish and hope of, dear sir,

Yours, very sincerely,
JOSEPH BOSWORTH.

From Prof. CHAS. ANTHON, LL.D., of Columbia College, N. Y.

Your new edition is a noble monument to your fame; and I hope you may live long to enjoy the rewards which so much sterling ability cannot fail to bring with it.

SWAN, BREWER & TILESTON, Boston.
S. C. GRIGGS & CO., Chicago,
And by booksellers generally throughout the United States.

* "Who has not a Paulus de Castro, let him sell his coat and buy one."

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ville; P. G. O'Riley & Co., Evansville, Ind.; N. W. Graham & Co., Cairo, Ill.; R. F. Sass, Shaler & Glass, St. Louis; John H. Harris, Nashville, Tenn.; Harris & Hunt, Memphis, Tenn.; Clarke & Co., Chicago; W. H. H. Koontz, Alton, Ill., or to Freight Agents of Railroads at different points in the West.

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CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD LINE.—Passenger Trains depart from and arrive at this depot as follows: Day Express and Mail leaves at 7:15 am, and arrives at 6:15 pm, (Sundays excepted.) Night Express leaves at 11.15 pm, (Saturdays excepted), arrives at 6:30 am (Mondays excepted.) Joliet Accommodation, 5 30 pm—Sundays excepted. JOHN F. TRACY, Gen. Sup't. W. L. St. John, Gen. Agent. de27

RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD. CHANGE OF TIME. On and after April 17th, 1860, trains will run daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

GOING WEST: Leave Racine, Express Passenger, at 10:05 a.m., making close connections for Janesville, Madison, Clinton, Dubuque and the West, arriving at Beloit at 1.50 p.m., Freeport 3.55 p.m. Freight and Passenger, at 12:15 p.m., arriving at Beloit at 7.15 p.m., Freeport 10:30 p.m. Leave Clinton Junction, Express Passenger, at 1:15 p.m., on arrival of trains from Chicago and Janesville, arriving at Beloit at 1:50 p.m., Freeport at 3:55 p.m.

GOING EAST: Leave Freeport, Express Passenger, at 10.55 a.m., Beloit at 12:15 p.m., Clinton at 1:15 p.m., connecting with trains on the Northwestern and Chicago Railroad, for Janesville and Madison; Racine at 3:40 p.m., making close connection to Chicago, via Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad. Freight and Passenger, at 4:05 p.m., Beloit at 7:05 p.m., Clinton at 8:17 p.m., connecting with train for Janesville, arriving at Racine at 2:15 a.m. Passenger Express, at 10.45 p.m., on arrival of trains from the West, connecting at Clinton Junction with trains for Janesville and Chicago at 4:30 a.m. MATT. TAYLOR, Superintendent. H. A. TRIMBON, Gen'l Manager. ap27-1y

MICHIGAN CENTRAL AND GREAT WESTERN (CANADA) RAILWAYS. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Trains leave the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake street, Chicago: 7:30 am—Lightning Express, (Sundays excepted) arrive at Detroit 6.15 pm, Suspension Bridge 1.30 am, Albany 11.30 am, New York 9.00 pm, Boston 11.00 pm. 9.00 pm—New York & Detroit Express, (except Saturday) arrive at Detroit 7.30 am, Suspension Bridge 6:10 pm, Albany 4 45 am, New York 9.45 am, Boston 1:00 pm. 10.45 pm—Night Express (except Saturday and Sunday) arrive at Detroit 12 noon, Suspension Bridge 9.45 pm, Albany 8.30 am, New York 3.15 pm, Boston 1.00 [illegible] 7:30 am—Cincinnati Express (except Sunday) arrive Cincinnati in 16 hours. 9:00 pm Cincinnati and Louisville Express (except Saturday) through to Cincinnati in 14 hours, Louisville in 19 hours. 8:00 pm Train, Saturday, only to Niles. Sunday Train 8 pm. Patent Sleeping Cars on all night trains. The 8.00 pm train connects at Paris with the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway for Buffalo and all points east; at Toronto with the Grand Trunk Railway to Kingston, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec and all points in Canada East, Northern Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine. Baggage checked through. Through Tickets for sale at the principal Railroad offices in the North and West, and at the Company's office, 56 Dearborn street, Chicago, at the depot, foot of Lake street. R. N. RICE, Superintendent. H. J. BRAYMAN, General Passenger Agent. je28

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. On and after MONDAY, April 16th, 1860, trains will leave Wells street depot, Chicago, as follows, Sundays excepted: 9.15 am and 9:30 pm for Dixon, Polo, Fulton, Cedar Rapids, and intermediate points. At 9:15 am and 9:30 pm for Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Warren, Galena, Dunleith, Dubuque, Beloit, Janesville, and intermediate places. 4 00 pm for Elgin, Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Beloit and Janesville. At 6:30 pm for Geneva, Elgin, and intermediate places. Passengers for McHenry, Richmond, Geneva Lake and intermediate points, will take the 4 00 pm. train. ☞ sleeping cars on night trains. E. B. TALCOTT, General Supt. H. H. PORTER, Gen. Passenger Agent. 1r7-1y

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY. Change of Time to Northwest. On and after MONDAY, April 9th, trains on Chicago and Northwestern Railway will leave Chicago as follows: Day express 9.30 a.m., afternoon accommodation, 4.00 p.m.; night express, 9.40 p.m. GEO. L. DUNLAP, Superintendent. oc18-1y

LARD OIL.—We keep constantly on hand a supply of No. 1 Winter Strained Oil, and are prepared to furnish Railroad Companies and the trade, at a low rate. SHACKFORD & HOW, No. 3 Board of Trade Buildings. ad7c33-3m

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22, 1860.

FREIGHTS—Quiet and steady, with but few vessels in port, and little inquiry. Schr Ralph Campbell takes wheat to Oswego at 8c; schrs Nightingale and Winslow, corn to Buffalo at 4½c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 1,104 bbls. Market very heavy and declined 15@25c. Sales were:—100 bbls choice Spring extra at $5.25 del.; 100 bbls good do at $5.00 del.; 100 bbls Medium do at $4.81¼ del.; 100 bbls "Troy Mills," 100 bbls "Como," 200 bbls "Becker's Challenge" do, and 100 bbls "Batavia XX" do, all on private terms; 800 bbls "Lockport Hydraulic" spring extra sold yesterday and not reported at $4.50.

MILL STUFFS—10 tons Middlings at $23.00 on track; 10 tons Bran and Shorts at $13.50 on track.

WHEAT—Receipts, 12,155 bu; shipped, none. Market very dull and 4@5c lower. Sales were as follows:—700 bu [illegible] 700 bu Rejected at 87½c in store; 800 bu Club in bags at $1.10 delivered; 150 bags No. 1 at $1.05½ on track; 109 sks No. 2 at $1.02 on track; 27 sks Red Winter at $1.20 [illegible].

CORN—Receipts, 151,118 bus; shipped, 51,602 bus. Market declined 1c. Sales were 1,500 bus River Mixed at 50c f. o. b.; 1,600 bus choice yellow by sample at 51c on track; 2,300 bus No. 1 at 48½c in store; 50,000 bus do at 48c in store; 2,000 bus do at 47½c in store; 16,000 bus No. 2 at 46c in store.

OATS—Receipts, 2,262 bus; shipped, none. Market 2@3c lower. Sales were, 600 bus No. 1 in bulk at 30c on track; 350 bags do at 33c delivered.

RYE—Receipts, 1,025 bus. Market dull and nominally 4@5c lower,—buyers offering 75c.

BARLEY—Receipts, 229 bus. Market quiet and a shade lower. 23 bags good at 70c on track; 200 bus No. 1 (inspected) at 67 on track.

SEEDS—Receipts, 1,730 lbs. Timothy quiet. Sales were, 12 bags choice at $3.12½; 6 bags at $3. No inquiry for other kinds.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 179 bbls. Market quiet. 100 bls at 18½c.

ALCOHOL—37½@33c per gal.

DRIED FRUIT—50 bags southern apples at 5½c.

MESS PORK—In good demand and firm. Sales were: 1200 bbls at $17.00.

LARD—Quiet and nominal, at 10½@10¾c.

TALLOW—4 bbls butcher's at 9½c.

HIDES—Receipts, 10,806 lbs. In good demand and firm. Sales to-day were at the following quotations: Green 7¼ @ 7½c; Green Salted, 7¾@8c; Dry Flint, 15½@16c.

BUTTER—Dull. Old Firkin, 7@7½c; New Roll, 9@10c; good to extra Dairy, 11@12½c.

EGGS—15 bbls at 8½c.

POULTRY—Live Chickens, $2.40@$2.50 ℔ doz; Turkeys, 10c ℔ lb.

POTATOES—Neshannocks, 35@40c; Western Mixed, 25@30c.

Weekly Review of the Lumber Market

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, &c., during the past week, with comparative statistics:

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS OF LUMBER, &c.

	Week ending May 19.	Week previous.	Since June 1.	Same time 1859.
Lumber, ft.	9,490,101	11,649,620	61,738,251	59,896,484
Shingles, No.	8,461,000	6,600,000	67,871,750	76,617,000
Lath, pcs.	1,759,166	1,031,000	3,911,455	6,991,235
Timber, ft.	216,000	80,000	1,159,400	819,120
Posts, No.	10,700	4,000	102,165	178,610
Pickets, No.	70,000	....	855,660	85,000

The following table shows the comparative

SHIPMENTS OF LUMBER DURING THE WEEK ENDING MAY 21.

	Lumber ft.	Shingles No.	Lath No.	Posts No.
By Canal	757,464	181,000	102,110	157
G. & C. U. RR.	1,200,000	1,010,000	....	....
Ill. Cent. RR.	1,674,000	2,750,000	....	....
Chi. & Rock I. RR.	658,414	422,000	55,000	270
C., B. & Q. RR.	1,027,489	1,784,000	....	3,620
C. Alton & St. L. RR.	703,037	641,000	41,000	....
C. & N. W. RR.	275,260	111,000	6,000	190
C. & Mil. RR.	8,300	6,000	....	37
Mich. Cent. RR.	45,000	....	....	....
Mich. Southern RR.	24,070	....	....	....
Pittsburgh RR.	311,600	18,000	....	....
Total last week	6,091,284	6,466,000	204,611	4,204
Total prev. week	6,318,617	8,414,000	1,185,600	14,878
Since Jan. 1	71,404,493	67,272,200	16,463,774	138,402
Same time 1859	77,927,023	61,162,000	8,099,050	153,050

LUMBER—Owing to the inducements held out by railroad companies during the past week, quite a large number of country dealers visited the city, and embraced the opportunity thus afforded them of replenishing their stocks. The consequence is that a larger business has been done by dealers, as may be indicated by the increase in the shipments. Still, some are disappointed, and we hear complaints that the demand was not so large as was expected. The inquiry during the week, however, was chiefly confined to strips, which were sold freely out of the yards, dry, at $8.00. Prices of all qualities remain about the same, and at the close the market, if anything different from the week previous, is easier.

The receipts during the week show a decrease on the previous week of 2,000,000 feet, still the supply has been more than equal to the demand, and we have no improvement to note in prices, since the decline which took place about ten days since. The range of fair to good cargoes of mixed lumber is $6@7. Some cargoes have sold below these figures and a few above, but they were either inferior or above the average quality. The sales reported afloat are as follows: Schr. Crusader, half strips, from Kalamazoo, at $7; schr. Hiromtelle, ½ to ⅔ strips, from Kalamazoo, at $6.75; schr. Harrison, from Manistee, strips and boards, at $7; cargo of fair Manistee lumber at $3 and $7; cargo of fair Muskegon lumber, at $3.50 and $6.50; schr Speed, from Muskegon, mixed, at $6.50; schr Telegraph, from White Lake, mixed, at $6; bark America, from Green Bay, mixed, at $6.25; schr Samuel Hale, from Green Bay, at $6.25; bark Waverly, from Green Bay, at $6.50@6.75; brig Hutchinson, 100,000 strips, from Green Bay, at $8; canal boat load from schr. Tempest, from Green Bay, mixed, at $7.50; schr. Almira, from Pier Marquette, mixed, at $5.25; schr. Perry Hannah, from Pier Marquette, mixed, at $5.25; brigs Mary and Fashion, from Green Bay, mixed at $1.00; schr. Kitty Grant, strips and boards, from White Lake, at $6.25; schr. Col. Glover, strips and boards, from Grand River, at $6.30; schr. Gem, dry lumber, from Black River, at $7.50; schr. Illinois, from Grand River, mixed, at $6.75. At the close there were quite a number of cargoes on the market, which was dull and heavy.

SHINGLES—The inquiry has been light, and the market dull and 10@12½c lower. Sales were as follows: Cargo of schr. Transit, from Manitowoc, 400,000 at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75; cargo of Shingles from Grand River, at $2.00 all round; cargo of Shingles from Grand River, per schr. Wyming, at $2.06¼ for A 1. Rogue River Shingles are selling out of the yards at $2.25.

LATH—Several cargoes and portions of cargoes were sold during the week at $1.12½ afloat.

POSTS—Are quiet, with a limited inquiry, and sales afloat at 3½@5c.

The following are the closing quotations of lumber, &c.:

LUMBER.—First Clear, per 1000 feet	$25.00@26.00
Second Clear	20.00@23.00
Third Clear	13.00@16.00
Common Boards	7.50@ 8.00
Stock Boards	8.00@ 8.50
Fencing	...@ 8.00
Common Flooring, undressed	12.00@13.00
Clear " "	18.00@20.00
Common Siding	8.00@ 9.00
Do. do. dressed	9.00@10.00
Clear Siding, undressed	13.00@14.00
Do. do. dressed	14.00@16.00
Shaved Shingles, A ℔ M	2.25@
Do. do. No. 1	2.00@
Sawed Shingles, A	2.00@
Lath	1.12½@ 1.25
Posts, ℔ 100	6.00@8.00

southern yellow. Oats quiet and steady at 40@42c for western and state, including small parcels of the latter, very prime at 43½c.

PROVISIONS—Pork market dull and heavy, and lower. Sales 675 bbls at $17.62@17.75 for new mess; $17.12@17.16 for thin mess; $15@16.50 for western prime mess; $17 for city prime; $18 for clear; $13.62 for new prime; $12.50 for old prime. Beef market quiet and steady. Sales 225 bbls at $1@4.50 for country prime; $5@5.50 for do mess; $9@10 for repacked mess; $11.50@12.50 for extra mess. Prime Mess Beef dull at $18@18; India mess, $19@22. Beef Hams quiet at $12@13 for State; $10@16 for Western. Cut Meats —Small sales at 7½c for shoulders; 9@9½c for Hams. Bacon dull and nominally unchanged. Lard firm and in moderate demand. Sales 950 bbls at 11¼@11¾c, including 650 pkgs prime Western at buyer's option. Butter—11@18c for Ohio; 12@18c for State. Cheese steady at 7@11c. Coffee market—Rio inactive, with a stock of 12,948 bags on the market. Prices, however, are without striking change and are still 12½@14.

GROCERIES.—Sugar—An active inquiry for both speculation and refining having sprung up to-day, the market has become quite active. Prices extremely firm, with an upward tendency. Sales 3,600 hhds, chiefly Cuba, at 6@7¼c, mostly 6¾@6⅞c, and 120 boxes Havana at 6½@6¾c. Molasses steady. Sale 80 hhds Porto Rico at 30½c.

STOCKS—Rather more active but are again rather lower. C. & R. I. 61¾; C. B. & Q. 7¼; C. & T. 16½; G. & C. 61½; Ill. C. scrip 61⅞; Panama 133½; M. S. 60¼; Hudson 38½; Erie 22¼; Tol. & Chi. 42¼; N. Y. C. 84; Pacific Mail [illegible] Harlem 3d bonds 80; Hudson 3d bonds [illegible].

Buffalo Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, May 22.

FLOUR—Market steady. Sales 600 bbls at $5.25@5.50 for extra Illinois and Wisconsin; $5.62@5.75 for extra Ohio and Indiana; $6@6.75 for double extra.

GRAIN—Wheat market dull and nothing doing. Corn market easier. Sales 60,000 bu at 50c for hot; 52c for damaged; 54½@55c for sound Illinois and Toledo. Other grains quiet and no sales.

WHISKY—Nominal at 2½c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—4lc for flour, 12½c for wheat, 11½c for corn to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS—3,600 bu flour, 14,000 bu wheat.

Oswego Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] OSWEGO, May 22.

FLOUR—Lower. Sales 800 bbls at $5@5.25 for Spring State; $5.25@6.60 for extra Canadian.

GRAIN—Wheat decidedly dull. Milwaukee Club held at $1.14. Sales 8,700 bu White Canadian on private terms. Corn dull, but without material change. Sales 6,200 bu choice Illinois River at 61c afloat. Oats, Barley and Peas quiet. Rye dull. Sales 3,200 bu Canadian on private terms.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Unchanged. Flour 30c, Wheat 8½, Corn 8c to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS—14,800 bu Corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—27,800 bu Wheat, 37,000 bu Corn.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED..............May 22.

Stmr Gazelle, Butler, Milwaukee, sundries.
Prop Chicago, Collins, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop Potomac, Gebbard, Buffalo, sundries.
Brig Lowell, Ferris, Green Bay, 160 m lumber.
Schr John Tally, Freeland, Sheboygan, 35 cds wood.
Schr Mount Vernon, Pigeon River, 110 cds wood.
Schr Nightingale, McKee, Buffalo, 500 lbs salt.
Schr Traveller, Johnson, Sheboygan, 35 cds wood.
Schr St Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan, 75 cds stone.
Schr Endy June, Ingals, Stoney Creek, 70 m lumber, 121 m lumber.
Schr Cairo, Macoriny, Buffalo, 100 tons coal.
Schr Calcutta, Long, Grand River, 75 cds wood.
Schr Allon Clark, Higgy, Muskegon, 94 m lumber, 23 m shingles, 12,000 cedar posts.

CLEARED..............May 22.

Prop Globe, Pratt, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop J. Barber, Brown, St Joseph, 2 tons mdze.
Brig Traveler, Johnson, Sheboygan, light.
Brig Sebastopol, Smith, Grand River, light.
Schr St Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan, light.
Schr Cape Horn, Anderson, Buffalo, 12,600 bu corn.
Schr Calcutta, Long, Grand River, light.
Schr Lowell, Ferris, Green Bay, light.
Schr Pilgrim, Higgie, Muskegon, light.
Schr A F Rich, Ingraham, Erie, 475 tons coal.
Schr D R Holt, Patterson, Point Sauble, 2 tons hay.
Schr Wm Pierson, Rost, Buffalo, 19,000 bu corn.

Marine News.

PASSED DETROIT—May 21—The following vessels have passed this port since 1 P. M. Saturday:

UP—Steamboat North Star; props Iowa, Adriatic, Michigan; schrs Northern Belle, Illinois, Cuba, Yorktown, Patrick Henry, Return, W A Chisholm, Kate Richmond.

DOWN—Props Racine, Montgomery, Wenona, Fountain City, Prairie State, Iron City, Queen of the Lakes; barks Clayton, Naomi, Great West; brigs R Hollister, Roscius, Ghilla orend Oleander; schrs White Squall, W B Ogden, M Fillmore, Curtis Mann, Rocket, St Joseph, Cornelia, Belle Sheridan, Quickstep, Hubbard, Ostrich, Philarope, S L Noble, L B Goldsmith, Brilliant, Freeman, Traveler, Eclipse.

Weather cloudy, with light easterly breeze.

COLLISION.—At midnight Saturday night the schooner Revolving Light bound down, came to anchor in the river about five miles below Port Huron. About an hour afterward the schooner C. N. Johnson also bound down, came along, and observing the light of the Revolving Light, essayed to pass to windward of her, but failed probably owing, at least in part, to the fact of her being heavily laden, and she went on the bows of the Revolving Light, carrying away the Light's jib-boom, headgear and bobstays. The damage to the Johnson was less important, but she broke in her bulwarks and rail, and sustained some other damage.—[Detroit Tribune, 21st.

PASSED THROUGH THE SAUT CANAL—May 17.—Schooners Mary Collins, Mary M. Scott, Clara Adams; 18th, O. Davis; 19th, steamer Arctic.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED..............May 21.

American Star, La Salle, 4,400 bus corn.
Albia, LaSalle, 5,260 bu corn.
Lioness, LaSalle, 3,407 bu corn.
Tide, Lasalle, 5,278 bu corn.
Acadia, LaSalle, 3,942 bu corn.
Arcana, LaSalle, 2,500 bu corn, 50 brls whisky, 50 brls alcohol, 27 brls fine clay, 50 brls Rosla.
Atlantic, LaSalle, 5,397 bu corn.
Saratoga, LaSalle, 3,759 bu corn.
Alexander, Lockport, 5,000 bu corn.
Humboldt, Joliet, 5,950 bu oats.
Abby Sprague, LaSalle, 4,212 bu corn.
Adelin, LaSalle, 5,018 bu corn.
Wm Merriam, LaSalle, 5,405 bu corn.

CLEARED..............May 17.

Trader, Kankakee, light.
Yorktown, Ottawa, 79,526 ft lumber, 15,400 lath, 6 casks soda ash.
Edinburgh, Ottawa, 46,097 lumber, 1,000 siding, 2,000 lath, 18,000 shingles, 1 bbl plaster.
J L Alexander, Ottawa light.
Aquila, Ottawa, Sault Ice.

FAIRBANK'S PATENT SCALES, SOLD BY Fairbanks & Greenleaf 85 Lake street, Chicago

HITCHCOCK'S Premium Scales! Manufactured by ADAMS & HITCHCOCK, 39 So. Canal-st., Chicago. All kinds of Scales repaired.

FRESH SHAD, Halibut, Haddock, Codfish, EELS, SMELTS, &c. L. B. PLATT & CO., 63 Randolph street.

GRAIN ELEVATOR AND WAREHOUSE.—Having rented the Grain Elevator and Warehouse formerly occupied by Gibbs, Griffin & Co., on the corner of Franklin and North Water streets, I am now prepared to do a general Storage and Elevating business, and solicit the patronage of my friends and the public generally. HIRAM WHEELER

FANCY STEAM DYE WORKS, OF SIDNEY KALISH, 195 South Clark St., between Monroe and Adams Sts., CHICAGO, ILL. I have been awarded the first premium at the late U. S. Fair. All country orders by express strictly attended to.

Mayor to exert the whole power of the city to prevent future outrages and punish the guilty in the present instance.

The Japanese Commissioners, attended by several members of their suite and the Naval Commission, proceeded to the State Department at noon to-day, where their treaty with this government was duly ratified. The copies of the documents were carefully compared, and certificates of their correctness, of which there were several, signed and exchanged. On their way to the Department the treaty was borne on the shoulders of their servants.

Secretary Cass, during the diplomatic proceedings, informed the Commissioners that it afforded him great pleasure to exchange the ratifications of the treaty with them, and expressed a fervent hope that the two nations would be bound still closer in friendship.

The Commissioners reciprocated the compliments, and expressed their obligations to the venerable Sec'y, and spoke of the kind attentions bestowed on them, and trusted that peace between the countries might be everlasting.

The Japanese will visit the House of Representatives at one o'clock to-morrow.

They have set apart two hours on Friday and Saturday, for visits to them by members of Congress and their families.

The Republican Association of Washington are making arrangements for a public meeting on Monday night, to ratify the Chicago nominations.

[illegible] the Committee on Elections, reported a resolution, declaring, first that J. R. R. Barrett is not, and secondly, that Francis P. Blair is, entitled to a seat from the First Congressional District of Missouri.

The majority and minority reports were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dawes said it was the desire of the Committee to call up the subject at the earliest possible period. On his motion a resolution was adopted giving leave to Mr. Blair to occupy a seat on the floor and speak on the merits of the question.

The House resumed the consideration of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph bill.

Mr. Colfax explained the amendment which the Committee on Post Offices proposed. The Government is to pay forty thousand dollars per year for messages; the public to be charged $3 per ten words. If the corporators do not accept these terms within thirty days, then sealed proposals are to be invited and the contract is to be given to the lowest responsible bidder. The line is to be built within two years, and St. Joseph is to be the point of departure.

Mr. Colfax earnestly urged the passage of the bill, showing the great advantage which will result to the Government.

Mr. Burnet opposed the bill as creating an oppressive monopoly.

Other gentlemen expressed views, and the subject was passed over.

The House by 12 majority disagreed to the Senate amendment of the Military Academy bill, providing for calling the mounted regiment of Texas volunteers into the field.

The Speaker laid before the House a special message from the President, communicating the fact of the capture by the Wyandotte of another cargo of Africans, making with those of the Wildfire over 1,000 at Key West, under the charge of the Marshal. He suggests immediate action for their accommodation and health, and says that more may daily be expected to be brought in. The message was referred to the Committee of Judiciary.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill.

Pryor moved to strike out $150,000 for reporting and printing debates of Congress as a superfluous expense. Rejected—24 to 98.

Amendment agreed to—77 against 45—that official reporters confine themselves to what is said in order, and excluding unmodified speeches.

Stanton moved to strike out the appropriation for the Auxiliary Guard of Washington, which, he said, was so managed that public buildings cannot be protected from mobs.

Some further debate occurred, and the House adjourned.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Reliable information has been received here that Mr. H. S. Sanford, recent agent of the Panama Railroad, has failed in the objects sought at Bogota. These were the annulment of the Chiriqui Improvement Company's grant to 99 years. To accomplish this end, Mr. Sanford offered, on the part of the Panama Company, the payment in cash of half a million dollars and the right of the Granadian Government to levy a tax of $2 on each passenger over the Isthmus. That Government asked $10,000,000 to extend the term to 99 years and to relinquish the right of New Granada to purchase the Panama Railroad for $5,000,000 in 15 years from this time.

Lieut. Rodman's great gun, the "Floyd," is now on her way to Fort Monroe, and was examined with marked satisfaction to-day, by Prince de Joinville and others interested in such heavy ordnance.

The prospect in the Senate of the passage of the House Tariff bill is more favorable than heretofore supposed, 28 Senators are already ascertained to be in its favor, and others will vote for it with slight modifications.

It is known here that many anti-Douglas delegates to the Charleston Convention have prepared an address, which they may shortly issue, proposing as a basis of re-union at Baltimore, the resolutions offered by Mr. Howard of Tenn., which were previously entered by them. Other Democrats regard the matter with favor.

The Japanese are still the objects of attention. They have been spending the day in visiting the public buildings. On Friday the President will entertain the Ambassadors at a dinner, to which a number of distinguished gentlemen are already invited. Our Government will present to the Japanese, among other things, the finest specimens of fire arms and four sets of Perry's Japanese Expedition—the volumes to be bound in the richest style.

Ex-Sup't of Public Printing Seaman, was tried to-day in the Circuit Court on a charge of malfeasance in office, and acquitted.

The authorities of Norfolk intended to subject the U. S. steamship Roanoke to quarantine. This would have kept her some time out of the Government use. Otherwise she would have been taken into Portsmouth, instead of New York, for repairs.

A contract is being made with the Colonization Society for the support and care of the Africans captured by the Mohawk, as in the case of those found on board the Echo, and it is probable that they will be conveyed to Liberia in a chartered vessel.

The War Department this morning received a large mail from Utah. The troops were a ranging for the move to New Mexico. By order of the Department a detachment of 63 recruits, under command of Lieut. O'Connell, have been ordered from Jefferson Barracks to Fort Ridgley, Minn.

A special meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the Union party was held this evening, when F. W. Walker resigned the Secretaryship of that Committee on the ground that he cannot sincerely support the nominations of that party at Baltimore. He was the head and front of the new party movement. The course he has taken is indicative of a general stampede of the Union party men.

There are rumors in this city to-day that Mr. Everett declines.

A large number of members of Congress will leave this evening and to-morrow, to attend the Douglas demonstration at New York, among whom are Rust of Arkansas, Hamilton of Texas, and Clingman of North Carolina. The leaders of the party are endeavoring to agree upon a definite plan of action, in order to unite the whole for e upon a candidate acceptable to all sections of the party. Exertions are being made to have Douglas, Guthrie and others withdraw from the ring, to remove the pending difficulties to a perfect union upon the candidate.

Stupendous Frauds.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—In compliance with a resolution of the House, the President communicated to that body the report of the Attorney General, showing the amount expended toward defense of private land claims in California. It appears from this document that an incredible number of fraudulent claims to land in California had been fabricated and sustained by the most unblushing perjury. Many of them had been approved by the Board of Land Commissioners and by the District Courts of California. No less than twenty-five appeals in these cases were heard and decided by the Supreme Court in favor of the Government at the last term. The amount involved was not less than $100,000,000. One claim was for 3,600 square miles of land; another for 450 square miles; and the famous Santillan claim was for a part of the city of San Francisco, worth about $10,000,000. The Attorney-General pays a high compliment to the abilities of E. M. Stanton, Esq., who assisted in this business. The report is an able and interesting document, disclosing legal achievements of no ordinary magnitude.

Presbyterian General Assembly.

PITTSBURG, May 21.—The Assembly heard to-day the reports from its delegates to other denominations, and addresses from delegates of the Reformed Presbyterian Evangelical and Lutheran Synods.

The report of the committee on Education has been discussed by leading speakers with great earnestness. It is not yet disposed of. Most of the speakers hitherto regarded the Assembly's plan radically defective.

The Weymouth Seduction and Poisoning Cases.

BOSTON, May 22.—The investigation by the coroner's jury in the late mysterious death at Weymouth, has resulted in declaring that Betsy Frances Tyrrell was poisoned with strychnine, which has also been discovered in the remains of her eldest sister Mary, who died about three months previously. Both girls were found to have been enceinte. Honey is in fact, heavily ironed. His examination will take place this week.

Falling of a Church.

NORWICH, Ct., May 22.—A large portion of the new Methodist Church in the course of erection, fell to-day, severely injuring two of the workmen. This is the same edifice which was totally destroyed when nearly completed during the severe blow of Feb. 10th.

MILLSTONES, Of All Quarries, and C. W. Brown's Patent Portable Flouring and Grist Mills, And Dealers in DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS, Smut Mills and Separators, Separators for Warehouses, Beltings of all kinds, Hoisting Screws and Bails, Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.

Fairbanks' Scales, AND MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mill contracted for entire.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of GOULDING, BAGLEY & SEWELL, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y., would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and powers; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

8 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,250
8 " "	575	25 " "	1,350
10 " "	725	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	800	35 " "	2,000
16 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.

Every Engine is furnished with Judson's Patent Governor Valve.

For Flouring Mill we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will

Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel

over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c., At very low prices.

T. W. BAXTER & CO., Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago. Post Office address Box 274.

EUREKA GOLD SEPARATOR. IMPORTANT TO QUARTZ MINERS. The "Eureka" which has been fully tested in The Mines of California, And the Southern States, is admitted to be The Best Machine in Use.

A large number having already been sold for Pike's Peak. Persons going to the mines should be provided with the best machinery. The "Eureka" is no experiment, its success being fully established. A machine in working order may be seen, and circulars containing every information obtained on application to CARLISLE BOYD, Agent, t Dole's Building, corner South Water and Clark sts.

W. W. KIMBALL, DEALER IN PIANO FORTES & MELODEONS. New Pianos from the best Eastern Manufacturers for $175 to $500. PIANOS TO RENT. OLD PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR NEW. 99 . . Clark Street. . . 99

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW. Ruptures Cured BY THE Hard Rubber "RIGGS TRUSS"

This Truss is unlike all others ever used, both in construction and material. Does not constantly press in the rupture, and thereby give call for a truss for life, like most of trusses in use, but presses in four places AROUND, the ring bringing the parts together, giving nature A CHANCE to cure which, it does in nearly all cases. Does not press UPON THE CORD, or obstruct circulation; never soils or corrodes, and is always clean and new. Young persons and recent cases always cured. Physicians say it is the

Only Philosophical Truss in Use.

None but those who have suffered with the miseries of rupture can appreciate the value of the "Riggs' Truss." Cases of years' standing HAVE BEEN CURED by this Truss within three months past. I. B. SEELEY, General Agent, will be at his office, No. 194 Lake street, corner of Wells. Office open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Call and examine for yourselves.

C. M. HENDERSON & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Boots and Shoes, NO. 46............LAKE STREET...........NO. 46 CHICAGO, ILL.

Have in store a large and desirable stock of goods which they will sell very cheap to cash and prompt paying trade.

We are Agents for the sale of Mitchell's Patent Metalic Tipped Shoes, In all the States without exception.

After the 1th of June we shall be found at the magnificent store, No. 32 Lake street, corner Wabash avenue. C. M. HENDERSON & CO

BARNUM'S GREAT VARIETY STORE Re-opened at 128 Lake street, With an entire NEW STOCK of TOYS, FANCY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WILLOW WARE, FISHING TACKLE, Worsteds of all kinds, &c., &c. WHOLESALE BUYERS SUPPLIED AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. BARNUM BROTHERS.

England and America, than I expected to see in my day.

From Rev. F. COOSEMANS, S. J., President of St. Louis University.

I have examined your Dictionary with deep interest, and I believe, with fairness and impartiality, and I find it superior to every work of the kind that has ever come under my notice. Full and accurate in its definitions, exact beyond comparison in orthoepy and orthography, rich in treasures of etymology, derivation, authorities, and examples, it must at once be placed at the head of all books of its kind. It will be the safest guide of every student of the language, and the indispensable companion of every man of letters.

From J. BERRIEN LINDSLEY, Chancellor of the University of Nashville.

I know of no Dictionary in the English language in all respects so complete as the new edition of Dr. Worcester's. It is a faithful and reliable guide to correct spelling and pronunciation, ample in its vocabulary, and most excellent in its definitions. Its accuracy and fulness, as it regards the [illegible] terms recently introduced, render it invaluable to the professional as well as to the general student.

From Rev. CALVIN PEASE, D. D., President of University of Vermont.

The mature scholarship which the work evinces is, to me its most pleasing feature, where we have learning without pedantry, and the fruits of the most accurate and liberal research without ostentation.

From EDWARD THOMPSON, D. D., L. L. D., President of Ohio Wesleyan University.

It [the Dictionary] exceeds my expectations, it will be my guide in orthography and pronunciation, and will often be consulted by me for its neat and accurate definitions.

From ISRAEL W. ANDREWS, D. D., President of Marietta College, Ohio.

It [the Dictionary] is truly a magnificent work, an honor to the author, the publishers, and the whole country.

While I may be disposed to adhere to old modes of pronunciation and orthography with somewhat less tenacity than yourself, I shall take great pleasure in consulting your Dictionary. I have found frequent occasion to consult your Octavo, and I shall keep this larger work continually on my table. I have already spent considerable time in examining it, and the examination has given me much gratification. The critical notes on the pronunciation of words have especially pleased me.

From Rev. ANSON SMYTH, Commissioner of Common Schools in Ohio.

The Dictionary is an imperishable monument of the learning and industry of its author, and an honor to the world of letters. The mechanical execution is far superior to that of any other Lexicon with which I am acquainted.

From BENJAMIN GREENLEAF, A. M., Author of a Popular Series of Mathematical Works.

I have examined Worcester's Quarto Dictionary with great care, and am ready to say that I think it decidedly in advance of any other work of the kind. It is a book the like of which I did not expect to see in my day. In the matter of definitions, it is all that could reasonably be expected. In orthography, it is undoubtedly the best authority in the English language; and for pronunciation, it certainly has no equal as a standard. A copy of this most excellent work should be in the hands of all teachers, and also in every school in the country.

From Professor N. LAWRENCE LINDSLEY, LL. D.

Dr. Worcester's long-expected Quarto Dictionary is before me, and realizes, in all respects, my highest hopes. Its merits compel me to give it the preference over all other Dictionaries in my library, embracing, as these do, among others, Johnson, Walker, Richardson, the Imperial Lexicon, and the different editions of Webster, not excepting the "Pictorial."

From dishonest criticism, now so common, Dr. Worcester may not escape. Works of surpassing excellence, prepared with elaborate and conscientious care, are now-a-days subject to the most ungenerous attacks, prompted by selfish purposes for the accomplishment of unworthy ends. For the honor of American literature I trust that this last incomparable review of a people's language shall meet a nation's gratitude, and perform its noble mission, disturbed by no wicked opposition and *hired detraction*.

From J. R. BARTLETT, A. M., Author of Dictionary of Americanisms.

I have looked over the pages of your Dictionary with the delight with which a child devours its favorite books, and find much to interest me. The additions of new words which you have made quite surprise me by their number. Your definitions are exceedingly clear and concise; in words, to, that all who use a Dictionary may readily comprehend their meaning. With your etymology I am much pleased, being more satisfactory to me than those of any English Dictionary known to me.

From the Rt. Rev. JAMES H. OTEY, D. D., Bishop of Tennessee.

I am of the opinion that the merits of Dr. Worcester's Dictionary as a standard for the orthography, etymology and orthoepy of the English language, are unequalled by any work I have seen.

From Hon. EDWARD EVERETT.

I have made constant use of Mr. Worcester's Dictionaries since their first publication. His orthography and pronunciation represent, so far as I am aware, the most approved usage of our language. His definitions seldom leave anything to desire.

From Prof. JAMES R. BOISE, A. M., of Michigan University.

I had long ago learned from your smaller works to set a high value on your labors as an English lexicographer; and I now appreciate them still more fully, after having examined this, your last great work. I have placed it on the table of my lecture room, side by side with the most recent edition of Webster's Dictionary, where my classes consult both and compare them daily; and I have not yet known a single instance in which the two have been compared, on any point whatever, without proving the manifest superiority of your work.

From Rev. HENRY A. BOARDMAN, D. D., of Philadelphia.

I particularly like it, (the Dictionary,) 1. Because of its comprehensive character. 2. Because it adheres to the settled orthography of our noble language—discarding those innovations which, however countenanced by certain publishing houses, have never, to any extent, been accepted by the scholars of our country. And, 3. Because in the department of pronunciation it is greatly superior to any Dictionary with which I am acquainted.

From Prof. J. N. PUTNAM, of Dartmouth College.

The clear and ample page is at once a pleasure to the eye. The definitions are full, yet succinct and discriminating, not so extended as to trench too far upon the province of the Cyclopaedia, nor yet needlessly numerous, so as to overlap each other. The citations are choice and apposite. The illustrative engravings are real aids to a clear understanding of the objects they define, and so far as I have examined amply sufficient for every purpose they were intended to serve. The clear and distinct arrangement of the preliminary matter is also deserving of notice.

Every conservative scholar, every student and lover of the language as it is spoken and written by the cultivated English-speaking world, will be glad to possess a work at once so comprehensive in plan, so wisely and carefully prepared, and, above all, offering such trustworthy guidance to the best and purest usage.

From Rev. W. B. SPRAGUE, D. D., of Albany, N. Y.

My opinion of Worcester's Quarto Dictionary, after having given to it as extended an examination as my circumstances would admit, is, that there is no other Dictionary in the language that compares with it for completeness, accuracy, comprehensiveness, and precision; and perhaps I ought to add, that I have arrived at this conclusion rather contrary to a preconceived opinion. It accommodates itself

of English philology.

From Rev. A. P. PEABODY, D. D., Editor of North American Review:

There is no department within the province of a Dictionary that has been left imperfect. I am especially struck with the degree to which your quarto might fill the place of a many-volumed encyclopedia. Your full definitions of terms in science and art, and of technical terms in general, aided as they are when necessary by pictorial representations, are always as clear and intelligible, and often as full and adequate, as the articles on the same titles, for instance, in the Encyclopaedia Americana, while you define correctly hundreds of such words, which, occurring not as titles, but incidentally, in a work like the last named, could not be found by the inquirer.

From Rev. C. COLLINS, D. D., President of Dickinson College:

I have examined the Dictionary with care, and am free to say, that though public expectation respecting it was high, based justly on the high reputation of its author for lexical ability, yet in my opinion this expectation has been more than met. A nobler monument of profound learning, patient toil, and critical discrimination in the use and power of words, has not appeared. Its orthography and orthoepy faithfully represent that elegant use which the critics tell us gives law to language; and the etymologies and definitions present a treasury of learning in the literature of the tongue which is above price. I cannot speak too highly of the pictorial illustrations and diagrams which you have introduced, happily on a scale not so large as to encumber the page, and yet not too small for the purpose of elucidation. These, introduced in their natural place, are not so prominent as to affect the general appearance of the work as a dictionary, and yet they give it many of the advantages, without the cost, of an encyclopedia.

I shall not fail to recommend the work as deserving a place on the table of every scholar.

From Hon. GEORGE S. HILLARD, of Boston.

I have had occasion to make frequent reference to the quarto edition of Worcester's Dictionary recently published by you, the crowning labor of a long life faithfully devoted to philological studies. I have never consulted it without a strong sense of satisfaction at the fulness and accuracy of the information it returned—a satisfaction alloyed only by the regret that I had lived so long without it. The vocabulary is bountiful; the orthography conforms to the essential rules of the language; the etymology is sound and safe; the definitions are full, accurate, and not too redundant. For my own part, I have a ravenous appetite for books of reference. I never write without having Johnson, Richardson, Webster, and Worcester all within reach; but if I were compelled to take only one, I should surely take Worcester. Indeed, I hold that a house is badly furnished for domestic occupation without a copy. There is something to me almost pathetic in the situation of a father of a family, with half a dozen active-minded boys and girls around him, ever ejaculating questions at him, and no Worcester at hand to refer to. *See page 2.*

From JOHN MACLEAN, D. D., President of the College of New Jersey.

As far as I have examined your Quarto Dictionary, I have found it to be accurate and reliable in its exposition of the language.

From SAMUEL K. TALMAGE, D. D., President of Oglethorpe University.

I have examined the Dictionary with care, and am not disappointed in my expectations. I consider it decidedly the most complete and perfect Dictionary of the English language. It cannot fail to take precedence over all others. The great curse of American Lexicography has been a lawless spirit of innovation, tending to the corruption of our noble mother tongue. You have, in my honest judgment, hit the golden medium, and combined, most happily, the *conservative* and the progressive. Your work is an honor to American literature, and I proudly hope will assert its rightful claims to become the standard of authority not only in the United States, but also in Great Britain.

From THOMAS C. ANDERSON, D. D., President of Cumberland University.

After careful examination, I unhesitatingly pronounce it the most complete work of the kind extant. The English language has been enriched by several other valuable Dictionaries, which are highly creditable to their authors; but all must yield in completeness and elegance to your noble quarto.

From ROSWELL PARK, D. D., Prest. of Racine College.

I have carefully examined the new large Quarto Dictionary of the English language, by Joseph E. Worcester, LL.D.; and do not hesitate to pronounce it the best and most complete Dictionary of our language which has ever yet been published. It contains many thousands of words, chiefly scientific and technical, which are not in Webster, thus supplying to some extent, a Dictionary of Arts and Sciences; and I believe it to be a more reliable authority than any other, for the orthography and orthoepy of our language; while it is inferior to none in giving the derivation and definition of English and American words. It has my unqualified approbation and recommendation.

From JOHN EARLY, President of Georgetown College, District of Columbia.

The cursory examination we have been able to make of Worcester's Dictionary has been sufficient to convince us of its superiority. We prefer it to Walker's, because it represents the present, not a past, state of the language and to other works with which it is usually compared, because its decisions are founded upon recognized authorities, not on provincial peculiarities, or the eccentricities of the lexicographer.

Dictionaries are to be found in which the definitions evince more political or religious rancour than critical skill; where the writers preferred to the praise of correctness, the gratification of partisan feeling. In further commendation of the edition submitted to our judgment it should be added, that it is remarkably free from any such offensive peculiarity.

From Hon. H. C. HICKOK, Superintendent of Common Schools, Pennsylvania.

This noble Quarto Dictionary is the latest and best evidence that whatever Dr. Worcester undertakes is sure to be thoroughly and well done; and within the range of his plan exhaustive of the subject. The affluence of varied and valuable material contained in this illustrative volume, will make it universally acceptable, even to those who may still prefer some of Webster's modifications of the language. Every library should have it, and every enlightened teacher will of course procure it.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE U. S. SENATE, March 16, 1860.

DEAR SIR: It affords me great pleasure to inform you that the Committee to audit and control the contingent expenses of the Senate have manifested their appreciation of Worcester's Quarto Dictionary by directing that the Senate Chamber and all the committee and office rooms of the Senate be furnished with that work.

I am highly gratified at this additional testimonial of the merit of a book that, in my judgment, is decidedly the best work of the kind in the English language.

I am, sir, respectfully, your obedient servant,
JOHN C. FITZPATRICK,
Assistant Clerk, Office of Secretary of Senate.

UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

CLERK'S OFFICE, U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, March 15, 1860.

Worcester's new Quarto Dictionary is the standard work of reference in this office, and the system of orthography therein represented is that adopted in the official records and documents of the House of Representatives of the United States.

J. W. FORNEY,
Clerk House of Representatives, U. S.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S., OFFICE OF COMMITTEE OF ACCOUNTS, April 13, 1860.

SIR: The Committee of Accounts of the House of Representatives have approved the proposition for placing Wor-

and Scripture proper names, and modern geographical names, we find all there in your single and very handsome quarto volume. I use the word handsome, because the type, the printing, and the paper all combine to make it equal to any work that can be produced by our celebrated Clarendon press in Oxford, or by the best London printers.

Your definition of words has been made more concise, clear, and accurate, by giving not only the whole word from which it is immediately derived, but its component parts. You have also followed the practice of our best scholars, by carefully accenting the Greek words. Thus, ASTRONOMY, n. (Gr. *astronomia* astron, a star, and nomos, a rule or law, &c.) So in FREEDOM, n. (A. S. *freedom*; *free*, and *dom*, jurisdiction, &c.) This is the substance of what I have said in page iv. of my preface to my "Compendious Anglo-Saxon Dictionary." Wherever the Anglo-Saxon race appeared, liberty prevailed. They thought, they acted for themselves. They were free and loved the language of *freedom*. Every man of Anglo-Saxon origin, feels he has a *free doom*, *precinct*, or *jurisdiction*, in which none dares interfere—he is entirely *free*, —free to enjoy and do all the good of which his benevolent nature is capable. How tame is the Romanized liberty in comparison with the Anglo-Saxon and old English *freedom*! With boasted *liberty* superficially on the lip, there is often licentiousness and consequent oppression—but we feel *freedom* to be more deeply seated, even in the heart; here *freedom* is not only enjoyed, but cordially permitted and extended to all. This is true, heart felt *freedom*, and we derived the word, and the noble feeling from our Anglo-Saxon forefathers!

I must now allude briefly to another interesting feature of your work. I mean the small but very neat wood cuts. These, with the derivation, at once show the precise meaning of the word, without the necessity of a long and prolix explanation. In short, it is the most complete and practical, the very best, as well as the cheapest English Dictionary that I know, and I have, therefore, no doubt of its success. That its success in extended circulation may be equal to its great merits, is the earnest wish and hope of, dear sir,

Yours, very sincerely,
JOSEPH BOSWORTH.

From Prof. CHAS. ANTHON, LL.D., of Columbia College N. Y.

Your new edition is a noble monument to your fame; and I hope you may live long to enjoy the rewards which so much sterling ability cannot fail to bring with it.

SWAN, BREWER & TILESTON, Boston.
S. C. GRIGGS & CO., Chicago,
And by booksellers generally throughout the United States.

"Who has not a Paulus de Castro, let him sell his coat and buy one."

SUPERIOR FAMILY GROCERIES —AT— STANTON'S, No. 48.......Clark Street.......No. 48 NEAR LAKE ST.

TEAS AND COFFEES Of the best quality.

Fine Wines, Champaignes, Bourbon Whisky, Old Rye Whisky, Madeira, Sherry, Fine Old Port, Superior Brandy, Havana Segars, Tobacco.

AN EXCELLENT Soda Fountain and Fixtures FOR SALE CHEAP, AT GALE BROTHERS' FAMILY PRESCRIPTION STORE, 202 Randolph Street.

HAIR NETTS, ZEPHYR WORSTEDS, TRAVELING BASKETS, Hosiery of all Kinds, Knitting Cotton and Cotton Warp, Chenile Canvass, &c. Serpentine Braids and Crochet, and Small Wares, AT SUTTON & BARKETT'S, (Late R. Dunk,) 41..............LASALLE STREET..............41 Opp. Hoffmann & Gelpcke's Bank.

MONEY TO LOAN —AT— 10 per Cent. for Five Years. Short Paper Discounted. U. F. DOWNING & CO., 61 Clark st.

ROSEHILL CEMETERY.—The Managers of the Rosehill Cemetery would announce that on and after this date they offer to the public the selection of Cemetery Lots. The Cemetery can be reached by the Lake View Plank Road, the Green Bay Road, or the Prairie Road running northwest from the intersection of North Clark and Wells street through Bowmanville, or by the Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad to Chittenden Station. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Company, No. 83 Clark street.

STEWART'S COOKING STOVE STILL AHEAD.—The acknowledged superiority of the Stewart Stove has given rise to several imitations. The genuine article for sale only by C. METZ, Agent, at 180 State street, between Monroe and Adams. Also, a good assortment of Housekeeping, Hardware and Tinware.

RAISINS—500 Quarter, Half and Whole Boxes M. R. and Layer Raisins, just arrived, WM. LITTLE & CO., 139 South Water street.

[illegible] Architect and Superintendent. Careful and minute Specifications, and RELIABLE DETAILED ESTIMATES Made from drawings. OFFICE—82 Dearborn street, first door north of the Post Office.

O. L. WHEELOCK, Architect and Superintendent, OFFICE NO. 77 DEARBORN STREET. Opposite the Post Office, Chicago.

G. P. RANDALL, ARCHITECT, OFFICE IN THE PORTLAND BLOCK, CHICAGO

E. BURLING, ARCHITECT, No. 40 Dearborn street, (opposite Tremont House,) is prepared to furnish Plans and Specifications for all kinds of Buildings. He confidently refers to many of the best buildings in Chicago—both public and private—as evidences of his ability, and that orders entrusted to him will be executed in the most satisfactory manner.

EXCHANGE ON ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND, And all other Countries in Europe.

The undersigned, having completed their arrangements for making exchange on the principal cities in Great Britain, Ireland and the Continent, are now prepared to issue drafts for any amount from £1 and upwards. Bills on Europe cashed at the highest rates. Advances made on grain, warehouse receipts, and shipments of produce to Eastern markets. Business paper discounted. GREENEBAUM, [illegible] & CO., British Consulate, Custom House Building, 13 S. [illegible]

BURWELL & WYANT— AGENTS FOR THE GOLDEN HILL SHIRTS. DEARBORN STREET, No. 8 Tremont Block, CHICAGO.

ENLARGED STORE! NEW GOODS! — NEW GOODS! J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake-st., Have opened a large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Porte-Monnaies, Dressing Cases, Toilet Goods, Ladies' Purses, Shopping Bags, Pocket Cutlery, Ladies' Scissors, Card Cases, Pocket Flasks, Toilet Waters, Toilet Sponges, Toilet Mirrors, STUART'S CANDIES, Hair Pomades, Toilet Brushes; THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST STOCK WEST OF NEW YORK. J. H. REED & CO., 144 and 146 LAKE STREET.

NORTON, ROBB & CO., Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES AND FISH, And General Commission Merchants. No. 16 River street, Chicago, Ill. HORACE NORTON, CHAS. ROBB, H. E. NORTON.

E. G. HALL, KIMBARK & CO., Importers and Dealers in IRON, NAILS, STEEL AND HEAVY HARDWARE. No. 100 and 102 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

H. F. BAKER, GENERAL AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. For the sale of all kinds of personal property and real estate, household goods, furniture, &c. JAMES A. MARSHALL, Salesman. No. 58 Dearborn street.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—Fifty Casks just received on consignment. For sale by R. C. LIVINGSTON & CO., No. 101 South Water street.

MAPLE SUGAR.—2000 lbs. Pure Maple Sugar, just received on consignment, and for sale by HORRIS & OLIPHANTE, 216 South Water street.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS!—Fresh Baltimore Can, Keg and Shell Oysters received daily and warranted fresh, and equal to any in market. Orders from the country promptly filled at shortest notice by J. W. DOANE & CO., No. 78 Dearborn street.

2500 LBS. GUM DROPS, and a fresh and large assortment of New York Confectionery. J. W. DOANE & CO., 78 Dearborn st.

1500 BXS. LAYER & M. R. RAISINS, new crop. 500 half boxes do do. 250 quarter boxes do do. At low figures by J. W. DOANE & CO.

1,000 LBS. FIGS, new crop, in fancy boxes and drums, just arrived. J. W. DOANE & CO.

100 CHESTS BLACK AND GREEN TEA, all prices. 75 half Chests Black and Green Tea. J. W. DOANE & CO., 78 Dearborn st.

100 Hhds. N. O. SUGARS, Common to Choice, in store and for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

150 Bbls. PLANTATION, PORTO RICO and S. H. MOLASSES, for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

100 Bbls. NEW YORK SYRUP for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

300 Bags RIO and JAMAICA COFFEE for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

100 Pockets O. G. JAVA COFFEE, for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

SUNDRIES—A full and seasonable supply of Groceries, Wood Ware, Notions, &c., now in Store. WM. LITTLE & CO.

KILN DRIED CORN MEAL, Fairfield Mills.—500 bbls of this celebrated brand in store and for sale by BEDFORD MEREDITH & CO., No. 119 South Water st.

[illegible] Portsmouth, O.; Paddock & Co., Jeffersonville, Ind.; R. W. Brown & Co., Cincinnati; Alhern & Hibbert, Cincinnati; R. C. Meldrum, Madison, Ind.; Jos. E. Moore, Louisville; P. G. O'Riley & Co., Evansville, Ind.; N. W. Graham & Co., Cairo, Ill.; R. F. Sass, Shuler & Glass, St. Louis; John H. Harris, Nashville, Tenn.; Harris & Hunt, Memphis, Tenn.; Clarke & Co., Chicago; W. H. H. Koontz, Alton, Ill., or to Freight Agents of Railroads at different points in the West.

The Greatest Facilities offered for the Protection and Speedy Transportation of LIVE STOCK, And good accommodations with usual privileges for persons traveling in charge thereof.

FREIGHTS. By this Route Freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri, by Railroad direct.

The Pennsylvania Railroad also connects at Pittsburgh with Steamers, by which Goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and Red Rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky and Chicago with Steamers to all Ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their Freight to this Company, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

The rates of Freight to and from any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Railroad, are at all times as favorable as are charged by other R. R. Companies.

Be particular to mark packages "via PENNA. R. R." C. J. SNEIDER, Philadelphia. MAGRAW & KOONS, 80 North street, Baltimore. LEECH & CO., No. 2 Astor House, or No. 1 S. Wm. st., New York. LEECH & CO., No. 77 State street, Boston. H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Ag't Philadelphia. L. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Ag't Philadelphia. THOS. A. SCOTT, Gen'l Sup't, Altoona, Pa.

BUFFALO & LAKE HURON RAILWAY. Shortest and best route to Buffalo and other Eastern cities. Train leaving Chicago at 8:00 p.m., Detroit at 8.50; arrive at Buffalo at 8 [illegible] p.m., New York at 10:15 a.m., Boston at 4.30; connecting with N. Y. Central & Buffalo & N. Y. & Erie trains going East. Tickets via this road can be obtained at the Union Depot. R. S. CARTER, Gen'l Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. Now completed and running from Chicago to Pittsburgh without change, connecting with the great PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD To New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington City, and all the principal towns of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Maryland, &c. [illegible]

CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD LINE.—Passenger Trains depart from and arrive at Chicago as follows: Day Express and Mail leave at 7:15 am, and arrive at 6:15 pm, (Sundays excepted.) Night Express leave at 11:15 pm, (Saturdays excepted), arrive at 5:30 am (Mondays excepted.) Joliet Accommodation, 5:00 pm, Sundays excepted. JOHN F. TRACY, Gen. Sup't. W. L. ST. JOHN, Gen. Agent.

RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD. CHANGE OF TIME. On and after April 17th, 1860, trains will run daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: GOING WEST: [illegible] GOING EAST: [illegible] MAT'F. TAYLOR, Superintendent. G. A. THOMSON, Gen'l Manager.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL AND GREAT WESTERN (CANADA) RAILWAYS. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Trains leave the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake street, Chicago: [illegible] R. N. RICE, Superintendent. H. J. SPAULDING, General Passenger Agent.

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. On and after MONDAY, April 16th, 1860, trains will leave Wells street depot, Chicago, as follows, Sundays excepted: 9.45 am and 9:30 pm for Dixon, Polo, Fulton, Cedar Rapids, and intermediate points. At 9:15 am and 9:30 pm for Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Warren, Galena, Dunleith, Dubuque, Beloit, Janesville, and intermediate places. 4 [illegible] pm for Elgin, Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Beloit and Janesville. At 5:30 pm for Geneva, Elgin, and intermediate places. Passengers for McHenry, Richmond, Geneva Lake and intermediate points, will take the 4 [illegible] pm. train. Sleeping cars on night trains. E. R. TALCOTT, General Supt. H. H. PORTER, Gen. Passenger Agent.

CHICAGO & NORTHWEST'N RAILWAY. Change of Time to Northwest. On and after MONDAY, April 9th, trains on Chicago and Northwestern Railway will leave Chicago as follows: Day express 9.30 a.m., afternoon accomodation 4.00 p.m.; night express, 9.40 p.m. GEO. L. DUNLAP, Superintendent.

LARD OIL.—We keep constantly on hand a supply of No. 1 Winter Strained Oil, and are prepared to furnish Railroad Companies, and the trade, at a low rate. SHACKFORD & HOW, No. 3 Board of Trade Buildings.